STATE BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION, BIHAR Scheme of Teaching and Examinations for VITH SEMESTER DIPLOMA IN TEXTILE ENGINEERING

(Effective from Session 2020-21 Batch)

THEORY

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	SUBJECT CODE	TEACHING SCHEME			EXAMIN	NATION – SCH	EME			
			Periods per Week	Hours of Exam.	Teacher's Assessment (TA) Marks (A)	Class Test (CT) Marks (B)	End Semester Exam. (ESE) Marks (C)	Total Marks (A+B+C)	Pass Marks ESE	Pass Marks in the Subject	Credits
1.	Textile Management	2028601	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
2.	Textile Chemistry – II	2028602	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
3.	Textile Testing & Quality Control	2028603	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
4.	Processing of Synthetic & their Blends	2028604	03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	03
5.	Open Elective / COE		03	03	10	20	70	100	28	40	02
	Elective- (i) Nonwoven & Knitting (2028605A)		(ii) Sericultu Silk Techno (2028605B)		(iii) Techni Textiles (20		(iv) Compute Textile Desig (2028605D)			al Intellige nce) (2000	
	Internet of Things (Advance) (2	2000605C)	Drone Techno	ology (A	dvance) (200	0605D)	3D Printing 8	& Design (Advance	(2000605	5G)
	Industrial Automation (Advan (2000605F)	ce)	Electric Vehic	eles (Adv	vance) (2000e	605G)	Robotics (Ad	lvance) (20	000605H)	
		Total: -	15				350	500			14

PRACTICAL

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Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	SUBJECT CODE	TEACHING SCHEME		EXAMIN	IATION – SCH	IEME		Credits
1,00		0022	Periods per	Hours of Exam.	Practica	al (ESE)	Total	Pass Marks	
			Week		Internal (PA)	External (ESE)	Marks	in the Subject	
6.	Textile Chemistry Lab. – II	2028606	04 50% Physical 50% Virtual	03	15	35	50	20	02
7.	Elective Lab / COE Lab		04 50% Physical 50% Virtual	03	20	30	50	20	02
	Textile Testing Lab. – II (20)28608A)		ntelligence ab (2000608B)	(Advar	of Things ace) Lab 608C)	Drone	Technology (Ac Lab (2000608D)	
	3D Printing & Design (Advan (2000608E)	nce) Lab	Industrial Automation (Advance) Lab (2000608F)		Vehicles (A	,	Robotic	es (Advance) (20	000608H)
	Total: - 08						100		04

TERM WORK

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	SUBJECT CODE	TEACHIN G SCHEME	E	XAMINATION –	SCHEME	Credits	
			Periods per week	Marks of Internal (PA)	Marks of External (ESE)	Total Marks	Pass Marks in the Subject	
8.	Textile Chemistry Lab II (TW)	2028609	02	07	18	25	10	01
9.	9. Textile Testing Lab. – II (TW)		04	07	18	25	10	02
10.	Term Work		02	20	30	50	20	01
	Course Under Moocs /NPTEL/ Others TW(2028611)		l Intelligence TW (2000611F	Internet of Thin TW (2000	· ,	Drone To	echnology (Advar (2000611D)	nce) TW
	3D Printing & Design (Advance) TW (2000611E)	(Advar	Automation nce) TW 0611F)	Electric Vehicle TW (2000	` '	Rob	otics (Advance) (2000611H)	ΓW
11.	Project Work & Its presentation in Seminar (TW)	2028612	04	15	35	50	20	02
	Total: - 12		·	•		150		06
Total	Periods per week Each of duration	One Hours	s = 35	·	·	Total	Marks = 750	24

TEXTILE MANAGEMENT

Subject Code		Theory		No of Period in one	e sessio	on: 42	Credits
2028601	No. o	of Periods Per	Week	Full Marks	:	100	
	L	Т	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
	03			TA	:	10	03
				CT	:	20	

Rationale: The subject covers the calculations regarding production and machinery allocation in spinning and weaving and knitting. These calculations are important in day today working plan for a textile mill. This subject also covers selection of site for new industry, Material handling, Building and construction requirement for Textile Mill, It also covers the categories of labour required in textile mills. Costing covers basic conceptual understanding of subject and its application in various methods.

