# STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION BIHAR

Scheme of Teaching and Examinations for

## VI<sup>th</sup> SEMESTER DIPLOMA IN AUTOMOBILE/MECHANICAL ENGINEERING (AUTO)

(Effective from Session 2020-21 Batch)

## **THEORY**

Sr. No.         SUBJECT         SUBJECT CODE         Week CODE         of Exam. Assessment (TA) Marks A Marks A Marks A Marks A Marks CODE         Test (CT) Marks A Marks CODE         Semester Exam (A+B+C) Marks CODE         Marks A Marks in the Subject           1.         Entrepreneurship and Start-ups         2000601         03         03         10         20         70         100         28         40         03           2.         Hybrid Vehicles         2033602         04         03         10         20         70         100         28         40         04           3.         Transport Management         2033603         04         03         10         20         70         100         28         40         04           4.         Open Elective-I         03         03         10         20         70         100         28         40         03           Alternate Energy Sources And Management (2033604A)         Automobile Component Design (2033604B)         Disaster Management (2015604B)           5.         Open Elective-II / COE         03         03         10         20         70         100         28         40         02           Indian Constitution (2000605A)         Operations Research (2025605B)         Project Manageme				TEACHING SCHEME				EXAMIN	ATION SC	HEME		
2.         Hybrid Vehicles         2033602         04         03         10         20         70         100         28         40         04           3.         Transport Management         2033603         04         03         10         20         70         100         28         40         04           4.         Open Elective-I         03         03         10         20         70         100         28         40         03           Alternate Energy Sources And Management (2033604A)         Automobile Component Design (2033604B)         Disaster Management (2015604B)           5.         Open Elective-II / COE         03         03         10         20         70         100         28         40         02           Indian Constitution (2000605A)         Operations Research (2025605B)         Project Management (2015605B)           Artificial Intelligence         Internet of Things (Advance)         Drone Technology (Advance) (2000605D)         3D Printing & Design (Advance)		SUBJECT				Assessment (TA)	Test (CT) Marks	Semester Exam (ESE)	Marks		Marks in the	Credits
Alternate Energy Sources   Automobile Component Design (2033604B)   Disaster Management (2015604B)	1.	Entrepreneurship and Start-ups	2000601	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
Alternate Energy Sources   Automobile Component Design (2033604B)   Disaster Management (2015604B)	2.	Hybrid Vehicles	2033602	04	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	04
Open Elective-I 03 03 10 20 70 100 28 40 03  Alternate Energy Sources And Management (2033604A)  5. Open Elective-II / COE 03 03 10 20 70 100 28 40 02  Indian Constitution (2000605A) Operations Research (2025605B) Project Management (2015605B)  Artificial Intelligence Internet of Things (Advance) Drone Technology (Advance) (2000605D) 3D Printing & Design (Advance)	3.	Transport Management	2033603	04	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	04
And Management (2033604A)  5. Open Elective-II / COE  03 03 10 20 70 100 28 40 02  Indian Constitution (2000605A) Operations Research (2025605B) Project Management (2015605B)  Artificial Intelligence Internet of Things (Advance) Drone Technology (Advance) (2000605D) 3D Printing & Design (Advance)	4.	4. Open Elective-I		03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
Indian Constitution (2000605A)  Operations Research (2025605B)  Artificial Intelligence  Internet of Things (Advance)  Drone Technology (Advance) (2000605D)  3D Printing & Design (Advance)				Automobile (	Componen	t Design (2	033604B)	Disaster M	lanagemen	t (201560	04B)	
Artificial Intelligence Internet of Things (Advance) Drone Technology (Advance) (2000605D) 3D Printing & Design (Advance)	5.	Open Elective-II / COE		03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	02
		Indian Constitution (2000605	(A)	Operati	Project Management (2015605B)				B)			
												vance)
Industrial Automation (Advance) (2000605F) Electric Vehicles (Advance) (2000605G) Robotics (Advance) (2000605H)	Industrial Automation ( <b>Advance</b> ) (2000605F) Electric Vo			Electric Ve	chicles (Ac	lvance) (20	00605G)	Ro	botics (Ad	vance) (	2000605H)	
Total: -17 350 500 16			Tota	1: - 17				350	500			16

## PRACTICAL

_	TEACHING SCHEME				EXAM	INATION-SCI	HEME		
Sr.	SUBJECT	SUB.JECT		Hours of	Practical		Total	Pass Marks	Credits
No.		CODE	Periods per	Exam.	Internal (PA)	External	Marks	In the	
			Week			(ESE)		Subjec	
6	04								
	Elective Lab / COE Lab		50% Physical	03	20	30	50	20	02
			50% Virtual						
Hybrid Vehicles Lab (2033608 A)  Artificial Intelligence (2000608B)					nce) LAB	Internet of Th	nings (Adv	vance) LAB (2	000608C)
Drone Technology ( <b>Advance</b> ) LAB 3D Printing & Design (2000608D) (2000608E)					nnce) LAB	Industrial Au (2000608F)	itomation	(Advance) LA	ΔB
	Electric Vehicles (Advance) LAB (2000608G) Robotics (Advance) LAB (2000608H)								
	Total: - 04 50 <b>02</b>							02	

## TERMWORK

Sr.		SUBJECT	TEACHING SCHEME	E	EXAMINATI	ON-SCHE	ME	
No.	SUBJECT	CODE	Periods per Week	Marks of Internal (PA)	Marks of External (ESE)	Total Marks	Pass Marks in the Subject	Credits
7.	Seminar	2025609	4	15	35	50	20	2
8.	Major Project	2025610	6	30	70	100	40	3
9.	Term Work		2	20	30	50	20	1
	Course Under Moocs /NPTEL/ Others TW (2025611)		Intelligence W (2000611B)	Internet of Things (A (2000611			hnology (Advar (2000611D)	nce) TW
	3D Printing & Design (Advance) TW (2000611E)		Automation W (2000611F)	Electric Vehicles (A (2000611	,		ics (Advance) ' (2000611H)	ΓW
	Total: -		12			200		06
Total	otal Periods per week Each of duration One Hour 33				Total Ma	rks = 750		24

# ENTREPRENEURSHIP AND START -UPS

		Theory		No of Period in one	session	n: 42	Credits
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
2000601	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	03
2000001	03	_	_	TA	:	10	03
				CT	:	20	

## **Course Objectives:**

The main aims of the course are to familiarize students with various concepts used in understanding processes involved in entrepreneurship and business formation and development.

- To acquire Entrepreneurial spirit and resourcefulness.
- To familiarize with various uses of human resource for earning dignified means of living.
- To understand the concept and process of entrepreneurship its contribution and role in the growth and development of individual and the nation.
- To acquire entrepreneurial quality, competency, and motivation.
- To learn the process and skills of creation and management of entrepreneurial venture.

## **CONTENTS: THEORY**

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs.
Unit-I	<ul> <li>Introduction to Entrepreneurship and Start – Ups</li> <li>Definitions, Traits of an entrepreneur, Entrepreneurship, Motivation</li> <li>Types of Business Structures, Similarities and differences between entrepreneurs and managers.</li> </ul>	06
Unit-II	Business Ideas and their implementation  • Discovering ideas and visualizing the business  • Activity map  • Business Plan	06
Unit-III	Idea to Start-up  • Market Analysis – Identifying the target market,  • Competition evaluation and Strategy Development,  • Marketing and accounting,  • Risk analysis	10
Unit-IV	Management  • Company's Organization Structure,  • Recruitment and management of talent.  • Financial organization and management	08
Unit-V	Financing and Protection of Ideas  • Financing methods available for start-ups in India  • Communication of Ideas to potential investors – Investor Pitch  • Patenting and Licenses	08
Unit-VI	Exit strategies for entrepreneurs, bankruptcy, and succession and harvesting strategy.	04
	Total	42 hrs.

#### **References:**

- 1. The Startup Owner's Manual: The Step-by-Step Guide for Building a Great Company, Steve Blank and Bob Dorf, K & S Ranch ISBN 978- 0984999392
- 2. The Lean Startup: How Today's Entrepreneurs Use Continuous Innovation to Create Radically Successful Businesses, Eric Ries, Penguin UK ISBN 978-0670921607
- 3. Demand: Creating What People Love Before They Know They Want It Adrian J. Slywotsky with Karl Weber, Headline Book Publishing ISBN 978- 0755388974
- 4. The Innovator's Dilemma: The Revolutionary Book That Will Change the Way You Do Business, Clayton M. Christensen, Harvard business ISBN: 978-142219602
- 5. Entrepreneurship and Start-ups, Ekta Sharma, FPH

#### **SUGGESTED SOFTWARE/LEARNING WEBSITES:**

- a. https://www.fundable.com/learn/resources/guides/startup
- b. https://corporatefinanceinstitute.com/resources/knowledge/finance/corporatestructure/
- c. https://www.finder.com/small-business-finance-tips
- d. https://www.profitbooks.net/funding-options-to-raise-startup-capital-for-your-business/

#### **Course outcomes:**

Upon completion of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO: 1 Understand the dynamic role of entrepreneurship and small businesses
- CO: 2 Organize and Manage a Small Business
- CO: 3 Plan the Financial strategy and Control
- CO: 4 Operate forms of Ownership for Small Business
- CO: 5 Make Strategic Marketing Planning
- CO: 6 Launch new Product or Service Development
- CO: 7 Conceive business Plan

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# **HYBRID VEHICLES**

Subject Code		Theory		No of Period in	one sess	sion: 56	Credits
2033602	No.	No. of Periods Per Week			:	100	04
	L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	
	04	_	_	TA	:	10	
	_	_	_	CT	:	20	

# **Course contents:**

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs
Unit-I	Introduction to Hybrid Electric Vehicles:	
	1. Evolution of Electric vehicles	
	2. Advanced Electric drive vehicle technology Vehicles-Electric vehicles (EV), Hybrid	
	Electric drive (HEV), Plug in Electric vehicle (PIEV)	
	3. Components used in Hybrid Electric Vehicle	8
	4. Economic and environmental aspects of Electric hybrid vehicle	
	5. Parameters affecting Environmental and economic analysis	
	6. Comparative study of vehicles for economic, environmental aspects	
Unit-II	Dynamics of Hybrid and Electric Vehicles:	
	General description of vehicle movement	
	2. Factors affecting vehicle motion- Vehicle resistance, tyre ground adhesion, rolling	
	resistance, aerodynamic drag, equation of grading resistance, dynamic equation	
	3. Drive train configuration, Automobile power train, classification of vehicle power	
		10
	4. Performance characteristics of IC engine, electric motor, need of gear box	
	5. Classification of motors used in Electric vehicles	
	6. Basic architecture of hybrid drive trains, types of HEVs	
	7. Energy saving potential of hybrid drive trains	
	8. HEV Configurations-Series, parallel, Series-parallel, complex.	
U <b>nit-III</b>	DC & AC Electrical Machines:	
	1. Motor and Engine rating	
	2. Requirements	
	3 DC machines	10
	4. Three phase A/c machines	10
	5. Induction machines	
	6. Permanent magnet machines	
	7. Switched reluctance machines.	
Jnit-IV	DC-AC Inverter & Motors for EV and HEVs:	
	1. DC-AC Converters	
	2. Principle of operation of half bridge DC-AC inverter (R load, R-L load)	
		10
	4. Electric Machines used in EVs and HEVs, principle of operation, working & control	
	5. Permanent magnet motors, their drives, switched reluctance motor	
	6. Characteristics and applications of above motors	
J <b>nit-V</b>	Batteries:	
	1. Overview of batteries	
	2. Battery Parameters, types of batteries	
	3. Battery Charging, alternative novel energy sources-solar photovoltaic cells, fuel cells,	10
	super capacitors, flywheels	10
	4. Control system for EVs and HEVs, overview, Electronic control unit ECU	
	5. Schematics of hybrid drive train, control architecture	
	6. Regenerative braking in EVs	
	Total	48

## **Course outcomes:**

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following industry oriented COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

- CO 1 : Interpret the salient features of Hybrid electric vehicles.
- CO 2: Interpret the Dynamics of hybrid and Electric vehicles
- CO 3: Understand the electrical machine properties and classifications
- CO 4 : Maintain the DC-AC converters in EV applications
- CO 5 : Select the batteries for EV applications.

#### **References:**

- 1. A.K. Babu, Electric & Hybrid Vehicles, Khanna Publishing House, New Delhi (Ed. 2018)
- 2. Fuhs, A. E. Hybrid Vehicles and the Future of Personal Transportation, CRC Press
- 3. Gianfranco, Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Power Sources, Models, Sustainability, Infrastructure And The Market, Pistoia Consultant, Rome, Italy
- 4. Ehsani, M. Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory and Design, CRC Press
- 5. Husain, I. Electric and Hybrid Electric Vehicles, CRC Press
- 6. Chan C. C. and K. T. Chau, Modern Electric Vehicle Technology, Oxford Science Publication,
- 7. Lechner G. and H. Naunheimer, Automotive Transmissions: Fundamentals, Selection, Design and Application, Springer
- 8. Rashid, M. H. Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications, 3rd edition, Pearson
- 9. Moorthi, V. R. Power Electronics: Devices, Circuits and Industrial Applications, Oxford University Press
- 10. Krishnan, R. Electric motor drives: modelling, analysis, and control, Prentice Hall
- 11. Krause, O. P.; C. Wasynczuk, S. D. Sudhoff, Analysis of electric machinery, IEEE Press

# TRANSPORT MANAGEMENT

Subject Code	Theory			No of Period in one session	Credits		
2033603	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	100	04
	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	
	04	_	_	TA	:	10	
	_	_	_	CT	:	20	

## **CONTENTS: THEORY**

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs
Unit-I	Introduction to transport management	
	<b>1.1 Motor Vehicle Act:</b> Short titles used in MVA, Definitions, Terms regarding vehicle.	
	<b>1.2 Licensing of Drivers of Motor Vehicle:</b> Necessity, Age limit, Responsibility of	
	owners, Restriction on holding a driving license, General, Preliminary test and driving	
	test.	
	<b>1.3 Conductor's license:</b> Necessity, Eligibility, Documents required and rules for conductors.	
	<b>1.4 Registration of Vehicles:</b> Necessity, Where to be made, How to be made,	
	Temporary registration, Production of vehicle at the time of registration, Form and	
	manner of display of registration mark, Size of letters and numerals of registration mark, Transfer of Ownership of Motor Vehicle.	14
	<b>1.5 Control of Transport:</b> Transport authorities, Difference between STA & RTA,	
	Necessity of Permit, All types of Permit, Transfer of permit, Temporary permit, Tourist permit, National permit. Speed limits.	
	<b>1.6 Construction of Motor Vehicle:</b> Overall dimensions, General provision regarding	
	construction and maintenance of motor vehicle. Power of central government to make	
	rules.	
	<b>1.7 Taxation:</b> Objectives, Basis of taxation, Methods of levying tax, Tax exemption.	
	<b>1.8 Insurance:</b> Motor Vehicle Insurance, No-fault liability, Procedure for accident	
	claim.	
<b>Unit-II</b>	Transport Management:	
	Part A	
	<b>2.1 Terms used in transportation:</b> Road transport service, Transport vehicle,	
	Public service vehicle, Goods vehicle, Public place, Depot, Route, Trip, Time	
	table, Vehicle schedule, Fare.	
	2.2 Comparison of Modes of transport.	
	2.3 Requirements of goods and passenger transport on the basis of-Volume,	
	type, weight of material; class of passenger.	
	2.4 Basic elements in Transport Management:	12
	2.4.1 Market potential: Type of goods/ passengers, Period of use, Probable	
	competition.	
	2.4.2 <b>Selection of vehicle:</b> Type of load, Class of passenger, Type of service.	
	2.4.2 Organization setup: Govt., Semi Govt., Private.	
	2.4.4 <b>Legal compliance:</b> Documents required as per MVA, Registration.	
	2.4.5 <b>Policies of transport organization:</b> Policies towards passenger,	
	employees, like Long distance service, Express service, Night service and others.	
	2.4.6 <b>Layout of organization:</b> Location, elements considered in location,	

	Driving and age, stress due to traffic jam, night driving.	
	<ul><li>4.5 Rain and flood, fog and mist, snow and ice,</li><li>4.6 Fitness to drive:</li></ul>	
	4.4 Defensive driving:	
	accident and remedies. 4.3 Measures to avoid accidents	
	Mandatory signs, Cautionary signs, Informatory signs. Traffic signals. Causes of	8
	4.2 Traffic signs:	
	maintenance, first aid.	
	Driving theory, traffic education, light vehicle driving practice, Vehicle mechanism & repair, public relations for drivers, Fire hazards, vehicle	
	4.1 Instructions in driving of motor vehicle:  Driving theory, traffic advection, light vehicle driving practice. Vehicle	
<b>Unit-IV</b>	Driving skills:	
	Documentation, Selling price, Safeguards.	
	When to sell, how to sell, Auctions, Garages, Private sale, Preparing the car,	
	3.7 Preparations for selling:	
	Tyres, Switches &accessories, Lights, Chrome, Wiring, Steering, Hydraulic System, Structural corrosion, Floor, Test drive.	
	Exhaust, Battery, Odometer, Bonnet, Crash damage, Rust, Suspension damage,	
	Factors to be considered Depreciation, Model and year, Oil leak, Oil Pressure,	
	Auctions.	
	When & where to buy: Dealers, used car firms, Private sellers, Garages,	
	3.6 Buying a used vehicle:	10
	Controls, Bonnet, Suspension, Switches, Seat, Noise, Ventilation, Safety, Boot, Interior Storage.	10
	Closing the deal, running in. inspecting the vehicle, Points to check: test drive,	
	Ex-showroom price and on road price, use of vehicle, when and where to buy,	
	3.5 Buying a new vehicle: Factors to be considered -	
	defects, benefits of warranty system. Protection of law.	
	<ul><li>3.3 Accident survey report.</li><li>3.4 Importance of warranty system and protection of law: How to deal with</li></ul>	
	3.2 Procedure of survey and valuation of vehicle.	
	3.1 Role of surveyor.	
Unit-III	Estimation and Valuation of Vehicle:	
	of bookings, Use of Computer.	
	history card, Monthly operational sheet, Goods consignment note, various types	
	Toll, staff wages, Miscellaneous cost.  2.4.9 <b>Record keeping:</b> Log book, Trip operational sheet, Vehicle ledger, Truck	
	depreciation cost, insurance, interest on capital, variable cost, Hiring of trucks,	
	cubic feet tone method. Structure of fare, fixed cost- Maintenance cost,	
	2.4.8 Freight calculation: Time base, Distance base, Contract, per passenger,	
	calculation of number of buses.	
	Passenger amenities, infrastructural facilities.  2.4.7 <b>Scheduling:</b> Basic factors in bus, crew(staff) and maintenance scheduling, calculation of number of buses.	

	5.3 Working of Various State Transport Organizations. (MSRTC, BEST)	
Unit-VI	Functions & Role in Automobile Industry:	
	6.1 Various Research Organizations like- Central Institute of Road Transport.	
	6.2 Automotive Research Association of India.	4
	6.3 Vehicle Research, Development & Establishment. Central Road Research	4
	Institute.	
	6.4 Petroleum Conservation & Research Association	
	Total	56

#### **Reference Books:**

#### Titles of the Book - Name of Authors - Name of the Publisher

- 1. Passenger Amenities in STU Dr. P. Sudarsanam CIRT, Pune
- 2. Fare structure in STU Dr. P. Sudarsanam CIRT, Pune
- 3. Bus station Management Dr. P. Sudarsanam CIRT, Pune.
- 4. Bus & Crew scheduling Dr. P. Sudarsanam CIRT, Pune.
- 5. Industrial Organization & Management O.P. Khanna Dhanpat Rai & sons
- 6. Compedium of Transport Terms Dr. P.G. Patankar Director. CIRT, Pune
- 7. Vahan Mitra Bharat Kalaskar Sanjivini Prakashan, Pune
- 8. Airline Marketing and Management Stephan Shaw

Practical Transport management - And	drew Hastie
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# Open Elective I ALTERNATE ENERGY SOURCES AND MANAGEMENT

Subject Code	Theory			No of Period in one session : 42			Credits
2033604A	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	100	03
	L T P/S		ESE	:	70		
	03 — —		TA	:	10		
	_	_	_	CT	:	20	

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs
Unit-I	Introduction to Energy Sources	
	1.1 Introduction.	
	1.2 Major sources of energy: Renewable and Non-renewable.	
	1.3 Primary and secondary energy sources.	6
	1.4 Energy Scenario:	
	- Prospects of alternate energy sources.	
	- Need of Alternate energy sources.	
U <b>nit-II</b>	Solar Energy	
	2.1 Principle of conversion of solar energy into heat and electricity	
	2.2 Solar Radiation: Solar Radiations at earth's surface Solar Radiation Geometry: Declination,	
	hour angle, altitude angle, incident angle, zenith angle, solar azimuth angle	
	2.3 Applications of Solar energy: -	
	- Construction and working of typical flat plate collector and solar concentrating collectors	8
	and their applications, advantages and limitations	0
	- Space heating and cooling.	
	- Photovoltaic electric conversion.	
	- Solar distillation, Solar cooking and furnace.	
	- Solar pumping and Green House.	
	- Agriculture and Industrial process heat. (no derivations and numerical)	
J <b>nit-III</b>	Wind Energy	
	3.1 Basic Principle of wind energy conversion.	
	3.2 Power in wind, Available wind power formulation, Power coefficient, Maximum power	
	3.3 Main considerations in selecting a site for wind mills.	6
	3.4 Advantages and limitations of wind energy conversion.	U
	3.5 Classification of wind mills	
	3.6 Construction and working of horizontal and vertical axis wind mills, their comparison	
	3.7 Main applications of wind energy for power generation and pumping.	
Jnit-IV	Energy from Biomass	
	4.1 Common species recommended for biomass.	
	4.2 Methods for obtaining energy from biomass	
	4.3 Thermal classification of biomass a) Gasified, b) Fixed bed and fluidized	
	4.4 Application of gasifier	8
	4.5 Biodiesel production and application	
	4.6 Agriculture waste as a biomass	
	4.7 Biomass digester	
	4.8 Comparison of Biomass with conventional fuels	
Unit-V	Energy conservation and Management:-	
	5.1 Global and Indian energy market	
	5.2 Energy scenario in various sectors and Indian economy	_
	5.3 Need and importance of energy conservation and management	5
	5.4 Concept of Payback period, Return on investment (ROI),	
	5.5 Life cycle cost, Sankey diagrams, specific energy consumption.	