		Contents (Theory)	Hrs
UNIT-1	INTRODU	UCTION:	[04]
	01.01	Objects of Textile Management.	
	01.02	A Brief Profile of Indian Textile Industry.	
	01.03	Technocracy and Management.	
	01.04	Industry as a Social System.	
	01.05	Indian Textile Industry and its Importance.	
	01.06	Primary Principles of Textile Industry.	
	01.07	Management Problems of Indian Textile Industry and their remedies.	
UNIT-2	MACHIN	ERY SPECIFICATION, SELECTION & CALCULATION FOR NO. OF MACHINES	[10]
	02.01	Selection of machines & machinery specifications required for the product in spinning, weaving, knitting.	
	02.02	Calculation for no. of machines in spinning /spin plan.	
	02.02.01	Preparation of organization for ring spinning mill and preparatory departments based on ring spindle capacity and production of ring spun yarn (Carded, Combed, Blended, Folded).	
	02.02.02	Preparing organization of rotor spinning mill.	
	02.03	Calculation regarding efficiency, waste, draft, twist, production rates, amount of raw material required and no. of machinery required at different stages of spinning process.	
	02.04	Calculation for no. of machines in weaving / weave plan - Preparation of organization for shuttle & shuttleless weaving mill and preparatory departments based on number of weaving machines & production of different cloths.	
	02.04.01	Calculation regarding efficiency, waste, crimp, production rates, raw material and no. of machinery required at different weaving processes.	
UNIT-3	PLANT &	MACHINERY LAYOUT	[08]
	03.01	Introduction	
	03.02	Objectives of good plant layout	
	03.03	Principles of layouts,	
	03.04	Types of layouts and their advantages and disadvantages	
	03.05	Flow pattern, work station design, tools and devices of making layouts	
	03.06	Storage space requirements	
	03.07	Plant layout procedure	
	03.08	Factors influencing layouts	
	03.09	To determine the number of machines required for producing desired Quantities of end products (Yarns and Fabric).	
	03.10	Effect of automation on plant layout	
	03.11	Symptoms of bad layout.	
	03.12	Layout aspects of spinning, weaving, knitting and composite mills.	

UNIT-4	SITE SEL	ECTION _	[02]			
	04.01	Introduction				
	04.02	Selection of site for textile mills				
	04.02.01	General location				
	04.02.02	Actual selection of specific site				
	04.03	Factors influencing site selection				
	04.03.01	Climatic considerations, geo-technical report, bearing pressure etc.				
UNIT-5	LABOUR	COMPLIMENT	[02]			
	05.01	Types of labour required				
	05.02	Labour compliment, labour and staff required for spinning and weaving based on workload consideration.				
	05.03	Use of mathematics for number of operations in deciding the workload.				
UNIT-6	MATERIA	LS HANDLING	[05]			
	06.01	Introduction, Definition and functions				
	06.02	Principles of materials handling				
	06.03	Material handling methods, engineering and economic factors, relationship to plant layout				
	06.04	Selection and types of material handling equipments				
	06.05	Study of different types of equipments used for materials handling in spinning, weaving, knitting mills.				
UNIT-7	COSTING					
	07.01	Introduction, definition, classification.				
	07.02	Classification of costing methods				
	07.03	Marginal costing and Break even analysis				
	07.03.01	Classification of costs				
	07.03.02	Assumptions of break even analysis				
	07.03.03	Break even chart, Break even point, Margin of safety and angle of incident				
	07.03.04	Marginal cost, Contribution,				
	07.03.05	P/V ratio and its significance				
	07.03.06	Methods to improve P/V ratio				
	07.03.07	Problems based on break even analysis and marginal costing				
	07.04	Standard costing				
	07.04.01	Classification of Standard cost				
	07.04.02	Methods to determine standard costing				
	07.04.03	Advantages and limitations of standard Costing				
	07.04.04	Types of variances				
	07.04.05	Significance of Revision Variance				
	07.04.06	Problems based on standard costing				
		Total	42			

Books Recommended :-

1.	Practical Cotton Mill Management.	-	Benjamin.
2.	Textile Technocracy.	-	Darab B. Unwalla.
3.	Management of Systems.	-	A. S. Chauhan.
4.	The Textiles.	-	Madan Gaur.
5.	Costing in Cotton Textile Industry.	-	H. K. Verma.
6.	Management of Textile Industry.	-	Dudeja
7.	Textile Project Management	-	A. Ormerod, The Textile Institute Publication.
8.	Project, Planning Analysis, Selection Implementation & Review	-	Prasanna Chandra, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd.
9.	Norms for Process Parameters, Productivity etc. ATIRA, BTRA, SITRA, NITRA.	-	-

<u>TEXTILE CHEMISTRY – II</u>

Subject Code		Theory		No of Period in one	sessio	n: 42	Credits
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	0.2
	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	03

2028602	03	_	_	TA	:	10	
2020002				CT	:	20	

Rationale:

Textile Chemistry is one of the main activities for a diploma holder technician in Textile Engineering. He is required to apply different types of dyes on natural and synthetic fibres finishing of natural fibres, different styles of printing. He must be well versed with the subject of Textile Chemistry.