Unit-VI Energy Conservation Techniques	
6.1 Distribution of energy consumption	
6.2 Principles of energy conservation.	
6.3 Energy audit	
6.4 Types of audit	
6.5 Methods of energy conservation	
6.6 Cogeneration and its application	9
6.7 Combined cycle system	9
6.8 Concept of energy management	
6.9 Study of different energy management techniques like	
- Analysis of input	
- Reuse and recycling of waste	
- Energy education	
- Conservative technique and energy audit	
Unit-VII Economic approach of Energy Conservation	
7.1 Costing of utilities like steam, compressed air, electricity and water.	
7.2 Ways of improving boiler efficiency	6
7.3 Thermal insulation, Critical thickness of insulation.	
7.4 Waste heat recovery systems, their applications, criteria for installing unit.	
Total	48

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Non-conventional energy Resources Dr B.H.Khan Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Non-conventional energy sources G. D. Rai Khanna publication
- 3. Solar energy S. P. Sukhatme Tata McGraw Hill
- 4. Solar energy H. P. Garg Tata McGraw Hill
- 5. Power plant engineering Arrora Domkundwar Dhanpat Rai & co.
- 6. India- The energy sector P.H. Henderson Oxford University Press
- 7. Industrial energy conservation D. A. Ray Pergaman Press
- 8. Energy management handbook W. C. Turner Wiley Press
- 9. Non-conventional energy source K. M. Mittal –
- 10. Energy resource management Krupal Singh Jogi Sarup and sons
- 11. Renewable & novel energy sources S.L Sah
- 12. Renewable energy in non-technical language Ann Chambers

# **Elective I- AUTOMOBILE COMPONENT DESIGN**

Subject Code	Theory			No of Period in one session : 42			Credits
2033604B	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	100	03
	L T P/S		ESE	:	70		
	03	_	_	TA	:	10	
	_	_	_	CT	:	20	

**CONTENTS: THEORY** 

T	CONTENTS: THEORY	
Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs
Unit-I	Basic concepts of Design:-	
	1.1 Introduction to design	
	1.2 Classification of design	
	1.3 Design consideration	
	1.4 Design procedure	
	1.5 Stress analysis:	
	1.5.1 Types of external loads	
	1.5.2 Types of induced stresses: tensile, compressive, shear, Crushing and bearing	
	pressure, bending, torsion, thermal stresses, creep, proof stresses, resilience, principal	
	stresses	
	1.5.3 Stress – strain diagram for ductile & brittle material & it's importance	
	1.5.4 Variable stresses in machine parts, fatigue & endurance limit, stress – time	
	diagrams for variable stresses	
	1.5.5 Working stresses for static load, variable or fatigue load 1.5.6 Factor of safety,	4.6
	selection of factor of safety.	16
	1.5.7 Stress concentration causes and remedies	
	1.5.8 Introduction to theories of failure –Maximum principle stress theory, Maximum	
	shear stress theory, and Distortion energy theory.	
	1.5.9 Selection of material and justifications for Automobile components. Advanced	
	Materials for automotive components	
	1.6.1 Concept of standardization, Preferred numbers & interchangeability in design	
	practice.	
	1.6.2 Common types of fasteners with their applications - Through Bolts, tap bolts,	
	studs, cap screws, and machine screws, designation of screw thread according to I.S.,	
	stresses in screw fasteners, Bolts of uniform strength.	
	1.6.3 Bearings-Classification, location in Automobiles systems & selection of bearings	
	1.6.4 Post design aspects - Ergonomic aspect, Aesthetic consideration (shape, color,	
	surface finish) for Automobile	
Unit-II	Design of machine elements:-	
	2.1 Design of socket & spigot type cotter joint.	
	2.2 Design of knuckle joint	6
	2.3 Design of Turn buckle	
	2.4 Applications of above machine elements in an automobile.	
Unit-III	Design of shafts, keys & Couplings:-	
	3.1 Conceptual understanding of shaft, axles & spindles.	
	3.2 Design of shaft for torsion, rigidity, bending, combined Torsion & bending.	
	3.3 Comparison of solid & hollow shafts.	10
	3.4 Design of propeller shaft, whirling & critical speed.	
	3.5 Design of rear axle.	
	3.6 Types of keys, design of sunk rectangular key, woodruff key.	

	3.7 Effect of keyways on shaft.	
	3.8 Design of couplings- muff, flange, and bush pin type flexible.	
<b>Unit-IV</b>	Design of levers:-	
	4.1 Types of levers	
	4.2 Design of	
	4.2.1 rocker arm,	6
	4.2.2 bell crank lever,	
	4.2.3 hand lever	
	4.2.4 Pedals for rectangular cross-section & fulcrum pin only.	
Unit-V	Design of Chassis Component:-	
	5.1 Design of clutch- Single plate & Multi plate.	10
	5.2 Teeth calculation of gears for sliding mesh/constant mesh gear box for given data.	10
	5.3 Design of semi elliptical leaf spring, helical spring - torsion & compression	
Unit-VI	Design of engine components:-	
	6.1 Data of engine specifications and calculations of cylinder dimensions for given	
	power	
	6.2 Design of cylinder head thickness and bolts	
	6.3 Design of valve seat & valve lift	
	6.4 Design of piston crown by bending strength and thermal considerations.	16
	6.5 Design of piston rings and skirt length	
	6.6 Design of piston pin for bearing, bending & shear considerations	
	6.7 Design of connecting rod cross -section (I section).	
	6.8 Design of big end, cap and bolts.	
	6.9 Design of overhung crank shaft.	
	Total	48

Text / Reference Books:-							
Titles of the Book	Name of Authors	Name of the Publisher					
Machine Design	R.K.Jain	Khanna publication					
Machine Design	R.S.Khurmi & J.K.Gupta	Eurasia Publication House .					
Machine Design	Pandya & shah	Dhanpat rai & sons					
Machine Design	P C Sharma D K	S K KATARIA & sons					
	Aggarwal						
Auto design	R B Gupta	Satya prakashan					
Problems in Automobile Engineering	N.K Giri	Khanna publication					
Auto design problems	K M Aggarwal	Satya prakashan					
Automobile Design Vol,2,3	Griles						

**DISASTER MANAGEMENT** 

	Theory			No of Period in one session : 42			Credits
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
2015604B	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	03
2013004 <b>D</b>	03	_	_	TA	:	10	03
				CT	:	20	

## **Course Objectives:**

Following are the objectives of this course:

- To learn about various types of natural and man-made disasters.
- To know pre and post disaster management for some of the disasters.
- To know about various information and organizations in disaster management in India.
- To get exposed to technological tools and their role in disaster management.

CONTENTS: THEORY

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs
Unit-I	Understanding Disaster:	
	<ul> <li>Understanding the Concepts and definitions of Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Risk, Capacity  — Disaster and Development, and disaster management.</li> </ul>	06
Unit-II	Types, Trends, Causes, Consequences and Control of Disasters:  • Geological Disasters (earthquakes, landslides, tsunami); Hydro- Meteorological Disasters (floods, cyclones, lightning, thunder-storms, hail storms, avalanches, droughts, cold and heat waves) Biological Disasters (epidemics, pest attacks, forest fire);	10
	Technological Disasters (chemical, industrial, radiological, nuclear) and Manmade Disasters (building collapse, rural and urban fire, road and rail accidents, nuclear, radiological, chemicals and biological disasters) Global Disaster Trends – Emerging Risks of Disasters– Climate Change and Urban Disasters.	
Unit-III	Disaster Management Cycle and Framework:	
	<ul> <li>Disaster Management Cycle – Paradigm Shift in Disaster Management. Pre-Disaster – Risk Assessment and Analysis, Risk Mapping, zonation and awareness.</li> <li>During Disaster – Evacuation – Disaster Communication – Search and Rescue – Emergency Operation Centre – Incident Command System – Relief and Rehabilitation</li> </ul>	10
	Post-disaster – Damage and Needs Assessment, Restoration of Critical Infrastructure– Early Recovery – Reconstruction and Redevelopment.	
Unit-IV	Disaster Management in India:	
	<ul> <li>Disaster Profile of India – Mega Disasters of India and Lessons Learnt.</li> <li>Disaster Management Act 2005.</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>National Policy on Disaster Management, National Guidelines and Plans on Disaster Management.</li> <li>Role of Government (local, state and national), Non-Government and Inter Governmental Agencies</li> </ul>	10
Unit-V	Applications of Science and Technology for Disaster Management:	0.0
	<ul> <li>Geo-informatics in Disaster Management (GIS, GPS and RS). Disaster Communication System (Early Warning and Its Dissemination).</li> </ul>	06
	S&T Institutions for Disaster Management in India.	
	Total	42 hr

#### **References:**

- 1. Publications of National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) on Various Templates and Guidelines for Disaster Management
- 2. Bhandani, R.K., An overview on natural & manmade disasters and their reduction, CSIR, NewDelhi
- 3. Srivastava, H.N.,and Gupta G.D., Management of Natural Disasters in developing countries, Daya Publishers, Delhi
- 4. Alexander ,David ,Natural Disasters ,Kluwer Academic London
- 5. Ghosh ,G.K., Disaster Management ,APH Publishing Corporation
- 6. Murthy,D.B.N.,Disaster Management :Text & Case Studies , Deep & Deep Pvt. Ltd.

#### **Course outcomes:**

After completing this course, student will be able to:

- CO: 1 Acquaint with basic information on various types of disasters
- CO: 2 Know the precautions and awareness regarding various disasters
- CO: 3 Decide first action to be taken under various disasters
- CO: 4 Familiarize with organization in India which are dealing with disasters
- CO: 5 Select IT tools to help in disaster management

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## **Open Elective-II / COE**

## **INDIAN CONSTITUTION**

	Subject Code	Theory			No of Period in one session : 42			Credits
Ī	2000605A	No. of Periods Per Week			Full Marks	:	100	02
		L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	
Ī		03	_	_	TA	:	10	•
		_	_	_	CT	:	20	•

## **Course Learning Objectives:**

- ☐ To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- ☐ To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary
- To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court, controller and auditor general of India and election commission of India.
- To understand the central and state relation, financial and administrative

## **CONTENTS: THEORY**

Unit	Name of Topics	Hrs
Unit-I	The Constitution - Introduction	
	<ul> <li>The History of the Making of the Indian Constitution</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Preamble and the Basic Structure, and its interpretation</li> </ul>	08
	<ul> <li>Fundamental Rights and Duties and their interpretation</li> </ul>	
	• State Policy Principles	
Unit-II	Union Government	10
	• Structure of the Indian Union	
	<ul> <li>President – Role and Power</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Prime Minister and Council of Ministers</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Lok Sabha and Rajya Sabha</li> </ul>	
Unit-III	State Government	00
	• Governor – Role and Power	08
	<ul> <li>Chief Minister and Council of Ministers</li> </ul>	
	State Secretariat	
Unit-IV	Local Administration	00
	District Administration	08
	Municipal Corporation	
	• Zila Panchayat	
Unit-V	Election Commission	08
	<ul> <li>Role and Functioning</li> </ul>	
	Chief Election Commissioner	
	State Election Commission	
	Total	42 hrs

#### **References:**

- 1. Ethics and Politics of the Indian Constitution Rajeev Bhargava Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 2008
- 2. The Constitution of India B.L. Fadia Sahitya Bhawan; New edition (2017)
- 3. Introduction to the Constitution of India DD Basu Lexis Nexis; Twenty-Third 2018 edition

## **Suggested Software/Learning Websites:**

- a. https://www.constitution.org/cons/india/const.html
- b. http://www.legislative.gov.in/constitution-of-india
- c. https://www.sci.gov.in/constitution
- d. https://www.toppr.com/guides/civics/the-indian-constitution/the-constitution-of-india/

#### **Course Outcomes:**

After completing this course, student will be able to:

- CO 1: To Enable the student to understand the importance of constitution
- CO 2: To understand the structure of executive, legislature and judiciary
- CO 3: To understand philosophy of fundamental rights and duties
- CO 4: To understand the autonomous nature of constitutional bodies like Supreme Court and high court, controller and auditor general of India and election commission of India.

CO 5: To understand the central and state relation, financial and administrative

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## **OPERATIONS RESEARCH**

Subject Code		Theory		No of Period in one session	Credits		
2025605B	No.	of Periods Per W	eek	Full Marks	:	100	02
	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	1
	03		_	TA	:	10	
	_			CT	:	20	

#### **Course objectives:**

- To understand and analyze managerial problems in industry so that they are able to use resources (capitals, materials, staffing, and machines) more effectively.
- To acquire knowledge of formulating mathematical models for quantitative analysis of managerial problems in industry.

#### **CONTENTS: THEORY**

Unit	Name of Topics
Unit-I	1.1 Development: Definition, Characteristics and phase of Scientific Method, Types of models;
	<b>1.2</b> General methods for solving operations research models.
Unit-II	2.1 Allocation: Introduction to linear programming formulation, graphical solution.
	2.2 Simplex Method, artificial variable technique, Duality principle. Sensitivity analysis.
Unit-III	3.1 Transportation Problem: Formulation; Optimal solution; Unbalanced Transportation problems; Degeneracy;
	<b>3.2</b> Assignment problem: Formulation; Optimal solution.
Unit-IV	<b>4.1 Sequencing:</b> Introduction; Terminology; Notations and Assumptions; Problems with n-jobs and two machines; Optimal sequence algorithm; Problems with n-jobs and three machines.
Unit-V	<b>5.1 Theory of games:</b> Introduction; Two- person zero-sum games; The Maximum– Minimax principle; Games without saddle points; Mixed Strategies; 2 x n and m x 2 Games;
	<b>5.2</b> Graphical solutions; Dominance property; Use of L.P. to games

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Operations Research: Principles and Applications G.Srinivasan, PHI Learning Private Limited.
- 2. Operations Research: An Introduction Hamdy A. Taha, Pearson.
- 3. Operations Research: Principles and Practice Ravindran, Phillips and Solberg, Wiley India
- 4. Operations Research: Concepts and Cases Hillier and Liberman, McGraw-Hill

#### **Course outcomes:** At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1 Recognize the importance and value of Operations Research and mathematical modeling in solving practical problems in industry.
- CO2 Formulate a managerial decision problem into a mathematical model.
- CO3 Understand Operations Research models and apply them to real-life problems.
- CO4 Understand and implement the Transportation Models and Assignment Models at work-place.
- CO5 Understand the characteristics of different types of decisions.

## PROJECT MANAGEMENT

		Theory		No of Period in one	Credits		
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
2015605B	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
	03	_	_	TA	:	10	02
				CT	:	20	

## **Course Objectives:**

Following are the objectives of this course:

- To develop an understanding of key project management skills and strategies.
- To make them understand the concepts of Project Management for planning and execution of projects.
- To make them understand the feasibility analysis in Project Management and network analysis tools for cost and time estimation.
- To enable them to comprehend the fundamentals of Contract Administration, Costing and Budgeting.
- To make them capable to analyze, apply and appreciate contemporary project management tools and methodologies in Indian context.

## **CONTENTS: THEORY**

Concept of a project:					
Classification of projects- importance of project management-	05				
The project life cycle, establishing project priorities (scope- cost-					
time) project priority matrix- work break down structure.					
Capital budgeting process:	10				
Planning, Analysis, Selection, Financing Implementation- Review.					
Generation and screening of project ideas-market and demand analysis,					
A *					
1 0					
	07				
profitability projected cash flow statement and balance sheet. Break even					
analysis.					
Basic techniques in capital budgeting:					
Non discounting and discounting methods- pay- back period- Accounting					
rate of return-net present value- Benefit cost ratio- internal rate of return.					
Project risk. Social cost-benefit analysis and economic rate of return. Non-					
financial justification of projects.					
Project administration:					
Progress payments, expenditure planning, project scheduling and network					
planning, use of Critical Path Method (CPM), schedule of payments and					
physical progress, time-cost trade off.	12				
Concepts and uses of PERT cost as a function of time, Project Evaluation					
_					
•					
* *	42 hrs				
	time) project priority matrix- work break down structure.  Capital budgeting process:  Planning, Analysis, Selection, Financing Implementation- Review. Generation and screening of project ideas-market and demand analysis, Demand forecasting techniques. Market planning and marketing research process- Technical analysis  Financial estimates and projections:  Cost of projects-means of financing- estimates of sales and production, cost of production-working capital requirement and its financing- profitability projected cash flow statement and balance sheet. Break even analysis.  Basic techniques in capital budgeting:  Non discounting and discounting methods- pay- back period- Accounting rate of return-net present value- Benefit cost ratio- internal rate of return. Project risk. Social cost-benefit analysis and economic rate of return. Non- financial justification of projects.  Project administration: Progress payments, expenditure planning, project scheduling and network				

#### **References:**

- 1. Project planning, analysis, selection, implementation and review Prasanna Chandra Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Project Management the Managerial Process Clifford F. Gray & Erik W. Larson McGraw Hill
- 3. Project management David I Cleland McGraw Hill International Edition, 1999
- 4. Project Management Gopala Krishnan McMillan India Ltd.
- 5. Project Management-Harry-Maylor-Pearson Publication

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO 1: Understand the importance of projects and its phases.
- CO 2: Analyze projects from marketing, operational and financial perspectives.
- CO 3: Evaluate projects based on discount and non-discount methods.
- CO 4: Develop network diagrams for planning and execution of a given project.

\*\*\*\*

A) Course Code : 2000605B/2000608B/2000611B

B) Course Title : Artificial Intelligence (Advance)

c) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Artificial Intelligence (Basic)

D) Rationale

In Artificial Intelligence (Basic) course, students have learned the basics for Artificial Intelligence problem solving techniques, data analytics and articulates the different dimensions of these areas. This Artificial Intelligence (Advance) course offers the students the comprehension of Machine learning which is a subsetof artificial intelligence in the field of computer. The course also exposes students to Tens or flow a Python-based open source library for numerical computation used in machine learning and developing neural networks. After completing the course students will be able to implement various techniques used in machine learning and neural networks using open source tools.

**E)** Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/ industry.

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Elaborate the use of Machine learning in Artificial Intelligence.
- CO-2 Implement various supervised and unsupervised learning models and methods.
- **CO-3** Illustrate Artificial neural networks and its applications.
- CO-4 Implement various Neural network models and Learning Methods.
- **CO-5** Solve machine learning and artificial neural network problems using Tens or flow.

### F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course Outcome s(COs)		Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs )							
s(COs)	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-1	PSO-2
	Basic and	Problem	Design/De			Project	Life		
	Discipline	Analysi	velopment	Tools	Practices for	Manageme	Long		
	Specific	S	of		Society,	nt	Learning		
	Knowledg		Solutions		Sustainabilityand				
	e				Environment				
CO-1	-	2	2	-	-	-	1		
CO-2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-3	-	3	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-4	3	1	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-5	3	3	3	3	-	-	2		

**Legend:** High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

<sup>\*:</sup> PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs isoptional

#### **G)** Teaching & Learning Scheme:

Boar	Cours	Cours	y					
dof Study	e Code	e Title	Instr	sroom uctio (CI) T	Lab Instructio n(LI)	Notiona lHours (TW+ SL)	Total Hour s (CI+LI+TW+ SL)	Tota l Credi t (C)
	2000605 B/20006 08B/200 0611B	Artificial intelligence (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05

#### Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits =  $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$ 

**Note:** TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

#### H) Assessment Scheme:

				Assessment Scheme (Marks)							
		Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work &Self- Learning		Lab A	(TA+TWA+LA)				
Boar	43	~	(1A)			Assessment (TWA)		(=)	TW		
dof Stu dy	Course Code	Cour se Titl e	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+		
	2000605 B/20006 08B/200 0611B	Artificial Intelligenc e (Advance	30	70	20	30	20	30	200		

#### Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

#### Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the

attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

# J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant Cos Number (s)
TSO 1a. Describe the basic terminology of Machinelearning TSO 1b. Explain the concept of dataset and ways to handle them TSO 1c. illustrate the process of dataset division TSO 1d. Explain process involved in machine learning	Unit – 1: Introduction to machine learning  Concept of Machine Learning, Define Learning, Learn the Network, Evaluate the Network, datasets and ways to handle them, Feature sets, Dataset division: test, train and validation sets, cross validation. Applications of Machine Learning, processes involved in Machine Learning	CO-1
TSO 2a. Identify the category or class of aparticular dataset using KNN algorithm  TSO 2b. Use Linear regression for predictiveanalysis  TSO 2c. Predict the categorical dependent variable using Logistic Regression  TSO 2d. Use SVM for classification problems inMachine Learning  TSO 2e. determine the performance of the classification models  TSO 2f. evaluate the performance of the classification model using ROC-curve  TSO 2g Explain characteristics of Unsupervised learning.  TSO 2h. Explain different clustering methods TSO 2i. Implement K-means clustering  algorithm to group the unlabeled dataset	Unit 2: Supervised and unsupervised learning Supervised learning: Introduction to Supervised Learning, K- Nearest Neighbor, Linear Regression, LogisticRegression, Support Vector Machine (SVM), Evaluation Measures: confusion matrix, precision, precision and recall, ROC- Curve (Receiver Operating Characteristic curve)  Unsupervised learning: Introduction to Unsupervised Learning, Introduction to clustering, Types of Clustering: Hierarchical, Agglomerative Clustering and Divisive clustering; PartitionalClustering - K-means clustering. Expectation-Maximization (EM) Algorithm	CO-2
TSO 3a. Explain Structure and working of BiologicalNeural Network. TSO 3b. differentiate between Artificial Neural Network and Biological Neural Network TSO 3c. State key historical points in development of ANN TSO 3d. Explain the architecture of an artificialneural network	Unit 3: Introduction to neural networks  Structure and working of Biological Neural Network, Fundamentals of Artificial Neural Networks & Applications, Characteristics of Artificial Neural Networks, History of neuralnetwork research, characteristics of neural networks terminology.	CO-3
TSO 4a. Use neuron McCulloch – Pitts model indesigning logical operations TSO 4b. Apply Rosenblatt's Perceptron to solve linear classification problems	Unit 4: Neural networks models and LearningMethods  Models of neuron McCulloch – Pitts model,	CO-4

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant Cos Number
TSO 4c. Implement Adaptive Linear Neuron (Adaline)training algorithm in neural network  TSO 4d. Use Backpropagation neural training algorithm  TSO 4e. Use ART (Adaptive Resonance Theory)learning model TSO 4f: Implement Bidirectional Associative Memory (BAM) model in Artificial Neural Network  TSO 5a. Illustrate the features of Tens or flow TSO 5b. Manipulate tensors TSO 5c. Explain features of Tens or Board visualization  TSO 5d Explain the concept and features of Tens or flow playground		(s) CO-5

**Note:** One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

# K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical: (2000608B)

Practical/Lab SessionOutcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSO 1.1 Implement data classification algorithms	1	Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.	CO-2
LSO 2.1 Implement Machine learning algorithms LSO 2.2 Evaluate the performance of classification model	2	(a) Implement SVM for Iris Dataset- download thedataset from (https://gist.github.com/netj/8836201)  (b) Find confusion matrix and evaluation matrix for SVM  Hint: SVM model can be constructed using sklearn command, import pandas as pd from sklearn.svm import SVC from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix from sklearn.metrics import classification_report from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score  1. Read the csv Iris dataset file 2. Condition the data 3. Condition the training and Testing data 4. Construct the Linear model 5. Test the model with Linear kernel	CO-2
		<ul><li>6. Prepare confusion matrix</li><li>7. prepare Classification Report</li></ul>	

Practical/Lab SessionOutcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSO 3.1 Perform clustering operations using k-means algorithm	3	a) Explore k-means algorithm for the small sample dataset.	CO-2
		b) Explore k-means algorithm for Iris Dataset	
LSO 4.1 Perform clustering operations using EM algorithm	4	Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.	СО-2
LSO 5.1 Build artificial neural networkLSO 5.2 Test artificial neural network	5	Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.	CO-4
LSO 6.1 Detect features or business intelligence in the input data using perceptron	6	Implement the perceptron algorithm from scratch in python.	CO-4
LSO 7.1 Use Tensors for given problems	7	Write a programme to implement two dimension and three-dimension Tensor.	CO5
LSO 8.1 Use basic features for tensor handling and manipulations	8	Write a programme to add and multiply two 4x4 matrix, you can Import "tens or flow" and "numpy".	CO5
LSO 9.1 Test artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms through the use of Google's TensorFlow machinelearning libraries.	9	Solve a classification problem on the Tens or flow playground.  Hint: refer https://www.educba.com/tensorflow-playground/	CO5
LSO 10.1 Implement artificial intelligence(AI) algorithms through the use of Google's TensorFlow machine learning libraries  LSO 10.2 perform predictive analysis using linear regression	10	Implement algorithm for linear regression in tens or flow	CO5, CO2

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611B): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
  - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

#### b. Micro Projects:

Use python programming for the solutions of Microproject problems

- 1. (a) Create a Bar plot to get the frequency of the three species of the Iris data.
  - (b) Create a Pie plot to get the frequency of the three species of the Iris data.
- (c) Write a Python program to create a graph to find relationship between the sepal length and width.
- 2. (a) Write a Python program to split the iris dataset into its attributes (X) and labels (y). The X variable contains the first four columns (i.e. attributes) and y contains the labels of the dataset.
  - (b) Write a Python program using Scikit-learn to split the iris dataset into 70% train data and 30% test data. Out of total 150 records, the training set will contain 120 records and the test set contains 30 of those records. Print both datasets.
- 3. Conduct performance analysis of Classification Algorithms (any 2) on a specific dataset.

M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix											
	Theory Asses	ssment	Term Worl	k Assessme	nt (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#						
COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessme nt(ETA)	I	Work & Se Learning Assessment	<del></del>	Progressive Lab	End Laboratory					
	Class/Mi dSem		Assignments	Micro Project	Other Activities	Assessment (PLA)	Assessment (ELA)					
	Test			s s	*	(2 222)	(22:1)					
CO-1	20%	15%	30%	20%	30%							
CO-2	10%	25%	20%	20%	20%	30%	33%					
CO-3	30%	25%	30%	20%	20%							
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	20%	30%	30%	33%					
CO-5	20%	15%	10%	20%		40%	34%					
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30					
Mark s				50								

#### Legend:

\* Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

\*\* : Mentioned under point- (N) # : Mentioned under point- (O)

#### Note:

• The percentage given are approximate

- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo	Relevan tCOs	Total Mark	ETA (Marks)		
	m Instructio n(CI) Hour s	Number (s)	s	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)
Unit-1.0. Introduction to machine learning	7	CO1	11	5	4	2
Unit-2.0. Supervised and unsupervised learning	10	CO2	18	5	6	7
Unit-3.0. Introduction to neural networks	10	CO3	17	5	7	5
Unit-4.0.Neural networks models and Learning Methods	8	CO4	14	3	3	8
Unit-5.0. Tensor flow	10	CO5	10	2	6	2
Total Marks	45		70	20	26	24

**Note:** Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

## O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		F	Relevant	PLA/ELA		
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles		COs Number( s)		mance PDA* *(%)	Viva - Voc
				(%)		e (%)
1.	Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbor algorithm toclassify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.		CO- 2	-	80	20
2.	(a) Implement SVM for Iris Dataset- download the dataset from(https://gist.github.com/netj/8836201) (b) Find confusion matrix and evaluation matrix for SVM		CO- 2	-	80	20
3.	<ul><li>a) Explore k-means algorithm for the small sample dataset.</li><li>b) Explore k-means algorithm for Iris Dataset</li></ul>		CO- 2	20	70	10
4.	Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.		CO- 2	-	80	20
5.	Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriatedata sets.		CO- 4	10	70	20
6.	Implement the perceptron algorithm from scratch in python.		CO- 4	10	70	20
7.	Write a programme to implement two dimension and three-dimension Tensor.		CO- 5	-	80	20
8.	Write a programme to add and multiply two 4x4 matrix, you can Import "tens or flow" and "numpy".		CO- 5	-	80	20
9.	Solve a classification problem on the Tens or flow playground.		CO- 5	20	70	10
10.	Implement algorithm for linear regression in tens or flow		CO- 2, CO- 5	10	70	20

#### Legend:

PRA\*: Process Assessment PDA\*\*: Product Assessment

**Note:** This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ ImplementationStrategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Group Discussion, Portfolio Based Learning, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

# P) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.	Name of	Broad Specifications	Relevant
No.	Equipment, Tools and Software		Experiment/Practic alNumber
1.	Computer Systems	Desktop Computers with i3 processor, 16 GB RAM, 512 GBHDD	S. No. 1 to 10
2.	Online Python IDE	https://www.online-python.com/	S. No. 1 to 10
3.	Jupyter Notebook	Download from https://jupyter.org/	S. No. 1 to 10
4.	Pip Python package manager	Download Pip 22.3 From https://pypi.org/project/pip/	S. No. 1 to 10
5.	Google colab	https://colab.research.google.com/github/tensorflow/docs/blob/master/site/en/tutorials/quickstart/beginner.ipynb#scrollTo=DUNzJc4jTj6G	S. No. 1 to 10
6.	Various modules, Libraries and Packages	Tens or flow, NumPy, Pandas, package	S. No. 1 to 10

# **R)** Suggested Learning Resources:

# (a) Books:

S.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.			
1.	Machine Learning using Python	Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar	Wiley, ISBN-10: 8126579900 ISBN-13: 978-8126579907
2.	Introduction to Machine Learning	Jeeva Jose	Khanna Book Publishing Co. (P) ltd, 2020.ISBN-10: 9389139066 ISBN-13: 978-9389139068
3.	Machine Learning for Dummies	John Paul Mueller and Luca Massaron, For Dummies,	For Dummies; 2nd edition,ISBN-10: 1119724015 ISBN-13: 978-1119724018
4.	Machine Learning	Rajeev Chopra	Khanna Book Publishing Co., 2021ISBN-10: 9789386173423 ISBN-13: 978-9386173423
6.	Learn TensorFlow 2.0: Implement Machine Learning and Deep LearningModels with Python	Pramod Singh, Avinashmanure	Apress, 978-1484255605 ISBN-10: 1484255607 ISBN-13: 978-1484255605
7	Artificial Intelligence: Concepts, Techniques and Applications	Alexis Keller	States Academic Press, <b>2022 ISBN</b> -9781649649245
8	Artificial Intelligence: An Introduction	Jacob Pearson	Willford Press 2022 ISBN 9781682860911
9	Fundamentals of Machine Learning	Mia Williams	Willford Press 2022 ISBN 9781682860920
10	Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach	Emilia Stones	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728525

#### (b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. NPTEL Course: Introduction to Machine Learning, Prof. Balaraman Ravindran, IIT Madras
- 2. https://www.tensorflow.org/resources/learn-ml
- 3. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/tensorflow/index.htm
- 4. https://www.javatpoint.com/tensorflow
- 5. https://developers.google.com/machine-learning/crash-course/exercises

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

#### (c) Others:

#### **Data Source:**

- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/auto-mpg/
- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/iris.data
- https://www.kaggle.com/arshid/iris-flower-dataset
- https://www.kaggle.com/rohankayan/years-of-experience-and-salary-dataset

## S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Sanjay Agrawal (Coordinator)
- Dr. R. K. Kapoor (Co-coordinator)

\*\*\*\*\*

**Course Code** : 2000605C/2000608C/2000611C A) B) **Course Title** : Internet of Things (Advance)

C) **Pre- requisite Course(s)** : IoT (Basics), Computer Networks

**Rationale** D)

> The rise and rise of IoT technologies is redefining business opportunities and process. This has led to a growing need to learn advance skills to remain competitive in the market. Put together, these are a potent combination of technologies that will dictate how our future is written, which is a strong indicator of rewarding job opportunities in those domains. Introduction of the Advanced IoT follows a rigorous curriculum which blends the academic excellence and industry-relevant applications.

This course will be exposed to a breadth of skills which will help students to become multi-faceted software engineers with a deeper understanding of these modern technologies, their applications, and interdependence.

Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the  $\mathbf{E}$ ) accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/ laboratory/ workshop/ field/ industry.

## After completion of the course, the students will be able

- **to-CO-1** Use basic Python features in Programming.
- **CO-2** Use advance Python features in Programming.
- **CO-3** Explain features of Cloud and IoT data storage on it.
- **CO-4** Explain IoT Networking and its application.
- **CO-5** Develop IoT App for the given problem

#### F) **Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):**

Course	Programme Outcomes(POs)								Programme SpecificOutcomes* (PSOs)	
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledg e	PO-2 Problem Analysi s	PO-3 Design/Deve lopment of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learnin g	PSO-1	PSO-2	
CO-1	3	3	2	2	-	2	-			
CO-2	3	3	2	2	=	2	-			
CO-3	1	-	3	2	2	2	2			
CO-4	1	-	2	3	-	2	2			
CO-5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3			

**Legend:** High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs

#### **G)** Teaching & Learning Scheme:

	Cours e Code	Cours e Title	Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)						
Boar dof Study			Classroo m Instructio n (CI ) L T		Lab Instructio n(LI)	Notiona lHours (TW+ SL)	ours Hour W+ s		
	2000605 C/200060 8C/20006 11C	IoT (Advance	03	-	04	02	09	05	

#### Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, Online educational resources etc.

C: Credits =  $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$ 

**Note:** TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

#### **H)** Assessment Scheme:

			Assessment Scheme (Marks)							
Boar dof Study	<u>ခ</u> ု မ	Cours e	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment (TWA		Lab Assessme nt(LA)		-TWA+LA)	
Study		Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive LabAssessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)	
	2000605 C/20006 08C/200 0611C	IoT (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200	

#### Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

## Note:

- · Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction

(LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs)
Dession Outcomes (150s) and Lao Bession Outcomes (L50s) reading to attainment of Course Outcomes (C0s)

upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

# J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs
		Number(s)
TSO.1. a. Write the steps to install Python. TSO.1. b. Explain given types of variables in python. TSO.1.c. Explain use and importance of Tuple, Dictionary, operators in python TSO.1. d. Explain use of array in python. TSO.1. e. Explain use of 2-Dimensional Array in python TSO.1. f Explain uses of given type of Conditional statement in python.	<ul> <li>Unit-1.0 Python basics: -</li> <li>1.1 Installation of Python</li> <li>1.2 Variables, Print () function, Escape character sequence and run python Program</li> <li>1.3 Python Tuple, Dictionary, operators</li> <li>1.4 Python arrays, create, reverse and append data into it.</li> <li>1.5 Python 2 Dimensional arrays.</li> <li>1.6 Python Conditional statement.</li> </ul>	CO-1 and CO-5
TSO.2. a. Explain uses of given type of do & whileloops in python  TSO.2. b. Explain working of break, continue and pass statement in python  TSO.2.c. Write the benefits of using OOPmethodology in python.  TSO.2.d.Explain given type of string operation related to python.  TSO.2.e.Explain given function in python  TSO.2.f Explain use of Lambda function in python.	Unit 2. Python Advance: - 2.1 Python Do & while loops 2.2 Python break, continue, pass statements 2.2 Python OOPs Class, Object, Inheritance and Constructor 2.4 Python Strings Replace, Join, Split, Reverse, Uppercase, Lowercase, count, find, split and length 2.5 Python Functions, Built-in functions and user defined functions 2.6 Lambda function and uses	CO-1 and C05
TSO.3.a. Differentiate between Cloud and IoT cloud. TSO.3.b. Explain features of Cloud in IoT environmentTSO.3.c. List features of various types of Cloud TSO.3.d. List features of cloud services like SaaS, PaaS and IaaS TSO.3.f List advantages of cloud data storage. TSO.3.g Explain Arduino architecture and its applications. TSO.3.h Explain Raspberry pi architecture and its applications.	Unit-3.0 Cloud features: - 3.1 Cloud computing and IoT cloud 3.2 Benefits of cloud in IoT 3.3 Types of Cloud public, private and hybrid 3.4 Cloud services like SaaS, PaaS and IaaS 3.5 Cloud connectivity and Data storage on Cloud. 3.6 Arduino: Architecture, Programming, and Applications 3.7 Raspberry Pi Architecture, Programming, and Application basic level for IoT applications	CO-1, CO-2 and CO-5
TSO.4.a. Explain wired network TSO.4.b.Explain short range wireless networkTSO.4.c.Explain M2M communication TSO.4.d.Explain various generation of wireless network TSO.4.e.Explain the importance of LWPAN in IoT TSO.4.f Differentiate between SigFox & LoRaWANTSO.4.g Explain use of NB-IOT (Narrow Band IOT) TSO.4.h Create heterogenous network using RFID.	Unit.4 IoT Networking and Application: - 4.1 Wired and short-range wireless network 4.2 M2M – 2G, 3G, 4G & 5G networks 4.3 LPWAN – Low Power Wide Area Networks 4.4 SigFox & LoRaWAN. 4.5 NB-IOT (Narrow Band IOT) 4.6 RFID and Bar code basics- Components of an RFIDsystem-Data -Tags-Antennas- Connectors-Cables- Readers- encoder/ printers for smart labels- Controllers software 4.7 RFID advantages over Bar codes.	CO-1 and CO-4
TSO.5.a. Identify suitable framework for IoT app development	Unit. 5 IoT App Development: - 5.1 Framework selection for IoT app development	CO-4 and

		CO 5
		CO-5
1		

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO.5.b. Identify various stages of selected app	5.2 Identify stages of app to be developed.	
TSO.5.c. Develop the app.	5.3 Develop, Implement, and Deploy the App	
TSO.5.d. Implement and deploy the app	5.4 Testing and Integration 5.5 Maintain and improve	
TSO.5.e Maintain and improve the app based on the feedback	•	

**Note:** One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

# $K)\ \ Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608C):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 1.1 Python installation LSOs 1.2 Prepare and run python program on given problem LSOs 1.3 Prepare python program on Dictionary, Tuple and operators. LSOs 1.4 Prepare program on arrays LSOs 1.5 Prepare a program on 2-dimensional array LSOs 1.6 Create program on conditional statement	1.	<ol> <li>1.1 Install given version of Python on the computer system.</li> <li>1.2 Prepare a python program using print() function and run it.</li> <li>1.3 Access given value from the tuple</li> <li>1.4 Print the given value of key from the dict.</li> <li>1.5 Write a Python program to create an array of 5 integers and display the array items. Access individual element through indexes</li> <li>1.6 Write a Python program which takes two digits m (row) and n (column) as input and generates a two-dimensional array.</li> <li>1.7 Write a python program to check whether person is eligible for voting or not. (accept age from the user)</li> <li>1.8 Write a python program to check whether the entered number is even or odd.</li> <li>1.9 Write a python program to check whether entered number is divisible by another entered number.</li> <li>1.10 Write a python program to display "Yes" is entered number is divisible by 5 otherwise display "No"</li> </ol>	CO-1
LSOs 2.1 Prepare python program on Do & while loopsLSOs 2.2 Prepare python program on break and continue statement.  LSOs 2.3 Prepare Python program using break and continue statements  LSOs 2.4 prepare python program using OOP  LSOs 2.5 Prepare Python program using functions	2.	<ul> <li>2.1 Prepare a python program which can print first 10 even and odd numbers using while statement</li> <li>2.2 Write a python program which can print first 10 integers and its square using while/for loop.</li> <li>2.3 Write a python program which can print sum of first 10 natural numbers using while/for loop.</li> <li>2.4 Write a python program which can identify the prime number between the range given using while/for loop.</li> <li>2.5 Consider a situation where you want to iterate over a string and want to print all the characters until a letter 'e' or 's' is encountered. It is specified</li> </ul>	CO-2

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)		Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
		that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use.  2.6 Consider the situation when you need to write a program which prints the number from 1 to 10 and but not 6. It is specified that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use.  2.7 Create a Class with instance attributes  2.8 Create a Vehicle class without anyvariables and methods  2.9 Write a Python function to find the Max of three numbers.  2.10 Write a Python program to reverse a string.	
LSO 3.1 Signup for free cloud storage LSO 3.2 Store data into cloud and retrieve it.	3.	<ul><li>3.1 Create a free cloud account</li><li>3.2 Store data on cloud and retrieve it</li></ul>	CO-3
LSO 4.1 Design various types of network cablesLSO 4.2 Connect computer in LAN. LSO 4.3 Connect devices using wireless networkLSO 4.4 Connect machine with machine LSO 4.5 Connect devices using IEEE 802LSO 4.6 Connect devices using LPWAN LSO 4.7 Connect devices using RFID	4	4.1 Study of different types of Network cables and Practically implement the crosswired cable and straight through cable using clamping tool. 4.2 Connect the computers in Local Area Network 4.3 Connect 2 or more devices using Bluetooth 4.4 Connect 2 or more devices using infrared 4.5 Connect 2 more machine using m2m 4.6 Connect 2 or more different devices using access point 4.7 Connect 2 devices using LPWAN (SmartMeter) 4.8 Connect 2 or more devices using RFID	CO-4
LSO 5.1 Develop a IoT app LSO 5.2 Develop IoT applications using smartphones.	5.	5.1 Identify a problem and develop an app 5.2 Building a temperature monitoring system using sensors and Smartphone	CO-5

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611C): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projectand other activities are mentioned here for reference.
  - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

#### b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare a report on Python programming language.
- 2. Develop a small software in python to solve a IoT data analysis.
- 3. Create a id on free cloud storage and share data on it for others.
- 4. Create a heterogenous network and connect different dives.
- 5. Create a an IoT app for the identified problem

#### c. Other Activities:

1. Seminar Topics: - "Future of wireless network."

- 2. "Smart electricity billing", "Cloud computing and IoT"
- 3. Visit to industry for IoT implementation in industrial process.
- 4. Reading RFID cards using 8051- RFID in the supply chain- Vehicles parking using RFID- library managementsystem- electronic toll payment- smart shipping containers fleet monitoring and management.
- 5. Building IoT Applications like pressure, air quality, temperature and motion detector using Arduino and raspberry-pi Universal boards.
- 6. Surveys of market for availability of various types of network devices and its pricing.
- 7. Product Development: Development of projects for real life problem solution app.
- 8. Software Development: Using Python

## d. Self-learning topics:

- 1. Deeper knowledge in Python features
- 2. Network devices and its capabilities
- 3. Advantages of IoT implementations
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evolution										
	Course Evaluation										
	Matrix (TXXII)										
	Theory Assessment (TA)**		Term Work Assessment (TWA)			Lab Assessment (LA)#					
	Progressiv	End	Term Work & Self- Learning								
	eTheory	Theory									
COs	Assessment	Assessment		_	-4	Progressive	End				
	(PTA)	(ETA)	Assessment			Lab	Laboratory				
	Class/Mid	(====)	Assignment	Micro	Other	Assessment	Assessment				
	Sem Test		s	Project	Activities	(PLA)	(ELA)				
				S	*						
CO-1	10%	10%	20%		33%	10%	20%				
CO-2	15%	10%	20%		33%	15%	20%				
CO-3	30%	30%	20%		34%	15%	20%				
CO-4	20%	30%	20%	50%	==	30%	20%				
CO-5	25%	20%	20%	50%		30%	20%				
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30				
Mark			l	50							
S											

#### Legend:

- \*: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.
- \*\*: Mentioned under point- (N)
- #: Mentioned under point-(O)

#### Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

<b>Unit Title and Number</b>	Total Classroo	Relevan tCOs	Total Mark	ETA (Marks)					
	m Instructio n(CI) Hour	Instructio (s) n(CI)		Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)			
Unit-1. Python basics	5	CO1	7	2	2	3			
Unit-2. Python Advance	5	Co1, CO2	7	2	2	3			
Unit-3. Cloud features	14	CO3	21	8	8	5			
Unit-4. Networking and Application	14	CO4, C03	21	5	7	9			
Unit-5. IoT Applications	10	CO5, CO3 andCO4	14	3	6	5			
Total Marks	48		70	20	25	25			

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

# O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

				PLA/EL	A
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant	Perfor	mance	Viva
511	Laboratory Fractical Fittes	COs Number(s)	PRA* (%)	PDA* * (%)	- Voce (%)
1.	Install given version of Python the computer system.	CO-1	70	20	10
2.	Prepare a python program using print() function and run it.	CO-1	60	30	10
3.	Access given value from the tuple	CO-1	60	30	10
4.	Print the given value of key from the dict.	CO-1	60	30	10
5.	Write a Python program to create an array of 5 integers and display the array items. Access individual element through indexes	CO-1	60	30	10
6.	Write a Python program which takes two digits m (row) and n (column) as input and generates a two-dimensional array.	CO-1	60	30	10
7.	Write a python program to check whether person is eligible for voting or not. (accept age from the user)	CO-1	60	30	10
8.	Write a python program to check whether the entered number is even or odd.	CO-1	60	30	10
9.	Write a python program to check whether entered number is divisible by another entered number.	CO-1	60	30	10
10.	Write a python program to display "Yes" is entered number is divisible by 5 otherwise display "No"	CO-1	60	30	10
11.	Prepare a python program which can print first 10 even and odd numbers using while statement	CO-2	60	30	10

12	2.	Write a python program which can print first 10 integers and its	CO-2	60	30	10
		square using while/for loop.				

				A		
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant		rmance	Viva-	
511	Zasoratory Tractical Tracts	COs	PRA	PDA*	Voce	
		Number(s)	*	*	(%)	
1.2	With the Court of	GO 2	(%)	(%)	10	
13.	Write a python program which can print sum of first 10 natural numbers using while/for loop.	CO-2	60	30	10	
14.	Write a python program which can identify the prime number between the range given using while/for loop.	CO-2	60	30	10	
15.	Consider a situation where you want to iterate over a string and want to print all the characters until a letter 'e' or 's' is encountered. It is specified that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use.	CO-2	60	30	10	
16.	Consider the situation when you need to write a program which prints the number from 1 to 10 and but not 6. It is specified that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use.	CO-2	60	30	10	
17.	Create a Class with instance attributes	CO-2	60	30	10	
18.	Create a Vehicle class without any variables and methods	CO-2	60	30	10	
19.	Write a Python function to find the Max of three numbers.	CO-2	60	30	10	
20.	Write a Python program to reverse a string.	CO-2	60	30	10	
21.	Create a free cloud account	CO-3	70	20	10	
22.	Store data on cloud and retrieve it.	CO-3	60	30	10	
23.	Study of different types of Network cables and Practically implement the cross-wired cable and straight through cable using clamping tool.	CO-4	70	20	10	
24.	Connect the computers in Local Area Network	CO-4	70	20	10	
25.	Connect 2 or more devices using Bluetooth	CO-4	70	20	10	
26.	Connect 2 or more devices using infrared	CO-4	70	20	10	
27.	Connect 2 more machine using m2m	CO-4	70	20	10	
28.	Connect 2 or more different devices using access point	CO-4	70	20	10	
29.	Connect 2 devices suing LPWAN (Smart Meter)	CO-4	70	20	10	
30.	Connect 2 or more devices using RFID	CO-4	70	20	10	
31.	Identify a problem and develop an app	CO-5	70	20	10	
gond:	1	<u> </u>	1	l	1	

### Legend:

PRA\*: Process Assessment

PDA\*\*: Product Assessment

**Note:** This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/ Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

## Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.	Name of Equipment,	Broad Specification	Relevant
No.	Toolsand Software	Specification s	Experiment/Practic alNumber
1	Python software	Openly available as per instruction	As mentioned above list
2	Cables connecters and crimping tools	Cat 6e cable, RJ-45 connectors and Crimping Tool	-
3	Bluetooth and infrared devices	Any mobile and wireless keyboard and mouse	
4	IoT free cloud	Free available	
5	Smart devices	Like meters, bulbs etc.	-
6	Wireless access point	Wireless router or access point	
8	Arduino development board	Arduino Uno and Arduino Nano.	
6	Raspberry Pi	Raspberry Pi 4/ Raspberry Pi 3/ Raspberry Pi 2	

## **R)** Suggested Learning Resources:

### (a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1	Let Us Python	Kanetkar Yashavant	BPB Publications ISBN: 9789388511568, 9789388511568
2	IOT (Internet of things) and Its Application	P K Pandey	T Balaji Publication (1 January 2020) ISBN- 10:8194136385 ISBN-13: 978-8194136385
3	Raspberry Pi Cookbook: Software and Hardware Problems and Solutions	Simon Monk	Shroff/O'Reilly; Third edition (4 October 2019) ISBN-10: 9352139267 ISBN-13: 978- 9352139262
4	Raspberry Pi Cookbook: Software and Hardware Problems and Solutions,	Simon Monk	Shroff/O'Reilly; Third edition (4 October 2019) ISBN-10: 9352139267 ISBN-13: 978- 9352139262
5	Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture	Erl	Pearson Education India; 1st edition (1 January 2014) ISBN-10: 9332535922 ISBN-13: 978-9332535923
6.	Fundamentals of Internet of Things	Eden Scott	States Academic Press 2023 ISBN 9781649649235

7	Internet of Things	Alaina Wilson	Murphy & Moore Publishing 2023 ISBN 9781649872731
8	Principles of Internet of Things	Hallie Parker	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728312

#### (b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/.../IIT.../lecture%2023%20and%2024.htm
- 2. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shear\_and\_moment\_diagram
- 3. www.freestudy.co.uk/mech%20prin%20h2/stress.pdf
- 4. www.engineerstudent.co.uk/stress\_and\_strain.html
- 5. https://www.iit.edu/arc/workshops/pdfs/Moment\_Inertia.pdf
- 6. https://www.veritis.com/blog/aws-vs-azure-vs-gcp-the-cloud-platform-of-your-choice/
- 7. https://wiki.python.org/moin/TimeComplexity
- 8. www.engineerstudent.co.uk/stress\_and\_strain.html
- 9. https://www.iit.edu/arc/workshops/pdfs/Moment\_Inertia.pdf
  Amini, P. (2014). Sulley: Pure Python fully automated and unattended fuzzing frame- work.
  <a href="https://github.com/OpenRCE/sulley">https://github.com/OpenRCE/sulley</a>

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

#### (c) Others:

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. Lab Manuals

## S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

Dr. M. A. Rizvi (Coordinator)

\*\*\*\*\*

A) Course Code : 2000605D/2000608D/2000611D

B) Course Title : Drone Technology (Advanced)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Drone Technology (Basics)

D) Rationale

In previous semester, a course in drone technology broadly discussed about basic principles, functions and interface of different components and design simple drone structure. In order to understand the successive development of drones / UAVs in terms of their geometric structure, working methodology and navigation control etc., so it is important to study the advanced course on Drone Technology. This course includes the study of Static and dynamic force analysis on drone, advance flying features, navigation control, maintenance and advance applications of different types of drone.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

## After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Apply the concept of engineering mechanics for stability of drone.
- **CO-2** Design the structure of drone using GPS module and thermal Image camera.
- **CO-3** Operate drone using advance flight controller board.
- **CO-4** Perform drone maintenance and assembly.
- **CO-5** Use drone in advance applications like precision agriculture, security, IoT, etc.

## F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course		Programme Outcomes(POs)										
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Disciplin eSpecific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysi s	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2			
CO-1	3	-	-	=	=	-	-					
CO-2	2	2	-	3	3	-	-					
CO-3	2	2	3	3	=	-	-					
CO-4	3	-	-	3	-	-	-					
CO-5	-	2	2	-	-	3	2					

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

<sup>\*</sup> PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs isoptional

## **G)** Teaching & Learning Scheme:

Boar	Cours	Cours e Title	Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)							
dof Study	e Code		Instr	sroo n ructio n CI )	Lab Instructio n(LI)	Notiona lHours (TW+ SL)	Total Hour s (CI+LI+TW+ SL)	Total Credit s(C)		
	20006 05D/2 00060 8D/20 00611 D	Drone Technolog y (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05		

#### Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances /problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits =  $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$ 

**Note:** TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedbackof teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

#### H) Assessment Scheme:

	Course Code	Cours e Title				nt Scheme arks)			2
Boar			Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment(TWA)		Lab As nt	-TWA+L	
dof Stud y			Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive LabAssessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)
	2000605 D/20006 08D/200 0611D	Drone Technology (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

#### Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

#### Note:

Caparata	noccina	ic muct	for	nro grandina	and and	comostor	assessment	for	hoth :	thaom	and	proofice1	
Separate	passing	is musi	. 101	progressive	and end	semester	assessment	IOI	boun	meory	anu	practical.	

☐ ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.

Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty

should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction(LI), Term Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of TheorySession Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs)upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be be integrated appropriately.

## **J)** Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Maj	or Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number (s)
TSO 1a. TSO 1b. TSO 1c. TSO 1d. TSO 1e. TSO 1f.	Draw free body diagram of quadcopter drone.  Determine centroid of given drone structure.  Determine center of gravity of different drone structure.  Analyze different types of force acting drone system.  Differentiate between static and dynamic force analysis.  Explain how gyroscopic motion keepsdrone balanced and hovering.	Unit-1.0 Engineering mechanics for Dronetechnology  1.1 Drone Mechanics  • Free body diagram of drone  • Method of finding resultant of force system  • Equilibrium of coplanar force system  1.2 Center of Gravity  • Centroid of plane figure  • Center of gravity of solid bodies  1.3 Force analysis in drone  • Force analysis in drone  • Forces of flight  • Principle axes and rotation of aerial systems  1.4 Dynamics of machine  • Static and dynamic force analysis  • Gyroscopic motions	CO-1
TSO  2a.TSO  2b.  TSO 2c. TSO 2d.  TSO 2e.  TSO 2f.	Describe properties and application of smart materials use in UAV frame.  Calculate the diameter of the propeller for given drone frame size.  Determine size of quadcopter frame and diameter of propeller of drone  Describe working of GPS and its hardware interfacing.  Write steps to interface GPS module for drone navigation.  Describe different RF blocks and antennas used in RF transmitter and receiver.	Unit-2.0 Drone Frame and components  2.1 Drone frame design  Calculation principle for drome frame sizes  Quadcopter frame design  Smart materials for UAV frame Green material uses in drone  2.2 Advance Drones component  GPS, Interfacing of GPS hardware  Thermal and chemical sensor  Tilt and LiDAR sensor  2.3 RF transmitter and receiver  RF blocks  RF antennas  2.4 Micro-electromechanical systems (MEMS) based sensor  2.5 HD and thermal Image camera	CO-2
TSO 3a.	Identify features and specifications of FCBuse in different application	Unit-3.0 Advance flight controller Board (FCB)	CO-3

Maj	jor Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number (s)
TSO 3b. TSO 3c.TSO 3d. TSO 3e.TSO 3f.	Explain ports of any given advance flightcontroller board.  Write steps of software installation of flight controller board.  Describe installation and calibration steps of radio telemetry with FCB.  Write steps of calibration of accelerometer and ESC with FCB.  Describe interfacing of GPS with FCB.	3.1 Specification and ports of FCB  3.2 Software for FCB  Software installation  3.3 Radio Communication with FCB  Installation of Radio Telemetry  Radio Calibration with FCB  3.4 Calibration of accelerometer  3.5 Calibration of ESC  3.6 Interface of motor with FCB using ESC  3.7 GPS interface with FCB  3.8 Safety features of advance FCB	
TSO 4a.TSO 4b. TSO 4c.TSO 4d.	Describe challenges comes in drone maintenance.  Describe measuring devices and instrument use in drone maintenance.  Describe measuring instrument used to measure electrical parameters in drone.  Write sequence of steps use in assembling of drone.	Unit-4.0 Maintenance and assembling of Drone  4.1 Need and scope of drone maintenance  4.2 Types of maintenance  4.3 Routine drone maintenance and its checklist  • Recording basic details  • Structural inspection  • Battery check  • Software/firmware  4.4 Types of measuring instrument use in drone maintenance  4.5 Measurement of different electrical parameters related with drone hardware  4.6 Assembly of drones  • Concept of interchangeability  • Principle of gauging and their applicabilityin drone assembly  • Parameters and profile measurements of standard propellers  • Concepts of drone assembly using 3D modeling	CO-4
TSO 5a.TSO 5b. TSO 5c.	Describe function of autonomous drone using AI.  Describe IoT enable UAV for surveillanceand data gathering.  Explain drone applications based on cost saving, enhanced efficiency and profitability aspects.	Unit-5.0 Advance Drone Application  5.1 Application of AI in Drone Technology 5.2 IoT and Computer vision integrated Drone 5.3 Drone interface with smart-phone 5.4 Drone Applications in  Military Precision Agriculture	CO-5

**Note:** One major TSO may require more than one theory session/period.

# $K)\ \ Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608D):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSO 1.1 Use the force of gravity to compute the centre of gravity for a given drone structure.	1.	Determine Centre of gravity of different done structure.	CO-1
LSO 2.1 Develop skills of observation and interpreting phenomenal changes on Drone model for stability and hovering.	2.	Demonstrate gyroscopic effect on a drone model	CO-1
LSO 3.1 Draw various frame to be required in designing drone structure.  LSO 3.2 Use Measuring instrument in designing drone frame.  LSO 3.3 Choose suitable materials for making drone frame	3.	Compare different types of airframe structure like quadcopter frame (plus shape, cross shape and H-shape), hexacopter frame (hexa + and hexa S).	CO-2, CO- 4
LSO 4.1 Identify and measure the condition of sensors. LSO 4.2 Interface Tilt and LiDAR sensors in drone.	4.	Test Tilt and LiDAR sensors and their characteristics with Microcontroller based Flight controller board.	CO-2
LSO 5.1 Identify different component of GPS module LSO 5.2Measure and use signals from GPS moduleto determine latitude & longitude. LSO 5.3 Diagnose problems using appropriate instruments/tools related to GPS navigation.	5.	Demonstrate the interfacing of GPS module to drone navigation.	CO-2, CO- 3
LSO 6.1 Measure characteristics of HD and thermalImage camera.  LSO 6.2 Diagnose common problems related to HD and thermal Image camera.	6.	Test HD and thermal Image camera and their characteristics.	CO-2
LSO 7.1 Identify the characteristics of RF circuitblocks like amplifier, and filters.  LSO 7.2 Identity different antennas used.  LSO 7.3 Operate drone using RC transmitter and receiver.	7.	Identify, configure and operate 433MHz and 2.4 GHz RC transmitter and receiver.	CO-2
LSO 8.1 Test the different peripheral interconnections with FCB LSO 8.2 Troubleshoot advance Flight control board (FCB)	8.	Programming and configure of parameters in flight control board (FCB).	CO-3
LSO 9.1 Configure radio communication device tocontrol drones.  LSO 9.2 Operate drone using RC transmitter and receiver.	9.	Test and perform communication of advance Flight control board with RF transceiver.	CO-3, CO- 2
LSO 10.1 Measure various parameters of GPS system LSO 10.2 Interface GPS system with flight controller board.	10.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with GPS	CO-3, CO- 2
LSO 11.1 Configure HD and thermal image camera with drone.  LSO 11.2 Demonstrate use of HD and thermal image camera with FCB	11.	Test and troubleshoot HD and thermal image camera with advance FCB in drone.	CO-3, CO- 2

LSO 12.1 Measure voltage, current frequency using Digital Multimeter  LSO 12.2 Measure peak to peak voltage, time period, and duty cycle using DSO	12.	Measure various electric parameters in drone hardware	CO-4
and			
waveform generator.			

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 12.3 Measure unknown frequency and its level using spectrum analyzer.			
LSO 13.1 Inspect drone as per the given checklist LSO 13.2 Diagnose drone problems after flying of 50 and 100hrs	13.	Perform preventive maintenance of drone components	CO-4
LSO 14.1 Perform dismantle process of drone. LSO 14.2 perform services need for operation LSO 14.3 Check and Install different parts of thedrone system. LSO 14.4 Assemble drone component.	14.	Dismantle and service of different parts of drone system	CO-4

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611D): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projectand other activities are mentioned here for reference.
  - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in linewith the targeted COs.

## b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare maintenance report for small UAV.
- 2. Survey nearby electronics shop and Prepare report on types of drone frames and drone sensors available and its specification.
- 3. Prepare report of surveying & mapping of our institute using drone with HD and thermal image camera.
- 4. Prepare report on land and crops quality of nearby agriculture field using drone.
- 5. Prepare report on Identify and select different application drones like agriculture, Surveillance, Inspections and gathering Information for disaster management.
- 6. Download 5 videos on advance FCB of drone design. Watch them and write report on it.
- 7. Market survey on different types of FCB, its specification and specific application and prepare report.
- 8. Develop mission completion drone with the help of GPS based Advance FCB.

#### c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics-Drone stability using gyroscopic motion, Quadcopter frame, Green material use in drone design, GPS based drones, types of HD and thermal Image camera, Safety features in advance drone, Drone Assembling, Military drone.
- 2. Visits: Visit nearby small industry, Drone institute facilities. Prepare report of visit with special comments of advance drone technology used, material used, cost of printed component.
- 3. Surveys: Survey nearby electronics shop and Prepare report of list of advance drone components and its specification.
- 4. Product Development
- 5. Software Development

#### d. Self-learning topics:

- 1. Different types Drones frame
- 2. Overview of GPS technology
- 3. Different types of HD and thermal Image camera
- 4. Safety features in Drone
- 5. Advance drone application

M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix								
	Theory Asses	ssment (TA)**	Term W	ork Assess	ment (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#			
COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term	Work & Se Learning Assessmen		Progressive Lab	End Laboratory		
	Class/Mid		Assignment	Micro	Other	Assessment	Assessment		
	Sem Test		S	Project	Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)		
				S					
CO-1	15%	15%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%		
CO-2	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%		
CO-3	25%	25%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%		
CO-4	25%	25%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%		
CO-5	15%	15%	20%	20%	20%	-	-		
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30		
Mark s				50					

#### Legend:

\*: Other Activities include self- learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

\*\*: Mentioned under point- (N)

#: Mentioned under point-(O)

#### Note:

The percentage given are approximate

- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- ☐ For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo	Relevan tCOs	Total Mark	ETA (Marks)			
	m Instructio n(CI) Hour	Number (s)	S	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)	
Unit 1.0 Engineering mechanicsfor Drone Technology	8	CO-1	12	04	04	04	
Unit 2.0 Drone frame and components	10	CO-2	14	04	04	06	
Unit 3.0 Advance Flight Controller Board	12	CO-3	16	04	06	06	
Unit 4.0 Maintenance and assembling of drone	10	CO-4	16	04	06	06	
Unit 5.0 Advance Drone Application	8	CO-5	12	04	04	04	
Total Marks	48		70	20	24	26	

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

## O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

S. No.	Laboratory Practical	Relevant COs			
	Titles	Number(s	Perfo PRA *	rmance PDA*	Viva - Voc
			(%)	(%)	e (%)
1.	Determine Centre of gravity of different done structure.	CO-1	50	40	10
2.	Demonstrate gyroscopic effect on a drone model	CO-1	40	50	10
3.	Compare different types of airframe structure like quadcopter frame (plus shape, cross shape and H-shape), hexacopter frame (hexa + and hexa S).	CO-2	50	40	10
4.	Test Tilt and LiDAR sensors and their characteristics with Microcontrollerbased Flight controller board.	CO-2	50	40	10
5.	Demonstrate the interfacing of GPS module to drone navigation.	CO-2, CO-	50	40	10
6.	Test HD and thermal Image camera and their characteristics.	CO-2	50	40	10
7.	Identify, configure and operate 433MHz and 2.4 GHz RC transmitter and receiver.	CO-2	60	30	10
8.	Programming and configuration of parameters in flight control board (FCB).	CO-3	60	30	10
9.	Test and perform communication of advance Flight control board with RF transceiver.	CO-3, CO- 2	60	30	10
10.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with GPS	CO-3, CO- 2	60	30	10
11.	Test and troubleshoot HD and thermal image camera with advance FCB in drone.	CO-3, CO- 2	60	30	10
12.	Measure various electric parameters in drone hardware	CO-4	40	50	10
13.	Perform preventive maintenance of drone components	CO-4	60	30	10
14.	Dismantle and service of different parts of drone system	CO-4	60	30	10

#### Legend:

PRA\*: Process Assessment

PDA\*\*: Product Assessment

**Note:** This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

# Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools andSoftware	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	Drone Frame	Tricopter/Quadcopter/Hexacopter	1-15
2.	Propellers	15 X 5.5 CW/Others	1-15
3.	GPS module	M8N Series	1-15
4.	Drone Camera	15-20 Megapixel	1-15
5.	Camera Gimble	3 Axis feature, 360 Degree movement	1-15
6.	Tilt Sensor	8-30 volt	1-15
7.	LiDER sensor	Range 75m to 200m	1-15
8.	Battery	Lithium Polymer Battery,8000 to 10000 mAh	1-15
9.	Motor	BLDC, 370kv	1-15
10.	Electronic speed Controller (ESC)	40 Amp	1-15
11.	Flight Controller Board	CC3D/Pixhawk/Others	1-15
12.	Transmitter and Receiver for radio signal	10 Channels and more, 2.4 GHz & 5.8 GHz	1-15
13.	Embedded system for AI application on UAV	Open Source Jetson Baseboard /Others	1-15

# **R)** Suggested Learning Resources:

## (a) Books:

S.	Title	Author (s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.	S		
1.	Make: DIY Drone and Quadcopter Projects: A Collection of Drone-Based Essays, Tutorials, and Projects	Editors of Make	Shroff/Maker Media, First edition 2016,ISBN-978-9352133994
2.	Make: Getting Started with Drones: Build andCustomize Your Own Quadcopter	Terry Kilby & BelindaKilby	Shroff/Maker Media, First edition 2016,ISBN-978-9352133147
3.	Agricultural Drones: A Peaceful Pursuit	K R Krishna	Apple Academic Press,1st edition 2018,ISBN-978-1771885959
4.	Building Multicopter Video Drones: Build and fly multicopter drones to gather breathtaking videofootage	Ty Audronis	Packt Publishing Limited; Illustratededition,2014, ISBN-978- 1782175438
5.	The Complete Guide to Drones	Adam Juniper	Ilex Press, Extended 2nd Edition,2018ISBN-9781781575383
6.	Unmanned Aircraft Systems - UAVS Design, Development and Deployment (Aerospace Series)	R Austin	John Wiley & Sons Inc, 1st edition, 2010,ISBN-978-0470058190
7	Drone Technology	Miranda Hall	NY Research Press 2023 ISBN 9781632389574

8	Introduction to UAV Systems	Rupert Baker	Willford Press 2023 ISBN 9781682860890
9	Theory, Design, and Applications of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles	Tyler Wood	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728338

#### (b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/101/104/101104083/
- 2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21\_ae14/preview
- 3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unmanned\_aerial\_vehicle
- 4. https://fusion.engineering/
- 5. https://robocraze.com/blogs/post/best-flight-controller-for-drone
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lrkFG7GilPQ
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KjG6FKCNCbM
- 8. https://ardupilot.org/
- 9. https://px4.io/

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested, online educational recourses before use by the students.

#### (c) Others:

- 1. Development of an Autonomous IoT-Based Drone for Campus Security, Abdelrahman Mahmoud Gaber, Rozeha A. Rashid, Nazri Nasir, Ruzairi Abdul Rahim, M. Adib Sarijari, A. Shahidan Abdullah, Omar A. Aziz, Siti Zaleha A. Hamid, Samura Ali,2021
- 2. IoT based UAV platform for emergency services; S. K. Datta, J. L. Dugelay, & C. Bonnet, 2018
- 3. Development of an Autonomous Drone for Surveillance Application; M. A. Dinesh, S. Santhosh Kumar, J. Sanath, K. N. Akarsh & K. M. Manoj Gowda, 2018
- 4. Autonomous cloud-based drone system for disaster response and mitigation; C. Alex & A. Vijaychandra,2016
- 5. https://www.geeetech.com/Documents/CC3D%20flight%20control%20board.pdf
- 6. https://www.bhphotovideo.com/lit\_files/201146.pdf
- 7. http://tricopter.hu/docs/cc3d manual.pdf

#### S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTR, Bhopal)

Dr. K. K. Jain (Coordinator)
Dr. Sanjeet Kumar (Co-coordinator)

\*\*\*\*\*

A) Course Code : 2000605E/2000608E/2000611E

B) Course Title : 3D Printing and Design (Advance)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : 3D Printing and Design (Basic)

D) Rationale

This advanced course on 3D Printing tries to develop understanding of the process of making real complex objects from digital models in the students using various 3D printing processes and materials (Plastics, Ceramics and Metals). It also covers the post processing required and details about various printing process and parameters to make a quality 3D printed component. This course can only be taken up after completing 3D Printing and Design (Basic) course offered in previous semester.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

### After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Select newer 3D Printing material for various applications.
- **CO-2** Use solid based 3D Printing processes to develop products.
- **CO-3** Use liquid-based 3D Printing processes to develop products.
- **CO-4** Use powder-based 3D Printing processes to develop products.
- **CO-5** Apply post processing techniques and quality checks on 3D printed components.

## F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course	Programme Outcomes(POs)								Programme SpecificOutcomes* (PSOs)	
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Disciplin eSpecific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysi	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2	
CO-1	3	-	-	-	2	-	2			
CO-2	3	-	2	2	-	-	2			
CO-3	3	-	2	2	-	-	2			
CO-4	3	-	2	2	-	-	2			
CO-5	3	2	-	3	2	-	2			

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

## **G)** Teaching & Learning Scheme:

Boar dof Study	Cours e Code	Cours e Title	Instr	ssroo n ructio n CI)	Lab Instructio n(LI)	Scheme of Study (Hours/Weel Notiona IHours (TW+ SL)		Total Credit s(C)
	2000605E /2000608E /2000611E	and Design	03	-	04	02	09	05

<sup>\*</sup> PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

#### Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances /problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits =  $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$ 

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedbackof

teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

#### H) Assessment Scheme:

				A	ssessment S	cheme (Mai	rks)				
Board of Stud		Course Title		Course Title		sessment A)	Term Work &Self- Learning Assessment (TWA		Lab Assessme nt(LA)		[A+TWA+LA)
Stud y	Course Code	Progressive Theory Assessment	End Theory Assessment	Internal	External	Progressive LabAssessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)			
	2000605E /2000608E /2000611E	3D Printing and Design (Advanced)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200		

T	
Legen	

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars,

micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

#### Note:

	Separate passing is mus	t for progressive and	end	semester assessment	tor	both t	theory and	practical.
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ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.

Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self-Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

## J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
<ul> <li>TSO 1a. Explain various forms of 3D printing raw material.</li> <li>TSO 1b. Select material for the given popular 3D printing processes with justification.</li> <li>TSO 1c. Select various Polymer based 3D printing raw materials with justification.</li> <li>TSO 1d. Explain procedure of Powder preparation for the given 3D printing material.</li> <li>TSO 1e. Explain properties of the given Metal/Ceramics 3D printing material.</li> <li>TSO 1f. Choose suitable 3D printing material on the basis of Performance Requirements and Material Properties.</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Unit-1.0 3D Printing Materials</li> <li>1.1 Various forms of 3D printing raw material-Liquid, Solid, Wire, Powder.</li> <li>1.2 Popular FDM, SLA, SLS, Binder Jetting, Material Jetting and Direct Energy deposition 3D printingmaterials.</li> <li>1.3 Polymers, Metals, Non-Metals, Ceramics.</li> <li>1.4 Polymers and their properties.</li> <li>1.5 Powder Preparation and their desired properties.</li> <li>1.6 Choosing the Right 3D Printing Material on the basis of Performance Requirements and Material Properties.</li> </ol>	CO1
<ul> <li>TSO 2a. Explain working of a typical FDM based 3D Printer.</li> <li>TSO 2b. Justify use of FDM based 3D printing processand material for the given component.</li> <li>TSO 2c. Explain the Laminated Object Manufacturing process.</li> <li>TSO 2d. Estimate the cost and time of the given FDM based 3D printed component.</li> </ul>	Unit-2.0 Solid based 3D Printing Processes  2.1 Basic principle and working of fused depositionmodeling (FDM) process.  2.2 Liquefaction, solidification and bonding.  2.3 Laminated Object Manufacturing process.  2.4 Cost estimation of FDM 3D printed component.	CO1, CO2
TSO 3a. Explain the phenomenon of Photo Polymerization.  TSO 3b. Explain the working of a typical Stereo Lithography based 3D Printer.  TSO 3c. Explain procedure of 3D Scanning of the given component.  TSO 3d. Justify use of SLA based 3D printing process and material for the given component.  TSO 3e. Estimate the cost and time of the given SLA based 3D printed component.  TSO 3f. Apply Curing process to SLA based 3D printed component.	<ul> <li>Unit-3.0 Liquid based 3D Printing Processes</li> <li>3.1 Photo polymerization.</li> <li>3.2 Principle and working of stereo lithography apparatus.</li> <li>3.3 SLA based 3D printing processes.</li> <li>3.4 SLA based 3D printing process materials.</li> <li>3.5 Scanning techniques.</li> <li>3.6 Curing processes.</li> <li>3.7 Cost estimation of SLA 3D printed component.</li> </ul>	CO1, CO3

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO 4a. Explain powder fusion mechanism.	Unit-4.0 Powder based 3D Printing Processes	CO1, CO4
TSO 4b. Explain working of a typical SLA based 3D Printer.	4.1 Powder fusion mechanism.	
TSO 4c. Justify use of SLA based 3D printing process and material for the given component.	4.2 Principle and working of Selective LaserSintering (SLS) process.	
TSO 4d. Explain Net shape process.	4.3 SLS based 3D printers.	
TSO 4e. Explain Binder Jet 3D printing process.	4.4 Laser Engineering Net Shaping process.	
TSO 4f. Justify use of Binder Jet 3D printing process	4.5 Electron Beam Melting.	
and material for the given component.  TSO 4g. Estimate the cost and time of the given SLS	4.6 Binder Jet 3D Printing.	
based 3D printed component.	4.7 Materials and Process parameters for SLS based 3D printing processes.	
	4.8 Cost estimation of SLS based 3D printedcomponent.	
TSO 5a. Justify the need of post processing in the	Unit-5.0 Post Processing and Quality	CO1,
given 3D printed component.  TSO 5b. List the various post processing techniques.	5.1 Need of post processing: Functional and Aesthetic reasons.	CO2, CO3, CO4,
TSO 5c. List the steps to perform post processing.  TSO 5d. Explain the given Cleaning related post processing approach for 3D printed component.	<ul> <li>5.2 Steps of Post Processing: Cleaning/Support removal, Fixing, Curing or hardening, Surfacefinishing, Colouring.</li> <li>5.3 Cleaning: Support Removal (FDM and</li> </ul>	CO5
TSO 5e. Explain the given Surface finishing related post processing approach for 3D printed component.	Material Jetting); Powder Removal (SLS and Powder BedFusion); Washing (SLA and Photo polymerisation).	
TSO 5f. Apply simple inspection and testing techniques on the given 3D printed component.	<ul> <li>5.4 Fixing: Filling, Gluing, Welding.</li> <li>5.5 Surface finishing: Sanding, Polishing, Tumbling, Hydro dipping, Epoxy coating, Electro Plating, Vapour smoothing-Acetone</li> </ul>	
TSO 5g. Identify the type of defect(s) in the given 3D printed component.	treatment.  5.6 Colouring, Coating, Priming and Painting.	
	<ul><li>5.7 Inspection and testing: Digital, Visual, Physical.</li><li>5.8 Defects and their causes.</li></ul>	

**Note:** One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

# $K) \qquad Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608E):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)		S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSO 1.1.	Use the available 3D printing software.	1.	Develop the assigned digital single complex	CO1,
LSO 1.2.	Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material		component using FDM based 3D Printer and available material.	CO2
LSO 1.3.	Set printing process parameters.			
LSO 1.4.	Produce a complex component using available FDM Printer.			
LSO 2.1.	Use the available 3D printing software.	2.	Develop the assigned digital single complex	CO1,
LSO 2.2.	Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material		component using SLA based 3D Printer and available material.	CO3
LSO 2.3.	Set printing process parameters.			
LSO 2.4.	Produce a complex component using			

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)		Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
available SLA Printer.  LSO 2.5. Perform curing of the SLA based 3Dprinted component.			
LSO 3.1. Use the available 3D printing software.  LSO 3.2. Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material  LSO 3.3. Set printing process parameters.  LSO 3.4. Produce a complex component using available SLS Printer.	3.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using SLS based 3D Printer and available material.	CO1, CO4
<ul> <li>LSO 4.1. Use the available 3D printing software.</li> <li>LSO 4.2. Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material</li> <li>LSO 4.3. Set printing process parameters.</li> <li>LSO 4.4. Produce a complex component using available FDM, SLA and SLS Printer.</li> <li>LSO 4.5. Perform Cost, Time, Surface finish and Strength estimations related to 3D printed components.</li> </ul>	; ;	Develop same digital single complex component using FDM, SLA and SLS based 3D Printers and compare the printed componentson the basis of Cost, Time, Surface finish, Strength.	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
<ul> <li>LSO 5.1. Use the available 3D printing software.</li> <li>LSO 5.2. Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material</li> <li>LSO 5.3. Select appropriate tolerance, fit and printing process parameters.</li> <li>LSO 5.4. Produce an assembly using available SLA/SLS Printer.</li> </ul>	5.	Print one digital assembly on SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2/CO3 /CO4
LSO 6.1. Use of available 3D scanner.  LSO 6.2. Develop 3D digital model using scanningapproach.  LSO 6.3. Use the available 3D printing software.  LSO 6.4. Produce a complex component using available SLA Printer.	6.	Scan the given real complex component and print it using FDM/SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2, CO3, CO4
LSO 7.1. Identify tools/devices/chemicals for post processing  LSO 7.2. Perform post processing operations on printed component.	7.	Apply post processing techniques on the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3.	CO5
LSO 8.1. Identify tools/devices/techniques for inspection and testing.  LSO 8.2. Identify the defects in 3D printed components  LSO 8.3. Apply remedial measures to bring soundness in the defective 3D printed component.	8.	Check the soundness of the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3 using available devices/techniques.	CO5

L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611E): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projectand other activities are mentioned here for reference

**a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in linewith the targeted COs.

### b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare a list of solid, liquid and powder form 3D printing raw materials stating their cost, colour opacity, flexibility and weight per unit volume.
- 2. Download 5 videos of 3D printing of different components using FDM, SLA and SLS each. Watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved, 3D Printer used, 3D Printing software used, material used, complexity involved, printing time, post processing steps used.
- 3. Prepare a report on post processing steps and techniques used for 3D printed components using FDM, SLA, SLS.
- 4. Prepare a report to compare FDM, SLA, SLS based 3D printing process on the basis of cost, surface finish, printer setting time, printing time and post processing time and cost involved.
- 5. Download 5 videos of 3D printing processes **other than** FDM, SLA and SLS. Watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved, 3D Printer used, 3D Printing software used, material used, complexity involved, printing time, post processing steps used.
- 6. Download 1 video related to inspection and testing of 3D printed components using different techniques like Visual inspection, Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), CT system, X-ray, Penetration testing, Infrared thermography, Leak or pressure testing for complex structures, Eddy current, Mechanical property inspection to measure tensile, yield, shear, fatigue, hardness, density, impact strength, Metallography (Microstructure testing). Watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved and equipment used.

### c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics:
  - Newer 3D printing raw materials
  - Direct energy 3D printing process
  - Material jetting 3D printing process
  - Micro 3D printing process
  - Metal and Ceramic 3D printing
  - 3D printing of Jewelry
  - 3D printing of Bio implants
  - Printing of flexible plastic components
- 2. Visits: Visit nearby tool room/industry with 3D Printing facilities. Prepare report of visit with special comments of 3D printing technique used, material used, single component/batch production/mass production and cost of printed component.
- 3. Self-learning topics:
  - 3D printing of transparent, soft and flexible plastic components
  - 3D printing of metal components
  - 3D printing of ceramic components
  - 3D scanning process.
  - Chemical post processing techniques
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation	
	Matrix	
Theory Assessment (TA)**	Term Work Assessment (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#

COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term Work & Self Learning Assessment		Learning Assessment		Progressive Lab	End Laboratory
	Class/Mid Sem Test		Assignment s	Micro Project s	Other Activities*	Assessment (PLA)	Assessment (ELA)	
CO-1	15%	15%	15%	-	-	10%	20%	
CO-2	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	20%	
CO-3	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	20%	
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	20%	
CO-5	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	15%	20%	
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30	
Mark s				50				

#### Legend:

\*: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

\*\*: Mentioned under point- (N)
#: Mentioned under point-(O)

#### Note:

☐ The percentage given are approximate

- ☐ In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

<b>Unit Title and Number</b>	Total Classroo	Relevant COs	Total Mark		ETA (Marks)	
	m Instructio n(CI) Hours	Number(s )	s	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)
Unit-1.0 3D Printing Materials	6	CO1	10	3	2	5
Unit-2.0 Solid based 3D PrintingProcesses	10	CO1, CO2	14	4	5	5
Unit-3.0 Liquid based 3D PrintingProcesses	10	CO1, CO3	14	4	5	5
Unit-4.0 Powder based 3D Printing Processes	10	CO1, CO4	14	4	5	5
Unit-5.0 Post Processing and Quality	12	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5	18	5	5	8
Total	48	-	70	20	22	28

 $\textbf{Note:} \qquad \text{Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.}$ 

## O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		Relevant	PLA/ELA				
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfori	Viva			
511	Daboratory Fractical Fides	Number(s	PRA*	PDA*	-		
		)	(%)	*	Voc		
		,		(%)	e		
					(%)		
1.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using	CO1, CO2	30	60	10		
	FDM based 3D Printer and available material.						

2.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using SLA based 3D Printer and available material.	CO1, CO3	30	60	10
3.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using SLS	CO1, CO4	30	60	10
	based 3D Printer and available material.				
4.	Develop same digital single complex component using FDM, SLA	CO1, CO2,	30	60	10

		D-14	PLA/ELA			
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Performance		Viva-	
	Laboratory Fractical Fides	Number(s	PRA* (%)	PDA* * (%)	Voce (%)	
	and SLS based 3D Printers and compare the printed components on the basis of Cost, Time, Surface finish, Strength.	CO3, CO4				
5.	Print one assembly on SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2/CO3 /CO4	30	60	10	
6.	Scan the given real complex component and print it using FDM/SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2, CO3, CO4	40	50	10	
7.	Apply post processing techniques on the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3.	CO5	40	50	10	
8.	Check the soundness of the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3 using available devices/techniques.	CO5	40	50	10	

#### Legend:

PRA\*: Process Assessment

PDA\*\*: Product Assessment

**Note:** This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Field Trips, Portfolio Based, Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field Information and Communications Technology (ICT)Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Session, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

## Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.	Name of	Broad	Relevant
No.	<b>Equipment, Tools</b>	Specification	Experiment/Practic
	and Software	S	al
			Number
1.	High end computers	Processor Intel Core i7 with Open GL Graphics Card, RAM 32 GB,	All
		DDR3/DDR4, HDD 500 GB, Graphics Card NVIDIA OpenGL 4 GB, OS	
		Windows 10	
2.	Parametric Computer Aided Design software	CATIA/Solid works/NX/Creo <b>OR</b> Available with CoE	1 to 5
			4.4 7. 6
3.	FDM based 3D printer	Fused Deposition Modelling system with complete accessories; Build Volume-300 x 300 x 300mm or Higher; Layer Thickness-0.1	1,4,5,6
		- Build Volume 300 x 300 x 300mm of Higher, Eayer Timekness 0.1	
		0.4 <b>OR</b> Available with CoE	
4.	SLA based 3D printer	Printing Technology: SLA, 145 x 145 x 175mm build volume,	2,4,5,6
		Common layer thickness $25-100 \mu m$ , Dimensional Accuracy $\pm 0.5\%$ (lower limit: $\pm 0.10 \text{ mm}$ ), cure time of only 1-3s per layer, Material	
		type: UV-sensitive liquid resin, Curing unit.	
5.	SLS based 3D printer	Printing Technology: SLS., Build Volume: 130 x 130 x 180 mm,	3,4,5,6
		Recommended min. wall thickness: 0.8 mm, Powder Diameter: 60	
		Microns, Material Type: Nylon, TPU, Light Source: Laser Diode	
6.	3D Printing Material	ABS/PLA, Resin based Photosensitive material,	1,2,3,4,5,6
		Polymer/metal/ceramic powder <b>OR</b> Available with	
7.	3D Printing software	CoE Latest version of software like:	1 to 6
/.	SD Finding software	Latest version of software like:  Cura/PrusaSlicer/ideaMaker/Meshmixer/MeshLab	1 10 0
		OR Available with CoE	
<u> </u>		OK Available with COL	

8.	3D Scanner and Processing software	Handheld 3D scanner, Accuracy up to 0.1 mm, Resolution up to 0.2 mm, Real time onscreen 3D model projection and processing, Wireless technology with an inbuilt touch screen and battery, Extended field of view for capturing both large and small objects,	6
		Processing Software <b>OR</b> Available with CoE	

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment/Practic al Number
9.	Post processing equipments and tools	Deburring tools (tool handle & deburring blades), Electronic DigitalCaliper, Cleaning Needles, Art knife set, Long nose pliers, Flush cutters, Wire brush, Nozzle cleaning kit, Tube cutter, Print removalspatula, Needle file, Cutting mat, Glue stick, Wire stripper, Chemicals, Etching agents etc.	7
10.	Inspection and Testing devices	<ul> <li>Visual inspection, Devices related to:</li> <li>Scanning electron microscopy (SEM), CT system, X-ray,</li> <li>Penetration testing,</li> <li>Infrared thermography,</li> <li>Leak or pressure testing for complex structures,</li> <li>Eddy current,</li> <li>Mechanical property inspection to measure tensile, yield, shear, fatigue, hardness, density, impact strenght</li> <li>Metallography (Microstructure testing)</li> </ul>	8

## **R)** Suggested Learning Resources:

## (a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Additive Manufacturing Technologies: RapidPrototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing	Lan Gibson, David W.Rosen, Brent Stucker	Springer, 2010 ISBN: 9781493921133
2.	Understanding Additive Manufacturing: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Tooling, Rapid Manufacturing	Andreas Gebhardt,	Hanser Publisher, 2011 ISBN: 156990507X, 9781569905074
3.	3D Printing and Design	Sabrie Soloman	Khanna Publishing House, DelhiISBN: 9789386173768
4.	3D Printing and Rapid Prototyping- Principlesand Applications	C.K. Chua, Kah Fai Leong	World Scientific, 2017 ISBN: 9789813146754
5.	Getting Started with 3D Printing: A Hands- onGuide to the Hardware, Software, and Services Behind the New Manufacturing Revolution	Liza Wallach Kloski, Nick Kloski	Make Community, LLC; 2nd edition,2021 ISBN: 9781680450200
6.	Laser-Induced Materials and Processes for Rapid Prototyping	L. Lu, J. Fuh, Y.S. Wong	Kulwer Academic Press, 2001ISBN: 9781461514695
7.	3D Printing: A Practical Guide	Clay Martin	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728323
8.	Fundamentals of 3D Printing	Elizah Brooks	Clanrye International 2023 ISBN 9781647290943
9.	Principles of 3D Printing	Brady Hunter	NY Research Press 2023 ISBN 9781632389549

## (b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21\_me115/preview
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104265/
- 3. https://bigrep.com/post-processing/
- 4. https://www.mdpi.com/2227-7080/9/3/61
- 5. https://all3dp.com/2/best-3d-printing-books/
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TQY2IF-sFaI

- 7.  $https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Oz0PoS5LPxg\\ \underline{https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6ejjh0GdyDc}$
- 8.

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested, online educational recourses before use by the students.

## (c) Others:

- 1. 3D Printing Projects DK Children; Illustrated edition, 2017
- 2. The 3D Printing Handbook: Technologies, design and applications Ben Redwood, Filemon Schöffer, Brian Garret, 3D Hubs; 1st edition, 2017
- 3. https://www.improprecision.com/inspection-method-for-3d-printed-parts/
- 4. 3D Printer Users' Guide
- 5. 3D Printer Material Handbook
- 6. Lab Manuals

## S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Sharad Pradhan (Coordinator)
- Dr. A. K. Sarathe (Co-coordinator)

\*\*\*\*\*

A) Course Code : 2000605F/2000608F/2000611F
B) Course Title : Industrial Automation (Advance)
C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Industrial automation (Basic)

#### D) Rationale

This course on Advanced industrial automation offers students a hands-on approach to implement industrial control using modern controllers like Programmable Logic Controller (PLC), Distributed Control System (DCS)Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA). Students will learn to identify and connect field inputs and outputs; communicate with, and program microprocessor-based controllers. Students will also connect, communicate with, and develop displays for computer-based operator interfaces. Process manufacturers typically employ Distributed Control System (DCS) Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) technologies to monitor and control the operations in their facilities. DCS and SCADA systems are now doing much more than simply monitoring and controlling. The course will enable the students to use of basic instructions and addressing, advanced PLC instructions in Ladder Logic and to identify and troubleshoot the faults in PLC system and do PLC maintenance. This course also introduces the students to industrial automation communications, PLC maintenance and troubleshooting also to become a successful automation engineer.

**E)** Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1.** Apply the principles of communication for industrial automation.
- **CO-2.** Test the output of the PLC ladder logic programs for the given application
- **CO-3.** Maintain PLC systems
- **CO-4.** Use SCADA for supervisory control and for acquiring data from the field.
- **CO-5.** Develop simple automation systems

### F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course		Programme SpecificOutcomes* (PSOs)							
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Disciplin eSpecific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysi	PO-3 Design/ Developmen tof Solutions	PO-4 Engineer ingTools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Managem ent	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	3	2	2	2	2	-	2		
CO-2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2		
CO-4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2		
CO-5	3	2	2	3	2	2	2		

**Legend:** High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

<sup>\*</sup> PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs isoptional

## **G)** Teaching & Learning Scheme:

			Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)						
Boar dof Stud	Cours e Code	Cours e Title	ı Instr	ssroo n ructio CI)	Lab Instructio n(LI)	Notiona lHours (TW+ SL)	Total Hour s (CI+LI+TW+	Total Credit s(C)	
y			L	T			SL)		
	2000605F/ 2000608F/ 2000611F	Industrial Automation (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05	

#### Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, Online educational resources etc.

C: Credits =  $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$ 

**Note:** TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

#### **H)** Assessment Scheme:

					Assessment	Scheme (Ma	rks)		<b>a</b>
	Cours e Title	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment(TWA)		Lab Assessme nt(LA)		-TWA+L₄	
Board of Study		e	Progressive Theory Assessment	End Theory Assessment	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment	Total Marks (TA+TWA+L
	200060 5F/200 0608F/ 200061 1F	Industrial Automation (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

#### Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars,

micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.

Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level andsession level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction

(LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

## J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO.1a Describe how does a PLC communicate?  TSO.1b Differentiate between parallel and series communication  TSO.1c Describe the data transfer mechanism for the given communication protocols.  TSO.1d Describe the given communication protocol used in PLC communication.  TSO.1e Summarize PLC to PLC communication procedure  TSO.1f Describe the common procedure to interface the PLC with other given hardware.	Unit-1.0 Industrial automation communication and Interfacing  1.1 Analog and Digital Communications on Plant Floors 1.2 Introduction to Industrial Networking 1.3 RS232-422-485 standards for data communication 1.4 Industrial Ethernet 1.5 Concept of Fieldbus 1.6 MODBUS protocol 1.7 Highway Addressable Remote Transducer (HART)Protocol 1.8 Interfacing of Programmable Logic Controller with otherhardware	CO-1
TSO.2a Specify the proper I/O addressing format of the given PLC.  TSO.2b Explain the use of different relay type instructions for the given operation.  TSO.2c Describe how a program is executed with the help of Program Scan cycle  TSO.2d Develop ladder logic program using arithmetic functions to perform the given operation.  TSO.2e Develop ladder logic programs using logical and comparison instructions to perform the given operation  TSO.2f Develop ladder logic programs using on delay, off delay and reset/retentive timer in a given PLC to create a delay in operation.  TSO.2g Develop ladder logic programs using Up, Down and UP-down counter in a given PLC to count the number of products	<ul> <li>Unit-2.0 PLC Programming</li> <li>2.1 PLC I/O addressing in ladder logic</li> <li>2.2 PLC programming instructions using ladder logic andrelay type instructions</li> <li>2.3 Program Scan cycle</li> <li>2.4 PLC arithmetic functions - Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division instructions, increment decrement, trigonometric</li> <li>2.5 PLC logical functions - AND, OR, XOR, NOT functions, PLC compare and convert functions.</li> <li>2.6 Programming Timer -Addressing a timer block, status bits, On delay, Off Delay and reset/retentive timer</li> <li>2.7 Programming Counter- Addressing a counter block, status bits, Up and Down counter, up-down counter, counter examples, register basics</li> <li>2.8 Develop ladder logic for various simple applications</li> </ul>	CO-2
TSO.3a Describe Requirements for PLC enclosure.  TSO.3b Describe Proper groundingtechniques.  TSO.3c Describe noise reduction Techniques.  TSO.3d Explain preventive maintenanceprocedure associated with PLC	<ul> <li>Unit-3.0 Installation and maintenance of PLC systems</li> <li>3.1 PLC enclosure, grounding requirements, noise generating inductive devices, leaky inputs and outputs, techniques to reduce electrical noise and leakage.</li> <li>3.2 Introduction to PLC Trouble shooting and maintenance, trouble shooting of hardware and software.</li> <li>3.3 Diagnostic LED Indicators in PLCs</li> <li>3.4 Common problems</li> </ul>	CO-3

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs
system to reduce environmental impact  TSO.3e Identify faults in the given PLC system  TSO.3f Explain the procedure for Troubleshooting PLC system  TSO.3g Prepare preventive maintenance plan for the PLC system  TSO.3h Use safety equipment's.  TSO.3i Follow safe practices	<ul> <li>Internal problems – Check for PLC Power Supply, Emergency Push Button, Power Supply Failure, Battery Failure, Electrical Noise Interference, Verify the PLC Program with the Master Program, Corrupted PLC Memory</li> <li>External problems - Power failure, faulty grounding and electrical noise interference (RFI or EMI), Status of the Output Modules and their associated Circuitry, Status of the Input Modules and their associated Circuitry, Field Input and Output Devices, Communication Issues.</li> <li>Environmental Conditions. Check for humidity, temperature, vibration, and noise-level limits specified by its manufacturer</li> <li>Troubleshooting of Specific Components of the PLC System</li> <li>Power Supply Troubleshooting</li> <li>I/O Modules Troubleshooting</li> <li>Troubleshooting PLC Program Errors</li> <li>Troubleshooting the Working Environment of a PLC</li> <li>Replacement of CPU</li> <li>PLC trouble shooting flowchart</li> <li>PLC maintenance – PLC maintenance checklist, preventive maintenance procedure, maintenance plan for the PLC system.</li> <li>Safety procedure and safety equipment's.</li> </ul>	Number(s)
TSO.4.a Describe the function of given element of a SCADA system.  TSO.4.b Interface the given PLC with SCADA system using the given Open Platform Communications (OPC).  TSO.4.c Describe the steps to develop a simple SCADA screen for the given industrial application.  TSO.4.d Describe the procedure to maintain the SCADA based PLC system for the given application.	<ul> <li>Unit-4.0 SCADA and DCS</li> <li>4.1 Introduction, need, benefits and typical applications of SCADA and DCS</li> <li>4.2 SCADA Architecture - Remote Terminal Units (RTUs), Master Terminal Units, Various SCADA editors, Communication protocols for SCADA</li> <li>4.3 Comparison of SCADA with DCS</li> <li>4.4 Interfacing SCADA system with PLC- Typical connectiondiagram, Object Linking and Embedding for Process Control (OPC) architecture</li> <li>4.5 Creating SCADA Screen HMI for simple object, Steps for linking SCADA object (defining Tags and items, creating trends etc.,) with PLC ladder program using OPC, configuring simple applications using SCADA: Traffic light control, water distribution, pipeline control, Power generation, transmission and distribution etc.</li> <li>4.6 Procedure to maintain the SCADA based PLC system.</li> </ul>	CO-3
TSO.5a Identify different components used for automation in the given system TSO.5b Select automation components for a given situation TSO.5c In the given manufacturing or service industry Identify the areas where automation is possible.  TSO.5d Prepare plan for sustainable automation as per the requirement.	<ul> <li>Unit-5.0 Applications of Industrial Automation</li> <li>5.1 Manufacturing- Industrial Robots- welding robots, pick and place robots, Cabot's, Machine monitoring system, supply chain, Automated assembly system, Flexible Automation and programmable Automation.</li> <li>5.2 Health Care- microscopic robots for medical diagnosis, automated medication dispensing devices, AESOP, ZEUS, RP_7(remote presence 7th generation),DaVinci</li> <li>5.3 Defense- guided rockets and missiles, counter measures, UAV drones, launcher, radar antenna, engagement control system</li> </ul>	CO-5

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs
		Number(s)
	<ul> <li>5.4 Automobile –Break monitoring system, Vehicle tracking system, Rear-view alarm to detect obstacles behind, Four-wheel drive, Traction control system, Dynamic steering response, Anti-lock braking system (ABS) Adaptive cruise control, Adaptive headlamps, Intelligent Parking Assist System, Driverless/Autonomous Cars</li> <li>5.5 Agriculture- harvesters, irrigation systems, plowing machines, self-driving tractors, grain yield sensor</li> <li>5.6 Mining- Mine planning system, mine picture compilation, mine control system, seismic imagining, laser imaging, Rig control system, automated drilling, automated exploration, automated truck</li> </ul>	

**Note:** One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

# $K)\ \ Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608F):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 1.1 Data communication from PLC to PC and vice versa	1.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PC andvice versa	CO1
LSOs 1.2 Establish Communication channels between PLC s.	2.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PLC	CO1
LSOs 1.3 Transfer data from sensors to PLC and from PLC to PC.	3.	Transfer the sensor data from sensor to PLC to PLC and PC	CO1
LSOs 1.4 Interface the given PLC with a PC ora Laptop	4.	Interface the given PLC with a PC or a Laptop	CO1
LSOs 2.1 Identify Different parts and front panel indicators of a PLC	5.	Identify the various parts and front panel status indicators of the given PLC.	CO2
LSOs 2.2 Develop Ladder logic program for different arithmetic operations	6.	Develop/Execute ladder logic program for different arithmetic operations such as Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division increment, decrement, trigonometric in a given PLC	CO2
LSOs 2.3 Develop Ladder logic program fordifferent logical operations	7.	Develop/Execute ladder logic program for logical operations such as AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, X-OR, X-NOR gate along with truth table	CO2
LSOs 2.4 Program Latch and Unlatch circuit in aPLC for motor operation	8.	Program the given PLC to start run and stop the given motor using latch circuit	CO2
LSOs 2.5 Create delay in operation using on delay, off delay and retentive timer function in a given PLC.	9.	Test the functionality of on delay, off delay and retentive timer for its correct operation in a given PLC.	CO2
LSOs 2.6 Count the number of objects/events using Up counter, Down counter and UP/Down counter in a PLC	10.	Test the functionality of Up, Down and Updown counter for its correct operation in a given PLC.	CO2
LSOs 2.7 Program PLC using ladder logic to controla LED/Lamp	11.	Develop/Execute a ladder logic program to put LED/lamp in the blinking mode	CO2
LSOs 2.8 Program PLC using ladder logic to controla simple traffic light system	12.	Develop/Execute a ladder logic program to control a simple traffic light control system using PLC	CO2

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 3.1 Use hygrometer to measure the humidity inside the panel LSOs 3.2 Use thermometer to measure ambient temperature inside the panel LSOs 3.3 Use tester to determine the voltage fluctuation at the power supply terminals is within specifications LSOs 3.4 Test the ground connections of the given PLC. LSOs 3.5 A given PLC is not working as per the logic instructions investigate the PLC to identify the cause of failure to showthe desired output LSOs 3.6 Investigate the cause of Noise in the given PLC LSOs 3.7 PLC goes on blackout out by losing itsoperating power. Troubleshoot the cause of failure. LSOs 3.8 Troubleshoot the corrupted PLC memory. LSOs 3.9 Replace CPU and power supply fusesin a given PLC system.	13.	Troubleshooting of PLC system	CO3
LSOs 4.1 Download any open source SCADA software and install the same.  LSOs 4.2 Interpret the available components in symbol factory of SCADA software  LSOs 4.3 Create simple SCADA HMI applications and apply dynamic properties. (Select any Three from the given list)  i. Turn on and off a tube light using a Switch  ii. Apply filling and object size properties a rectangle, square and round object  iii. Move the object, fill the object using slider and meter reading.  iv. Apply orientation property to a fan and control its direction using a slider.  v. Move a square object horizontally first, then vertically and again horizontally by applying visibility property.  LSOs 4.4 Create historical and real time trends for the given automation	14.	Develop simple SCADA HMI applications using any one open source SCADA software and apply dynamic properties	CO4
LSOs 5.1 Develop a smart irrigation device to detect the change in moisture level in the soil and controls the flow of water accordingly with a DC pump.  LSOs 5.2 Build an electronic device that can remotely control home appliances with your Bluetooth-enabled smartphone and a special Android application	15.	Develop simple automation systems for the given requirement (Select any Three from the given list)	CO5

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 5.3 Develop a PLC program to control the robot in such a way that the robot can automatically pick and place components and works in syncwith the conveyor belt system.  LSOs 5.4 Develop a Automation system to Open and close the door in the shop LSOs 5.5 Develop a line following robot with RFID sensor for supplying materials and automating workflow.  LSOs 5.6 Develop smart street light controlling mechanism which willSwitch on/off the lights automatically depending on the intensity of the sunlight at that particular time of the day.  LSOs 5.7 Develop smart automated railway crossing system to detect train arrival and departure and send appropriate signals to the microcontroller.			

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611F): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projectand other activities are mentioned here for reference.
  - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.
    - i. State three advantages of using programmed PLC timer over mechanical timing relay.
    - ii. It is required to have a pilot light glow, meeting all of the circuit requirements given below:
      - All four circuit pressure Switches must be closed.
      - At least two out of three circuit limit Switches must be closed.
      - The reset Switch must not be closed.
    - iii. Using AND, OR, and NOT gates, design a logic circuit that will solve this hypothetical problem
    - iv. Prepare a comparison chart of different types of PLC
    - v. Prepare a maintenance plan for a given PLC system.

#### b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Troubleshoot the faulty equipment/kit available in automation laboratory
- 2. Select one industry and analyze the process and propose the automation strategies' that can be used for automation.
- 3. Develop a working model of a given application using given actuators and valves.
- 4. Develop a smart irrigation device to detect the change in moisture level in the soil and controls the flow of water accordingly with a DC pump.
- 5. Build an electronic device that can remotely control home appliances with your Bluetooth-enabled smartphone and a special Android application
- 6. Develop a PLC program to control the robot in such a way that the robot can automatically pick and place components and works in sync with the conveyor belt system.

#### c. Other Activities:

1. Seminar Topics- PLC instructions, Timers and Counters used in a given PLC

- 2. Seminar Topics- Industrial Applications of PLC and SCADA, AGV, Application of automation in different area, trouble shooting of different types of PLC
- 3. Visits Visit any industry with full or semi automation and prepare a report on industrial automation used by the industry in the given section, components used, power requirement, output achieved and maintenance activities required.
- 4. Surveys- Carry out a market/internet survey of PLC and prepare the comparative technical specifications of any one type of PLC (Micro or Mini) of different manufacturer.
- 5. Product Development- Develop a prototype automatic railway crossing system
- a. Software Development- Download any open source software for PLC and install on your laptop/PC and carry out basic PLC programming
- 6. Also download any open source software for SCADA and install on your laptop/PC and carry out basic SCADA HMI programming
- 7. Surveys Carry out a internet based survey to compare SCADA and DCS

## d. Self-learning topics:

- Basic concepts of working of robot
- Automated material handling.
- Instrumentation systems for inspection and testing for quality of the product
- Use of robots in different applications
- Intelligent Transportation Systems
- Communication standards and protocols used in PLC
- Use of PLC for different industrial applications
- Use of SCADA for different industrial applications
- Interfacing of PLC
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation									
				Mat						
	Theory Asses	ssment (TA)**	Term W	ork Assess	ment (TWA)	Lab Asses	sment (LA)#			
COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment	End Theory Assessment	Term	Work & Se Learning Assessme		Progressive Lab	End Laboratory			
	(PTA)	(ETA)	Assignment	Micro	Other	Assessment	Assessment			
	Class/Mid		S	Project	Activities	(PLA)	(ELA)			
	Sem Test			S	*	, ,	` ,			
CO-1	10%	20%	20%		33%	10%	20%			
CO-2	15%	25%	20%		33%	15%	20%			
CO-3	15%	20%	20%		34%	15%	20%			
CO-4	30%	20%	20%	50%		30%	20%			
CO-5	30%	15%	20%	50%		30%	20%			
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30			
Mark				50		1				
S										

#### Legend:

\*: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

\*\*: Mentioned under point- (N)

#: Mentioned under point- (O)

#### Note:

☐ The percentage given are approximate

☐ In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COsmapped with total experiments.

☐ For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo	Relevan tCOs	Total Mark		ETA (Marks)	
	m Instructio n(CI) Hours	Number (s)	s	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)
Unit1.0 Industrial automation Communication and Interfacing	9	CO1	14	5	4	5
Unit2.0 PLC Programming	12	CO2	17	5	6	6
Unit3.0 Installation and maintenance of PLC systems	10	CO3	14	4	5	5
Unit4.0 SCADA and DCS	9	CO4	14	4	5	5
Unit5.0 Applications of Industrial Automation	8	CO5	11	2	4	5
Total Marks	48		70	20	24	26

**Note:** Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

# O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		Relevant	PLA/ELA		A
S.	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfe	Viva-	
No.	Laboratory Fractical fittes	Number(s	PRA * (%)	PDA* * (%)	Voce (%)
1.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PC and vice versa	CO1	50	40	10
2.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PLC	CO1	50	40	10
3.	Transfer the sensor data from sensor to PLC to PLC and PC	CO1	50	40	10
4.	Interface the given PLC with a PC or a Laptop	CO1	50	40	10
5.	Identify Different parts and front panel indicators of a PLC	CO2	50	40	10
6.	Develop Ladder logic program for different arithmetic operations	CO2	50	40	10
7.	Develop Ladder logic program for different logical operations	CO2	50	40	10
8.	Program Latch and Unlatch circuit in a PLC for motor operation	CO2	50	40	10
9.	Create delay in operation using on delay, off delay and retentive timer function in a given PLC	CO2	50	40	10
10.	Count the number of objects/events using Up counter, Down counter and UP/Down counter in a PLC	CO2	50	40	10
11.	Program PLC using ladder logic to control a LED/Lamp	CO2	50	40	10
12.	Program PLC using ladder logic to control a simple traffic lightsystem	CO2	50	40	10

		Dalamant		A	
S.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Perfo	rmance	Viva-
No.	Laboratory Fractical Titles	Number(s	PRA	PDA*	
		` `	*	*	
		)	(%)		(70)
13.	Use hygrometer to measure the humidity inside the panel	CO3	50	40	10
14.	Use thermometer to measure ambient temperature inside the panel	CO3	50	40	10
15.	Use tester to determine the voltage fluctuation at the power supply terminals is within specifications	CO3	50	40	10
16.	A given PLC is not working as per the logic instructions investigate the PLC to identify the cause of failure to show the desired output	CO3	50	40	10
17.	Investigate the cause of Noise in the given PLC	CO3	50	40	10
18.	PLC goes on blackout out by losing its operating power. Troubleshoot the cause of failure.	CO3	50	40	10
19.	Troubleshoot the corrupted PLC memory.	CO3	50	40	10
20.	Replace CPU and power supply fuses in a given PLC system	CO3	50	40	10
21.	Download any open source SCADA software and install the same.	CO4	50	40	10
22.	Interpret the available components in symbol factory in SCADAsoftware	CO4	50	40	10
23.	Create simple SCADA HMI applications and apply dynamic properties (Any Three).  i. Turn on and off a tube light using a Switch ii. Apply filling and object size properties to a rectangle, square and round object iii. Move the object, fill the object using slider and meter reading. iv. Apply orientation property to a fan and control its direction using a slider. v. Move a square object horizontally first, then vertically and again horizontally by applying visibility property.	CO4	50	40	10
24.	Create historical and real time trends for the given automation	CO4	50	40	10
24	<ul> <li>Select any three of the following: - <ol> <li>Develop a smart irrigation device to detect the change in moisture level in the soil and controls the flow of water accordingly with a DC pump.</li> <li>Build an electronic device that can remotely control home appliances with your Bluetooth-enabled smartphone and a special Android application</li> <li>Develop a PLC program to control the robot in such a way that the robot can automatically pick and place components and works in sync with the conveyor belt system.</li> <li>Develop a Automation system to Open and close the door in the shop</li> <li>Develop a line following robot with RFID sensor forsupplying materials and automating workflow.</li> <li>Develop smart street light controlling mechanism which will Switch on/off the lights automatically depending on</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	CO5	60	30	10

		Relevant		PLA/EL	A
S. No.	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfo	ormance	Viva-
	Laboratory Fractical Titles	Number(s	PRA * (%)	PDA* * (%)	Voce (%)
	the intensity of the sunlight at that particular time of theday. vii. Develop smart automated railway crossing system to detect train arrival and departure and send appropriate signals to the microcontroller.		. ,		

Legend:

PRA\*: Process Assessment

PDA\*\*: Product Assessment

Note:

This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

## Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Toolsand Software	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment/Practic al Number
1.	SCADA software (reputed make like Allen Bradley, Siemensetc.,)	Ready-to-use symbol library, React and respond in real-time, Real time monitoring, Friendly, manageable, secure, extensible, Easy-to-use, easy to implement, Easy configuration, simplified maintenance, Communication with PLC, easy and flexible alarm definition, data collection and analysis for new and existing systems, easy-to-use for report generation, open access to historical data, different packages available with input/output structure. Open source software SCADA software: like Ellipse/FTVSE/Wonderware/ open SCADA can also be used	14
2.	Universal PLC TrainingSystem with HMI (Of reputed make such as Allen bradely, Siemens, etc.,) Compatible with SCADAsoftware	Human Machine Interface (HMI) display, PLC with 16 digital inputs, 16 digital outputs with RS232 communication facility. Open platform to explore wide PLC and HMI applications. Industrial look & feel. Toggle Switches, push to ON Switch, proximity sensor, visual indicator, audio indicator, and DC motor. Experiments configurable through patch board. Powerful instruction sets. Several sample ladder and HMI programs. PC based ladder and HMI programming. Extremely easy and student friendly software to develop different programs. Easy downloading of programs. Practice troubleshooting skills. Compact tabletop ergonomic design. Robust construction. PLC gateway for cloud connectivity. Open source software like Ladder logic simulator, Pico soft Simulator, Logixpro simulator, Simple EDA tools can also be used	1 to 12
3.	Safety gears	Gloves, Safety goggles, Ear protection, Dust masks andrespirators.	13
4.	Power tools	Power drills, Orbital sanders, Circular saws, Impact wrenches.	13
5.	Hand tools	Screwdrivers, Hammers, Hand saws, Hex Key Allen Wrench Set Inch and Metric, relay puller, Multi-Tool Wire Stripper/Crimper/Cutter	13

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Toolsand Software	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment/Practic al Number
6.	Electrical tools	Wire and cable strippers, Multimeters- Volts, Ohms, and Amps, Crimpers- Side Cutter Crimping, Wire Crimp Connector Kit, Digital Multimeter Clamp Meter with Amp, Volt, and Ohm, Non-Contact Voltage Tester	13
7.	Spare parts	PLC Programming Cables, SD Card Reader Compact flash, Wire Nut Set, Fuses- Class J 30, 35, 60, and 100 -amp fuses, Class CC 2, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20, and 30 -amp fuses, 5mm x 20mm 0.032 (for 4 -20mA circuits), 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10, and 15 amps, Cube Relays, Resistor Kit, batteries, LED Indicators PLC Processor (CPU), Input/ output module	13
8.	Thermo-hygrometer	Measuring range Temp.: -30 60°C / -22 140°F Measuring range rel. Humidity: 0 100% rh, Measurement protocol as PDF, Data export possible as CSV, Readable without software, data sets of measured values can be stored.	13
9.	Digital Hygrometer	maximum humidity measurement- 100%RH, temperature measurement resolution -0.1egree centigrade, humidity measurement resolution -0.1%RH, minimum operating temperature10 to -20-degree centigrade, Maximum operating temperature +45 to +50 degree centigrade	13

# R) Suggested Learning Resources:

## (a) Books:

S.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.			
1.	Introduction to Programmable LogicControllers	Dunning, G.	Thomson /Delmar learning, New Delhi, 2005, ISBN 13: 9781401884260
2.	Programmable Logic Controllers	Petruzella, F.D.	McGraw Hill India, New Delhi, 2010,ISBN: 9780071067386
3.	Programmable Logic Controllers	Hackworth, John; Hackworth, Federic	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2003, ISBN: 9780130607188
4.	Industrial automation and Process control	Stenerson Jon	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2003, ISBN:9780130618900
5.	Programmable Logic Controller	Jadhav, V. R.	Khanna publishers, New Delhi, 2017, ISBN: 9788174092281
6.	Programmable Logic Controllers and Industrial Automation - An introduction,	Mitra, Madhuchandra; Sengupta, Samarjit,	Penram International Publication, 2015, ISBN: 9788187972174
7.	Control System	Nagrath & Gopal	New Age International Pvt Ltd, ISBN:9789386070111, 9789386070111
8.	Linear Control Systems with MATLABApplications, Publisher:	Manke, B. S.	Khanna Publishers, ISBN: 9788174093103, 9788174093103
9.	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition	Boyar, S. A.	ISA Publication, USA, ISBN: 978-1936007097
10.	Practical SCADA for industry,	Bailey David; Wright Edwin	Newnes (an imprint of Elsevier), UK2003, ISBN:0750658053
11	Industrial Automation: Systems and Engineering		States Academic Press , 2022 ISBN 9781649649270
12	Industrial Automation Technologies		States Academic Press 2023 ISBN 9781649649255
13	Introduction to Industrial Automation	Kian Pearson	Willford Press 2023, ISBN 9781682860864

## (b) Online Educational Resources:

1. Software: - www.fossee.com

- 2. Software: www.logixpro.com
- 3. Software: www.plctutor.com
- 4. Software; www.ellipse.com
- 5. PLC lecture: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pPiXEfBO2qo
- 6. PLC tutorial: <a href="http://users.isr.ist.utl.pt/~jag/aulas/apil3/docs/API\_I\_C3\_3\_ST.pdf">http://users.isr.ist.utl.pt/~jag/aulas/apil3/docs/API\_I\_C3\_3\_ST.pdf</a>
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=277wwYWolpw-PLC system troubleshooting and repair. Industrial control panel. PLC system repair.
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5Jmtvrch5Jg
- 9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=peyV9bwEaLY
- 10. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QdJhRmtKpxk&list=RDCMUCke36Li q- w5fboMHkq1APZw&index=3
- 11. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ygrrRwaJz3M">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ygrrRwaJz3M</a>

by the s

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

## (c) Others:

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. Lab Manuals

## S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

□ Dr. Vandana Somkuwar (Coordinator)□ Dr. C.S.Rajeshwari (Co-coordinator)

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A) Course Code : 2000605G/2000608G/2000611G

B) Course Title : Electric Vehicle (Advanced)
C) Prerequisite Course(s) : Electric Vehicle (Basics)

D) Rationale :

The automobile manufacturing sector in India is rapidly switching over to electric vehicles used for the public as well as private transport. The Govt. of India has launched the FAME-II Scheme (Faster Adoption and Manufacturing of Hybrid & Plug-in Electric Vehicles) to encourage the progressive induction of reliable, affordable and efficient electric and hybrid vehicles and to create demand for Electric Vehicles in the country. The technology is being evolved to enhance the vehicle's efficiency and running mileage by controlling the manufacturing, maintenance and recurring costs of such vehicles. Due to the rapid increase in EV demand, industries will also require skilled manpower in this area. This advanced course on electric vehicles is included as an open elective for all the diploma programmes to provide a sound knowledge of EVs to engineering diploma students and develop skills related to testing and maintenance of various electrical, electronic and mechanical systems in EVs.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the learners' accomplishment of the following course outcomes. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

## After completion of the course, the student will be able to-

- **CO-1** Compute various parameters affecting Vehicle movement.
- **CO-2** Test the operation of the different elements of the Automobile System.
- **CO-3** Test the battery and motor used for Power Transmission in EVs.
- **CO-4** Test electronic control unit system of EVs.
- **CO-5** Interpret the impact of Grid to Vehicle (G2V) and Vehicle to Grid (V2G) during the charging cycle.

#### F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course				Program Outcomes				SpecificO	amme outcomes* (Os)
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Disciplin eSpecific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysi	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	3	-	1	2	-	-	1		
CO-2	3	2	2	3	1	-	-		
CO-3	2	2	2	3	3	1	3		
CO-4	2	3	-	2	2	-	2		
CO-5	3	2	-	2	3	1	2		

**Legend:** High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

#### **G)** Teaching & Learning Scheme:

						Scheme of S (Hours/Wo	•			
Boar dof Stud y	Cours e Code	Cours e Title	Classroo m Instructio n(CI)		Lab Instructio n (LI)	Notiona lHours (TW+ SL)	Total Hour s (CI+LI+TW+	Total Credit s (C)		
			L	T			SL)			
	2000605G/	Electric Vehicle								
	2000608G/	(Advanced)	03	-	04	02	09	05		
	2000611G									

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances /problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits =  $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$ 

**Note:** TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

#### H) Assessment Scheme:

Boar dof Study	e	Cours e		ssessment [A]	(Ma Term Wo Lear Asses	nt Scheme arks) rk & Self- rning sment WA		ssessme (LA)	TWA+LA)
Study	Course Code	Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive LabAssessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (FLA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)
	2000605 G/20006 08G/200 0611G	Electric Vehicle (Advanced)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

#### Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars,

micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

☐ ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.

Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at the course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to the attainment of Course Outcomes

(COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020-related reforms like

Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) andothers must be integrated appropriately.

## J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

M	Tajor Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO 1b.  TSO 1c. 0  TSO 1d.	Explain the vehicle movement process  Derive various equations for the movement of Vehicles  Compute different resistances affecting Vehicle movement.  Explain the dynamics of the given type of EV system.	Unit-1.0 Vehicle Dynamics  1.1 Vehicle Movement  1.2 Rolling Resistance: Equation, Coefficient, factor affecting rolling resistance, typical values of rolling resistance  1.3 Grading resistance  1.4 Road resistance  1.5 Acceleration resistance  1.6 Total driving resistance  1.7 Aerodynamic drag: Equation, typical values of the drag coefficient.  1.8 Vehicle dynamics  Hybrid and Electric Vehicles  DC Motor Dynamics and Control  AC Motor Dynamics and Control	CO 1
TSO 2 b. TSO 2 c. TSO 2 d. TSO 2 e. TSO 2 f.	Identify the given elements of Automobile Systems.  Describe the functions of the given elements of Automobile Systems.  Explain the dynamic characteristics of the Disc Braking System for the given braking steps.  Describe the Procedure for testing the given AC/DC motors.  Describe the Procedure of Installation and Testingof the given EV Charging Stations.  Describe the Procedure for Commissioning EV Charging Stations.  Explain the functions of the EV Control Unit.	Unit-2.0 Elements of Automobile  2.1 Suspension and Damping systems  2.2 Brake system: Half-step braking, Full stepBraking  2.3 Transaxle  2.4 Elements of Noise Vibration and Harshness Control  2.5 Body balancing  2.6 Tyre Technology  2.7 AC/DC motor  2.8 Air-conditioning and Heating System  2.9 Lighting System  2.10 Automotive wiring system  2.11 Earthing and Insulation  2.12 Charging stations – Installation and Commissioning  2.13 Vehicle control unit	CO 2
TSO 3a. TSO 3b. TSO 3c. TSO 3d. TSO 3e. TSO 3f. TSO 3g. TSO 3h. TSO 3i.	Compare different power transmission systems in EVs. List the main Components of the EV PowerTrain. Explain the functions of the given EV PowerTrain component. Describe the testing procedure of the given EV Power Train component. Explain the regenerative braking operation in the given EV motor. Describe the speed control mechanism of the given motor. Explain various parameters of the given battery. Select the suitable battery for the given EV application. Describe the assembling and dismantling procedure of the given battery.	<ul> <li>Unit-3.0 EV Power Transmission System</li> <li>3.1 Transmission System: Single and Multi-transmission system</li> <li>3.2 EV Power Train</li> <li>3.3 EV Power Train Components: Battery Pack, DC-AC Converter, Electric Motor, On-Board Charger.</li> <li>3.4 Battery Parameters: Voltage, Current, Charging rate, efficiency, energy density, power density, State of Charge (SoC), Depth of Discharge (DoD), State of Health(SoH), Operating Temperature, specific energy, specific power, life cycle and cost.</li> <li>3.5 Battery Assembly and Dismantling.</li> <li>3.6 Gear and Differential Assembly</li> <li>3.7 Safe disposal of used battery</li> </ul>	CO 3

M	Tajor Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO 3j.	Describe the Mechanism of Gear and Differential Assembly.		
TSO 4a. TSO 4b. TSO 4c. TSO 4d. TSO 4e.	Describe the Vehicle Control Unit (VCU).  Describe the functions of the given component of the Electronic Control Unit.  Describe the connections of the given control unit with the EV sub-system.  Explain the Interaction of Controller AreaNetwork Communication with VCU.  Describe the Troubleshooting and Assessment procedure of VCU.	<ul> <li>Unit- 4.0 Vehicle Control Unit (VCU)</li> <li>4.1 Electronic Control Unit: Battery Management System, DC-DC Converter, Thermal Management System and BodyControl Module.</li> <li>4.2 Predefined functions</li> <li>4.3 Connections with EV subsystem</li> <li>4.4 Controller Area Network (CAN)communication</li> <li>4.5 Interaction of CAN Communication withVCU.</li> <li>4.6 Troubleshooting and Assessment</li> <li>4.7 Dynamometers: Introduction</li> <li>4.8 Environmental Chambers</li> </ul>	CO 4
TSO 5b. 1 TSO 5c. 1 TSO 5d. TSO 5e.	Explain the Classification of Charging Technologies. Explain the impact of the Grid on Vehicle Charging and Vehicle Charging on the Grid. Describe the testing procedure of the given Bi- directional charging systems. Explain the Energy Management Strategies in the EV. Explain the Wireless Power Transfer (WPT) technique for EV Charging.	Unit- 5.0 EV Charging Technologies 5.1 Charging Technology: Classification 5.2 Grid-to-Vehicle (G2V) 5.3 Vehicle to Grid (V2G) or Vehicle to Buildings (V2B) or Vehicle to Home(V2H). 5.4 Bi-directional EV Charging Systems. 5.5 Energy Management Strategies. 5.6 Wireless Power Transfer (WPT) technique for EV Charging.	CO 5

**Note:** One major TSO may require more than one theory session/Period.

# K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical (2000608G):

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)			Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevan tCOs Number(s
LSO 2.1	Test the operation of the Control Disc Braking system and control the regenerative braking system using a test rig. Test the performance (Speed v/s Braking Torque) of the Disc Braking System in Half	1.	Testing of Control Disc Braking systemand Control Regenerative Braking system.	CO2
	step and Full step braking modes.			
LSO 2.3	Test the performance of different types of propulsion motors.	2.	Testing of Motors	
LSO 2.4	Test the continuity of the automotive wiring system in the EV	3.	Testing of the automotive wiring system.	
LSO 3.1	Test the performance of a new set of batteries and aged batteries.	4.	Testing of Batteries used in EVs	CO2, CO3
LSO 3.2	Compare the performance of the battery			
	and find the Fuel Gauge after discharging the battery.			
	a. 0% - 100%			
	b. 30% - 100%			
1.00	c. 50% - 100%			
LSO	Evaluate the following parameters of the			

3.3			
given EV battery.		1	
a. Specific power		1	
b. Specific energy			

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSO	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
c. Life span and			
d. Cost parameters			
LSO 3.4 Evaluate the State of Health (SoH) of given EV Battery after several charge/discharge cycles.	the		
LSO 3.5 Test the dynamic performance of the giv	ren 5.	Speed control of Electrical Motors	
motor;			
a) Speed and torque spectrum.			
b) Speed and torque oscillation			
c) Friction torque friction spectrum.			
LSO 3.6 Test the following speed-controlled performance characteristics of the give motor;  a. Motor voltage over time  b. Motor current over time.  c. Speed and torque over time.  d. Torque over speed.  e. Current over speed.  f. Electrical input power and the mechanical input power over speed.	ed	• Connection of Electronic Control	COA
LSO 4.1 Connect the components of the EC Unwith EV subsystems.  LSO 4.2 Troubleshoot basic faults in the electrons.		<ul> <li>Connection of Electronic Control Unitcomponents</li> <li>Troubleshooting of electronic control</li> </ul>	CO4
control unit of EV.		unit	
LSO 5.1 Evaluate the impact of the Grid on VehicleCharging and Vehicle Chargin the Grid.	7.	Impacts of G2V and V2G	CO 5
LSO 5.2 Prepare a layout of a charging station	8.	Demonstration of Charging stations	

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self-Learning (2000611G): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projects and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
  - **a. Assignments**: Questions/ Problems/ Numerical/ Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

## b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Design and build a physical model of an EV motor and powertrain components from scratch.
- 2. Build and simulate communication systems of EVs using some software tools.
- 3. Prepare a report on "the way carbon credit works and companies utilize it to reduce their emission values".
- 4. Develop an EV prototype power train using locally procured hardware components.

## c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics:
  - Safe disposal process of Used Batteries.
  - Charging Technologies used for charging the EV.
  - EV power transmission systems.
- 2. **Surveys** Visit an electric vehicle manufacturing plant and prepare report on HVAC system used in EV.

#### 3. Self-learning topics:

- Impact of fleet charging of EVs on Power Systems.
- Energy Management in EV.
- Fuel Cell powered bus.
- EV Battery disposal and recycling.
- Mobility and connectors.

M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use the appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage, in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation							
				Matr				
	-	· (= + ) + +						
	Theory Asses	ssment (TA)**	Term Wo	rk Assessme	ent (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#		
	Progressiv	End						
	eTheory	Theory	Term	Work & Sel	<b>f-</b>			
COs	Assessment	Assessment		Learning		Progressive	End	
	(PTA)	(ETA)		Assessmen	t	Lab	Laboratory	
	Class/Mi	, ,	Assignments	Micro	Other	Assessment	Assessment	
	dSem			Project	Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)	
	Test			S				
CO-1	20%	15%	20%					
CO-2	20%	20%	20%			35%	25%	
CO-3	20%	30%	20%	70%	40%	40%	25%	
CO-4	20%	25%	20%	30%	20%	10%	25%	
CO-5	20%	10%	20%		40%	15%	25%	
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30	
Mark				50				
S								

#### Legend:

\*: Other Activities include self- learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

\*\*: Mentioned under point- (N)
#: Mentioned under point- (O)

Note:

☐ The percentage given are approximate

In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COsmapped with total experiments.

For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of the cognitive domain of the full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo	Relevant COs	Total Mark	ETA (Marks)		
	m Instructio n(CI) Hours	Number (s)	s	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)
Unit-1.0 Vehicle Dynamics	8	CO1	12	4	5	3
Unit-2.0 Elements of Automobile.	10	CO2	15	5	6	4
Unit-3.0 EV Power Transmission System.	14	CO3	20	4	10	6
Unit-4.0 Vehicle Control Unit (VCU)	10	CO4	15	4	6	5
Unit-5.0 Charging Technologies	6	CO5	8	3	3	2
Total Marks	48		70	20	30	20

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question papers for progressive assessment.

#### O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

S.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	PLA /ELA		
N.	Laboratory Tractical Titles	Number(s	Performance		Viva
		)	PRA *	PDA*	- -
		,			Voc
			(%)	(%)	e (%)
1	Testing of Control Disc Braking system and				(,,,,
	ControlRegenerative Braking system.	~~~		•	
2	Testing of Motors.	CO2	60	30	10
3.	Testing of automotive wiring system.				
4.	Testing of Batteries used in EVs		60	30	10
		CO2, CO3			
5.	Speed control of Electrical Motors		60	30	10
6.	Connection of Electronic Control Unit components	CO4	60	30	10
7.	Troubleshooting of electronic control unit				
7	Impacts of G2V and V2G		30	60	10
	-	CO			
8	Demonstration of Charging stations	5	70	20	10

#### Legend:

PRA\*: Process Assessment

PDA\*\*: Product Assessment

**Note:** This table can be used for both the end semester as well as progressive assessment of practicals. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student's performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

## Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practica l Number
1.	Disc Braking and Regenerativebraking system test rig	Test rig equipment for Demonstration of Disc Braking and Regenerative Braking system operation.	1
2.	Disc Braking System	Test rig / Software for testing the performance of the disc braking system in Half step and Full step braking mode.	1
3.	Induction motor	Induction motor For EV applications with testing kit	2,5
4.	Switched reluctance motor	Switched reluctance motor for EV applications with testing kit	2,5

5.	Permanent magnet (PM) DC motors	Permanent magnet (PM) DC motors for EV applications with testing kit	2,5
6.	Automotive wiring system	Testing facility of automotive wiring system using software /actual EV systems	3

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools andSoftware	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practica
			Number
7.	Lithium Ion and Lead-acid Batteries	12V, 7Ah with testing setup.	4
8.	Nickel-based batteries (metal hydride and cadmium battery).	12V, 7Ah with testing setup.	4
9.	Battery tester	For testing battery parameters	4
10.	Battery charger	Battery charger for EV	4
11.	Battery Management System	Training kit or simulation for BMS	4
12.	DC-DC Converter	48V to 12V bidirectional DC-DC Converter	4
13.	Power Analyser	To observe the impacts of G2V and V2G	5
14.	BMS setup	For Demonstration & training	4
15.	DC power supply	0-32V	5
16.	Charging Station Simulator	For Demonstration & training purposes.	5
17.	EC Unit with EV subsystems	Electronic Control Unit Hardware parts/ software for demonstrating the Connection of Electronic Control Unit components with EV subsystems.	6,7
18.	Facility to demonstrate the impact of the Grid on Vehicle Charging and Vehicle Charging on the Grid.	-	7

# R) Suggested Learning Resources:

# (a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Electric Vehicles: And the End of the ICE age	Anupam Singh	Kindle Edition ASIN: B07R3WFR28
2.	Wireless Power Transfer Technologies for Electric Vehicles (Key Technologies on New Energy Vehicles)	Xi Zhang, Chong Zhu,Haitao Song	Springer Verlag, Singapore; 1st ed.2022 edition (23 January 2022) ISBN-13: 978-9811683473
3.	Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric, and Fuel Cell Vehicles	EHSANI	CRC Press; Third edition (1 January2019) ISBN-13: 978- 0367137465
4.	Electric Powertrain: Energy Systems, Power Electronics and Drives for Hybrid, Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles	John G. Hayes, G. AbasGoodarzi	Wiley; 1st edition (26 January 2018) ISBN-13: 978-1119063643
5.	New Perspectives on Electric Vehicles	Marian Găiceanu (Editor)	IntechOpen (30 March 2022) ISBN-13: 978-1839696145
6.	Electric and Hybrid Vehicles,	Tom Denton, Taylor &Francis	2nd Edition (2020) ISBN- 9780429296109
7.	Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Energy Management Strategies	S. Onori, L. Serrao and G.Rizzoni	Springer (2016) ISBN: 978-1-4471-6781-5

8.	Electric & Hybrid Vehicles	A.K. Babu	Khanna Publishing House,
			NewDelhi, 1st Edition (2018)
			ISBN: 9789386173713, 9386173719

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
9.	Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications,	Rashid, M. H.	Pearson, 3rd edition, (2013) ASIN: B07HB3BM1W
10	Electric Vehicle Engineering		Clanrye International2023, ISBN-978164729097
11	Electric Vehicles: Current Progress & Technologies	, unessu cones	Murphy & Moore Publishing 2023, ISBN 9781649872746
12	20 Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Principles, Design and Technology	ivially ivialphy	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728520

## (b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/fuel-cell-systems
- 2. https://powermin.gov.in/en/content/electric-vehicle
- 3. https://www.iea.org/reports/electric-vehicles
- 4. https://www.oercommons.org/search?f.search=Electric+Vehicles
- 5. https://fame2.heavyindustries.gov.in/Index.aspx

**Note:** Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested, online educational recourses before use by the students.

#### (c) Others:

- 1. Learning Packages on EV
- 2. EV Users' Guide
- 3. EV Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. EV Lab Manuals

## S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

Dr. A. S. Walkey (Coordinator)
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A) Course Code : 2000605H/2000608H/2000611H

B) Course Title : Robotics (Advance)
C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Robotics (Basic)

D) Rationale :

Efficiency and quality are the demands of industry 4.0. Robotics is a constituent of Industry 4.0 which not only provides the former two but also is beneficial for hazardous and similar challenging situations. The use of robotic technology is developing at a very fast rate in all types of industries whether manufacturing, service or tertiary. Engineers should be competent to use the robotic technology for industry and society advantage. This course aims for the diploma engineers to have advanced skills in robotic applications and use in digital manufacturing.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

#### After completion of the course, the students will be able

- **to-CO-1** Plan the use of robots in engineering applications.
- **CO-2** Elucidate the conceptual place of the robotic components for engineering processes.
- **CO-3** Use robots for small automatic robotic applications.
- **CO-4** Compute the economics associated with use of robots in industries.
- **CO-5** Select appropriate robot for industrial requirements and other applications.

## F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course Outcome s(COs)		Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs )							
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-1	PSO-2
	Basic and			Engineerin	Engineering	Project	Life		
	Discipline	Analysi	nt of Solutions	gTools	Practices for	Managem	Long		
	Specific	S			Society,	ent	Learni		
	Knowledg				Sustainability		ng		
	e				and Environment				
CO-1	-	-	3	-	2	ı	2		
CO-2	=	2	3	2	-	-	1		
CO-3	3	2	3	-	-	-	2		
CO-4	3	-	-	2	-	-	-		
CO-5	3	2	-	-	2	=	1		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

## **G)** Teaching & Learning Scheme:

Boar	Course	Cour			(1	Scheme of Study Hours/Week	<b>x</b> )	
dof Stud y	Code	se Title	Classroo m Instructio n (CI		Classroo Lab Notiona Total Hours Instructio n(LI) (TW+ s SL) (CI+LI+TW+			
	2000605H	Robotics	03	<b>T</b>	04	02	09	05

<sup>\*</sup> PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

/2000608H /2000611H	(Advance)			

#### Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc

C: Credits =  $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$ 

**Note:** TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

#### **H)** Assessment Scheme:

				Assessment Scheme (Marks)							
Boar dof Stud	Course Code	Course Title	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment (TWA		Lab Assessme nt(LA)		A+TWA+LA)		
y			Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment	Internal	External	Progressiv eLab Assessment (PLA)	End Laborator y Assessment	Total Marks (TA		
	2000605H /2000608H /2000611H	Robotics (Advance )	30	70	20	30	20	30	200		

#### Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

#### Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

# J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 1a. Define the need and scope of industrial robots.  TSO 1b. Describe the concept of robot dynamics with regards to methods for orientation and location of objects.  TSO 1c. Analyse robot direct kinematics for the given 2 DOF planar manipulator.  TSO 1d. List types of robots  TSO 1e. List safety steps while handling the given robot.  TSO 1f. Interface robots with the given welding machine.  TSO 1g. Interface robots with the given painting machine.  TSO 1h. Interface robots with the given assembly machine.	<ul> <li>Unit-1.0 Robot Kinematics, Dynamics and Industrial Applications</li> <li>1.1 Definition need and scope of Industrial robots</li> <li>1.2 Robot dynamics – Methods for orientation and location of objects</li> <li>1.3 Planar Robot Kinematics – Direct and inversekinematics for 2 Degrees of Freedom.</li> <li>1.4 Safety while operating and handling robot</li> <li>1.5 Robot Industrial applications:         <ul> <li>Welding Robots-Welding Guns, Welding Electrodes, Welding Power Sources, shielding gases, Robot interfacing</li> <li>Spray painting Robots, assembly operation, cleaning.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	CO2, CO3
TSO 2a. Explain the techniques to control robot motion.  TSO 2b. Describe the given robot drive system. TSO 2c. Describe the types of grippers.  TSO 2d. Design grippers for specificapplication.  TSO 2e. Test the designed gripper for the application.  TSO 2f. Use Bar code technology for robotic applications.  TSO 2g. Integrate radio frequency identification technology in robotic applications.  TSO 2h. Assemble an automated guided vehicle for the given situation using standard components.  TSO 2i. Assemble a simple automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS) for the given situation using standard components.	Unit- 2.0 Robot Drives, Control and Material Handling  2.1 Controlling the Robot motion.  2.2 Position and velocity sensing devices.  2.3 Drive systems – Hydraulic and Pneumaticdrives  2.4 Linear and rotary actuators and control valves  2.5 Electro hydraulic servo valves, electric drives, motors  2.6 End effectors – Vacuum, magnetic and air operated grippers  2.7 Material Handling; automated guided vehicle systems, automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS)  2.8 Bar code technology  2.9 Radio frequency identification technology.	CO2, CO3
TSO 3a. Differentiate between various work cell layouts.  TSO 3b. Select work cell for specific robot withjustification.  TSO 3c. Analyse robot cycle time.  TSO 3d. Explain industrial applications of roboticcell.  TSO 3e. Follow safety procedures in robotic cell.  TSO 4a. List different programming languages	Unit- 3.0 Robot Cell Design and Application 3.1 Robot work cell design, control and safety 3.2 Robot cell layouts 3.3 Multiple Robots and machine interference 3.4 Robot cycle time analysis 3.5 Industrial application of robotic cells  Unit- 4.0 Robot Programming and	CO1, CO4,
for the robots TSO 4b. Describe artificial intelligence TSO 4c. Write a programme in the required language to operate a robot for the given task. TSO 4d. Optimise robot programming parameters.	<ul> <li>Economics of Robotization</li> <li>4.1 Characteristics of task level languages through programming methods</li> <li>4.2 Motion interpolation</li> <li>4.3 Artificial intelligence: Goals of artificialintelligence, AI techniques, problem</li> </ul>	CO5

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 4e. Select a robot on the basis of cycle time analysis.  TSO 4f. Conduct an economic analysis for use of robots.  TSO 4g. Follow testing methods and acceptance rules for industrial robots.	representation in AI  4.4 Problem reduction and solution techniques.  4.5 Application of AI and KBES in Robots  4.6 Selection of Robots; Factors influencing the choice of a robot, selection of robot components, robot performance testing, work cycle time analysis  4.7 Economics analysis for robotics, costdata required for the analysis  4.8 Methods of economic analysis; Pay back method, equivalent uniform annual cost method, return on investment method.  4.9 Testing methods and acceptance rules for industrial robots	
TSO 5a. Describe applications of robots in healthcare and medicine.  TSO 5b. Describe applications of robots in Construction industry.  TSO 5c. Describe applications of robots in Underground coal mining.  TSO 5d. Describe applications of robots in uutilities, military & firefighting operations.  TSO 5e. Describe applications of robots in undersea and space  TSO 5f. Describe applications of robots in brief in logistics, retail and hospitality, and smart cities.  TSO 5g. Describe applications of robots in farming and agriculture in brief explain in brief the use of microrobots, nano robots, soft robots, humanoid robots	Environments 5.1 Applications of Robots in  • Healthcare and medicine  • Construction industry  • Underground coal mines  • Utilities, military & firefighting operations  • Undersea  • Space	CO5

**Note:** One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

# $K)\ Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608H):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 1.1 Identify Wireless Sensor Network. LSOs 2.1 LSOs 1.2 Use wireless sensor Network for different robotic applications	1.	Identify different wireless sensor network in robotics viz. ZigBee, LoRa.	CO1, CO3
LSOs 2.2 Identify different Radio Frequency (RF)Controlled Wireless LSOs 2.2 Use Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless for different robotic applications.	2.	Use different Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless Robots.	CO1, CO2
LSOs 3.1 Identify the different Voice operated robot with speaker identification technology	3.	Examine different voice operated robot with speaker identification technology.	CO1, CO3

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)		Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 3.2 Use different Voice operated robot with speaker identification technology for different robotic applications.			,
LSOs 5.1 Identify the components required for a computer-controlled pick and place robot (wireless).  LSOs 5.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	4.	Design a computer-controlled pick and place robot (wireless)	CO1
LSOs 6.1 Identify the components required for a Zigbee controlled Boat with wireless video and voice transmission. LSOs 6.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	5.	Design a Zigbee controlled Boat with wireless video and voice transmission.	CO2, CO3
LSOs 8.1 Identify the components required for a PC controlled wireless Multipurpose robot for engineering applications.  LSOs 8.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	6.	Design a PC controlled wireless Multipurpose robot for simple engineering applications.	CO2, CO4, CO5
LSOs 9.1 Identify the components required for an unmanned arial photography LSOs 9.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	7.	Design an unmanned arial photography system.	CO3, CO5
LSOs 10.1 Develop a program LSOs 10.2 Simulate palletizing and depalletizing operations through robots.	8.	Develop program for real time (online TPP) Palletizing and Depalletizing operations through robots.	CO5
LSOs 11.1 Develop a program LSOs 11.2 Simulate direction control and step control logic for robotization	9.	Develop TPP / Offline program for vision-basedinspection for robots.	CO4, CO5
LSOs 12.1 Develop a program LSOs 12.2 Simulate robotising an inspection and part assembly.	10.	Program and simulate coordinated identification, inspection and part assembly for robots.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 13.1 Develop a program. LSOs 13.2 Simulate obstacle avoidance of robots.	11.	Develop obstacle avoidance robot Programming	CO1, CO5
LSOs 14.1 PLC programming. LSOs 14.2 Simulate robotising of welding operation.	12.	Program and simulate welding operation using robot simulation software.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 15.1 Simulate robotising of drilling operation.	13.	TPP / Offline program for drilling operation.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 16.1Develop a program for an industrial application. LSOs 16.2Execute the robot programme.	14.	Program to execute an industrial robot application using a given configuration.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 17.1 Use robot simulation software for DirectKinematic analysis upto 4-axis robots LSOs 17.2 Correlate the simulated results with respective mathematical calculations.	15.	Analyse Direct Kinematics of 4-axis robot using available software.	CO2

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611H): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project andother activities are mentioned here for reference.
  - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.
  - **b. Micro Projects:** A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects that match the COs could be added by the concerned course teacher. The student should strive to

identify eco-friendly or recycled material prior to selection for robotic applications.

- 1. Develop coin separating robot.
- 2. Develop robot using radio frequency sensors for material handling.
- 3. Develop robot for land mine detection.
- 4. Develop a robot for car washing.

#### c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics: Recent developments in the industrial applications of robotics
- 2. Visits: Visit a robotic exhibition.
- 3. Case Study: Identify a robotic application in automobiles and present a case study
- 4. Download videos related to simple robotic applications in domestic and industrial purposes.
- 5. Self-learning topics:
  - Robotic component manufacturers
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix										
	Theory Asses	ssment (TA)**	Term W	ork Assess	ment (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#					
COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment			Progressive Lab	End Laboratory				
	Class/Mi		Assignment		Other	Assessment	Assessment				
	dSem		S	Project	Activities	(PLA)	(ELA)				
	Test			S	*						
CO-1	25%	23%	20%	10%	25%	10%	20%				
CO-2	20 %	23%	20%	10%	25%	20%	20%				
CO-3	15%	17%	20%	25%	25%	20%	20%				
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	15%	25%	20%	20%				
CO-5	20%	17%	20%	40%		30%	20%				
Total	30	70	20 20 10			20	30				
Mark s			1	50							

#### Legend:

\*: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

\*\*: Mentioned under point- (N)

#: Mentioned under point-(O)

#### Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.
- N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Number and Title	Total Classroo	Relevant COs	Total Mark	ETA (Marks)		
	m Instructio n(CI) Hour	Number (s)	s	Remember (R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)
	S					
Unit-1.0 Robot Kinematics, Dynamics and Industrial Applications	12	CO2, CO3	16	6	5	5
Unit– 2.0 Robot Drives, Control and Material Handling	10	CO2, CO3	16	4	8	4

Total Marks	48		70	20	25	25
Environments						
Unit– 5.0 Applications in Non-manufacturing	8	CO5	12	4	4	4
Unit– 4.0 Robot Programming and Economics of Robotization	10	CO1, CO4, CO5	14	4	4	6
Unit– 3.0 Robot Cell Design and Application	8	CO3	12	2	4	6

**Note:** Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

## O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		Relevant		PLA/EL A		
S. No.	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfo	rmance	Viva	
		Number(s )	PRA *	PDA*	- Voc	
			(%)	(%)	e (%)	
1.	Identify different wireless sensor network in robotics viz. ZigBee, LoRa.	CO1, CO3	40	40	20	
2.	Use different Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless Robots.	CO1, CO2	40	40	20	
3.	Examine different voice operated robot with speaker identification technology.	CO1, CO3	40	40	20	
4.	Design a computer-controlled pick and place robot (wireless)	CO1, CO4	40	40	20	
5.	Design a Zigbee controlled Boat with wireless video and voice transmission.	CO2, CO3	40	40	20	
6.	Design a PC controlled wireless Multipurpose robot for simple engineering applications.	CO3, CO4	40	40	20	
7.	Design an unmanned arial photography system.	CO3, CO5	40	40	20	
8.	Develop program for real time (online TPP) Palletizing and Depalletizing operations through robots.	CO5	40	40	20	
9.	Develop TPP / Offline program for vision-based inspection forrobots.	CO4, CO5	40	40	20	
10.	Program and simulate coordinated identification, inspection and part assembly for robots.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
11.	Develop Obstacle avoidance robot Programming	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
12.	Program and simulate welding operation using robot simulation software.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
13.	TPP / Offline program for drilling operation.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
14.	Program to execute an industrial robot application using a given configuration.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20	
15.	Analyse Direct Kinematics of 4-axis robot using availablesoftware.	CO2, CO3	40	40	20	

Legend:

PRA\*: Process Assessment

PDA\*\*: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be

prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources(OER), MOOCs etc.

## Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment /Practical Number
1.	6 Axis Articulated Robot(Material Handling)- 1 No	<ul> <li>Articulated Type</li> <li>Controlled axis: 6-axes (J1, J2, J3, J4, J5, J6)</li> <li>Reach: 717 mm</li> <li>Installation Floor, Upside-down (Angle mount)</li> <li>Motion range (Maximum Speed) <ul> <li>J1 Axis Rotation 7.85 rad/s</li> <li>J2 Axis Rotation 6.63 rad/s</li> <li>J3 Axis Rotation 9.08 rad/s</li> <li>J4 Axis Rotation 9.60 rad/s</li> <li>J5 Axis Rotation 9.51 rad/s</li> <li>J6 Axis Rotation 17.45ras/s</li> </ul> </li> <li>Max. load capacity Wrist: 4Kg</li> <li>Allowable Load moment 16.6 N-m at wrist J4 Axis, J5Axis, J6 Axis</li> <li>Allowable Load inertia).47 kg-m² at wrist J4 Axis J5Axis, J6 Axis</li> <li>Repeatability: +/- 0.05mm</li> <li>Mass: 21 Kg Minimum</li> <li>Installation environment: Ambient temperature: 0 – 45°C</li> <li>Ambient humidity: Normally 75%RH or less. No dew,nor frost allowed.</li> <li>Vibration Acceleration: 4.9 m/s2 (0.5G or less)</li> </ul>	1, 2, 3, 12
2.	6 Axis Articulated Robot(General Purpose- Welding, Assembly, Drilling) - 1 No	Link 1: 300 mm Link 2: 300 mm Joint actuator: DC Stepper Motor Transmission: Timing Belt Drive Position feedback: Proximity Switch Gripper actuator: Pneumatic Weight of robot: 50 Kg. Accuracy: ±0.3 Repeatability: ±0.2Tip Velocity range: 500 mm / minPay load capacity: 2 kg (including griper) J1 - Waist: ±140°J2 - Shoulder: -100 -60°J3 - Elbow: -70 + 10°J4 - Wrist rotate: ±70°J5 - Wrist pitch: ±35°J6 - Wrist roll: ±180°External I/O8 Programmable digital inputs8 Programmable digitaloutputs	8, 9, 14
3.	A mounted vision system with software (Free open source Robot simulation software)	Integrity Serial Bus System, CAN to Build Intelligent Device Network, Open Hardware Platform, Arduino, to control Robot sub-Systems of motor-sensor, movable Omni Wheel of Omni-Directional, Actuator operation control by DC Encoder Motor, DC-Motor control and operation by Accelerometer, Gyro, Ultrasonic and PSD sensor, Androx Studio; brushless ILM 70×10 Robo Drive DC motor; sensor-actuator units of ARMAR-4; SD-25-160-2A-GR-BB	3, 4, 5, 11

S.No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specification S	Relevant Experiment /Practical Number
		Harmonic Drive reduction gear unit high gear ratio of 160: 1; structural parts (white) are made out of high-strength aluminum, Hollow shaft with strain gauges for torque sensing, motor's magnetic incremental encoder (AMS5306), digital buses (SPI or 12C); Motor interface PCB includes a 13-Bit temperature-to-digital converter with a temperature range from -40°C to 125°C (Analog Devices ADT7302)	
4.	6-axis Robotics Trainer	Programmable robotic arm with an interactive frontpanel. Software to demonstrates functioning of the trainer as well as allows a user to develop their own programs. NV330; 8 bit microcontroller to ARM processors; Record and Play capability; Optional interfacing with PLC; Touch operated ON/OFF Switch; Auto set to home position; Applications can be developed; Data acquisition using USB	3, 4, 5, 13
5.	E-Yantra Firebird kit	<ul> <li>Fire Bird V 2560 Robot</li> <li>Spark V Robot</li> <li>Fire Bird V P89V51RD2 adapter card</li> <li>Fire Bird V LPC2148 adapter card</li> <li>LSM303 3 axis digital accelerometer and 3 axes magnetometers</li> <li>L3G4200 3 axis digital gyroscope</li> <li>Gyroscope, accelerometer and GPS interfacing module for the robot</li> <li>GPS receiver</li> <li>Zigbee Modules 100m range</li> <li>Zigbee Modules Adapter</li> <li>Metal-gear Servo Motors</li> <li>Servo Motor Based Gripper kit for the Fire Bird Vrobot</li> <li>Sharp infrared range sensor (10cm to 500cm)</li> <li>Arduino Uno/Nano</li> <li>Hexapod</li> <li>16 Programming Software (AVR studio, Keil, AVR Boot loader, Flash Magic)</li> </ul>	1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10
6.	Robot simulator for Robotics	Educational networking licensed Robotic system with simulation software	2, 8, 10
7.	Assorted sensors	Optical encoders, Acoustic sensors ,IR, Potentiometer, RTD, Thermistor, strain gauge, piezoelectric, etc.	4
8.	Vision equipment	Camera, Imaging Components: Point, Line, Planar and Volume Sensors	1, 4, 10
9.	Raspberry Pi kit	1.2GHz quad-core Broadcom BCM2837 CPU with 1GB DDR2 RAM with in-built Wi-Fi & Bluetooth Video Core IV 3D graphics core 40 pin extended pins - with 27 GPIO pins Micro SD slot Multiple ports: Four USB ports, full sized HDMI, four pole stereo output and composite video port, CSI camera port and DSI display port 10/100 BaseT Ethernet Micro-USB, power source 5V, 2A	7, 9

## **R)** Suggested Learning Resources:

#### (a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control	John Craig	Pearson Education 978-9356062191
2.	Robotics and controls	Mittal R.K., Nagrath I.J.	Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.;2017; <b>978</b> -0070482937
3.	Robotics and Image Processing: AnIntroduction	Janaki Raman. P. A	Tata McGraw Hill Publishing companyLtd., 1998; 978-0074621677
4.	Industrial Robotics - Technology,Programming and Applications	Nicholas Odrey, Mitchell Weiss, Mikell Groover Roger Nagel, AshishDutta	McGraw Hill Education; 2nd Edition;978 -1259006210
5.	Robotic Engineering: an integrated approach	Richard D. Klafter, Thomas A. Thomas A. Chmielewski, Michael Negin	Prentice Hall of India, N. Delhi, 2009;978-8120308428
6.	Industrial Robotics Technology,Programming and Applications	Mikell P. Groover, Mitchell Weiss,Roger N. Nagel, Nicholas G. Odrey	McGraw-Hill Education, SecondEdition, 978- 1259006210
7.	Robotics	Appuu Kuttan K. K.	Dreamtech Press, First Edition, 2020, 978-9389583281
8.	Introduction to Robotics: Analysis, Control, Applications	Saeed B. Niku	Wiley; Second Edition,978- 8126533121
9.	Essentials of Robotics Process Automation	S. Mukherjee	Khanna Publication, First Edition, 978-9386173751
10.	Robotics	R R Ghorpade, M M Bhoomkar	Nirali Prakashan 978-9388897020
11.	Mechatronics: Engineering Fundamentals	Allie Weaver	Murphy & Moore Publishing 2022 ISBN 9781649872758
12.	Elements of Robotics	Greg Scott	States Academic Press 2022 ISBN 9781649649261
13.	Robotics: Design, Construction and Applications	Allie Weaver	Willford Press 2022 ISBN 9781682860944
14.	Modern Robotics: Mechanics, Systems and Control	Julian Evans	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728515
15.	Introduction to Mechatronics	Randy Dodd	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728493
16.	Introduction to Robotics	Julian Evans	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728503

## (b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://web.iitd.ac.in/~saha/ethiopia/appln.pdf
- **2.** https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105249
- **3.** https://www.robotsscience.com/industrial/industrial-robots-types-applications-benefits-and-future/
- **4.** https://www.marian.ac.in/public/images/uploads/pdf/online-class/MODULE-6%20ROBOTICS%20INDL\_APPLNS-converted.pdf
- **5.** https://forcedesign.biz/blog/5-common-industrial-robot-applications
- **6.** https://www.hitechnectar.com/blogs/top-industrial-robotics-applications-role-of-robots-in-manufacturing/
- **7.** https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Industrial\_robot

- **8.** https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fH4VwTgfyrQ
- **9.** https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aW BM S0z4k
- **10.** https://www.automate.org/industry-insights/smarter-robot-grasping-with-sensors-software-the-cloud
- 11. https://robots.ieee.org/robots/?t=all
- 12. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fc\_Cynqr6jM

Note: Teach

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

## (c) Others:

## 1. Learning Packages:

- https://www.edx.org/learn/robotics
- https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=robotics
- https://www.udemy.com/topic/robotics/
- https://library.e.abb.com/public/9a0dacfdec8aa03dc12578ca003bfd2a/Learn%20with%20ABB. %20Robotic%20package%20for%20education.pdf

## 2. Users' Guide:

- https://roboindia.com/store/DIY-do-it-your-self-educational-kits-robotics-embedded-systemelectronics
- https://www.robomart.com/diy-robotic-kits
- https://www.scientechworld.com/robotics

#### 3. Lab Manuals:

- http://www-cvr.ai.uiuc.edu/Teaching/ece470/docs/ROS\_LabManual.pdf
- https://www.jnec.org/labmanuals/mech/be/sem1/Final%20Year%20B.Tech-ROBOTICS%20LAB%20%20MANUAL.pdf

## S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Nishith Dubey (Coordinator)
- Prof. (Mrs.) Susan S. Mathew (Co-Coordinator)
- Dr. Sharad Pradhan

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## **HYBRID VEHICLES LAB**

Subject Code	Theory No. of Periods Per Week			No of Period in one ses	No of Period in one session: 56			
2033608A				Full Marks	:	50	02	
	L	Т	P/S		:			
	_	_	04	Internal (PA)	:	20		
	_	_	_	External (ESE)	:	30		

#### **Practicals:**

- 1. Develop block diagram of Electric vehicle and identify parts
- 2. Case study- Compare minimum four vehicles for economic and environmental analysis
- 3. Develop schematic diagram of hybrid electric vehicle and identify the components fluorescent lamp.
- 4. Prepare report on Plug in Electric vehicle by visiting a charging station
- 5. Inspect and install inverter of given lead acid battery
- 6. Prepare a report on batteries used from market survey
- 7. Collect specifications of converters and inverters used for Electric vehicles a single lamp control by two switches
- 8. Diagnose, repair and maintain battery used in electric vehicle
- 9. Prepare test procedure for equipment used in Electric vehicle
- 10. List safety procedures and schedule for handling HEVs and EVs.

#### **Course outcomes:**

The theory, practical experiences and relevant soft skills associated with this course are to be taught and implemented, so that the student demonstrates the following industry oriented COs associated with the above mentioned competency:

CO 1 : Interpret the salient features of Hybrid electric vehicles.

CO 2: Interpret the Dynamics of hybrid and Electric vehicles

CO 3: Maintain the DC-DC converters in EV applications.

CO 4: Maintain the DC-AC converters in EV applications

CO 5 : Select the batteries for EV applications.

## **TERM WORK**

## **SEMINAR**

Subject Code	Term Work			No. of Period in one Session : 56			Credits
2025609	No.	of Periods Per W	eek	Full Marks	:	50	02
	L	T	P/S				
	_	_	4	Internal (PA)	:	15	
	_	_	_	External (ESE)	:	35	

## **Course objectives:**

A seminar is a form of academic instruction, either at an academic institution or offered by a commercial or professional organization. It has the function of bringing together small groups for recurring meetings, focusing each time on some particular subject, in which everyone present is requested to participate. This is often accomplished through an ongoing Socratic dialogue with a seminar leader or instructor, or through a more formal presentation of research. It is essentially a place where assigned readings are discussed, questions can be raised and debates can be conducted.

The term *seminar* is also used to describe a research talk, often given by a visiting researcher and primarily attended by academics, research staff, and postgraduate students. Seminars often occur in regular series, but each seminar is typically given by a different speaker, on a topic of that speaker's choosing. Such seminars are not usually a part of a course of study and are therefore not usually associated with any assessment or credit. The term *colloquium* is often used interchangeably with seminar in this sense

## **MAJOR PROJECT**

Subject Code		Term Work		No. of Period in one Session: 84			Credits
2025610	No.	of Periods Per W	eek	Full Marks	:	100	01
	L	T	P/S				
	_	_	06	Internal (PA)	:	30	
	_	_	_	External (ESE)	:	70	

## **Course objectives:**

The projects if done right can help enthusiastic electrical engineering students to develop the skills/profile needed for an exciting career in core technologies. Since practical skills are very important to work on core industries, experts tend to analyse candidate's performance based on their project experience during the interviews.

These projects provide an excellent opportunity to learn and showcase your practical skills to your future interviewers easily. If spent qualitatively you can build a very innovative electrical project and get a great learning experience. By doing so, you will not only develop an innovative project but also develop valuable skills needed for a successful career in core technologies related to electrical engineering. The best way to master a subject is by doing projects. Through a project you not only get a deeper understanding of the subject but also gain hands-on practical experience. If you are looking to do internships in college, thebest way to catch the companies attention is through projects.

Projects are generally done as a combined team effort. Two or more students work under a guide or a staff to get a certain results. By doing a project, you will

- Understand your subject better
- Get practical experience
- Chance to showcase your skills
- Learn about team work, communication skills and responsibilities

When companies look for interns, they prefer students who have good understanding of the subject with atleast some hands on experience. The best to achieve both is by doing projects.

There is no fixed time to do a project. You can do it right from your first year in college. If you are looking to do a technical project, then the best time to start would be mid second year. It's not mandatory that you do many projects but make sure that you atleast do one project. A lot of students tend to do few small projects from their second year and do a big project in their final year. By showcasing your projects, you can even look for internships while in college.

You can do any kind of projects based on your interests or subjects. The best way to go about this is to figure out what you are interested in. So the first step is to find your interest and then do projects in your area of interest.

Find your area of interest and then do a project in that field.

You can start by exploring different areas and then pick the field in which you are interested in. You can learn more about it and start working on small problems.

# TERM WORK COURSE UNDER MOOCS/ SWYAM/ NEPTEL ETC.

Subject Code		Term Work					Credits
2025611				Full Marks	:	50	01
	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	20	
	_	_	02	External (ESE)	:	30	