The subject is being introduced to develop the understanding of Wet Processing, Printing and finishing.

Objective:

After completion of the courses student will be able to :-

- Define the terminologies related with Textile Chemistry.
- Explain the principle and working of Dyeing, Printing and Finishing.
- Methods of application of dyes.
- Understand the Wet processing and their related problem.

		Contents (Theory)	Hrs
UNIT-1	DYEING	<u> </u>	[08]
	01.01	Properties, Selection and application of various dyes like vats, Aniline Black,	
		Azoic, Reactive dyes, Mordant colour, Pre-metallised dyes and other popular	
		dyes used on Cotton, Wool, Silk.	
	01.02	Various after treatments given to dyed goods.	
	01.03	Textile auxiliaries and chemicals used in dyeing and their functions.	
UNIT-2	DYEING	G OF SYNTHETIC FIBRE:	[14]
	02.01	Disperse Dyes – Introduction and properties.	
	02.02	Methods of application on Polyester by High temperature dyeing process,	
		Thermosol process, Carrier method, Rapid dyeing technique.	
	02.03	Brief idea about Dyeing machine like conventional and Modern H P H T Beam	
		Dyeing machine, H P H T Jet Dyeing machine, Winch Dyeing machine.	
	02.04	Dyeing of Polyamide fabric with Disperse dyes, Acid dyes.	
	02.05	Dyeing of Viscose rayon with Direct Dyes, Sulphur Dyes and Vat Dyes.	
	02.06	Dyeing of Acetate rayon with disperse Dyes.	
	02.07	Dyeing of blended textiles and garments.	
UNIT-3	PRINTIN	NG:	[08]
	03.01	Detailed Study of Different styles of printing – Discharge Style, Direct Style,	
		Resists Style.	
	03.02	Comparative study of different styles of printing and their importance.	
	03.03	Printing of cotton with Rapid fast colour and Rapidozones Colour.	
	03.04	Study about Silk goods printing.	
	03.05	Study about Pigment Printing.	
	03.06	Printing of synthetic goods.	

UNIT-4	<u>FINISHIN</u>	<u>NG</u> :	[12]
	04.01	Objects and methods of Finishing.	
	04.02	Classification of various finishes.	

	Total	42
	mangles, cylinder and hot air drying machines, Calenders.	
04.06	A brief Study of finishing machines like – Water mangle, different types of Starching	
04.05	Finishing of Synthetic fibre fabrics.	
04.04	Special study on finishing of woolen materials, Silk fabrics.	
	Raising, Shearing, Heat Setting, Methods of evaluation of finishing effects.	
	resins, Organdy effects, Water repellent finishes, Fire proofing, Rot proofing, Water proofing, Creping, Calendering, Softening and Stiffening finishes,	
	Sanforization, Anticrease, both internal and external application of synthetic	
04.03	Finishing process an overview-	

Reference Books :-

1.	Textile Chemistry, VolI, II, III, Elsewhere Publishing Co.,	-	R. H. Peters.
	New York.		
2.	Modern Techniques of Textile Bleaching, Dyeing and	-	
	Finishing, SITRA Publication.		
3.	Chemical Processing of Cotton, Polyester Cotton Blends	-	J. R. Modi & A. R. Garde.
4.	Dyeing of Polyester blends.	-	M. L. Gulrajani.
5.	Principles and Practice of dyeing.	-	V. A. Shenai.
6.	An Introduction to Textile Finishing.	-	J. T. Marsh.
7.	Textile Printing.	-	Miller.

TEXTILE TESTING & QUALITY CONTROL

Subject Code		Theory		No of Period in one	sessio	n: 42	Credits
· ·	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
2028603	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	2
	03	_	_	TA	:	10	3
				CT	:	20	

Rationale: This subject covers the topics on yarn and fabric properties and their measurement methods. Study of important features of yarn like twist and its effect on yarn properties and fabrics like cover factor, air permeability, stiffness, drape, etc are very much useful. At the same time yarn and fabric tensile properties and fabric bursting, tearing strength etc control the final product.

Objectives:

- i. Testing of yarns and fabrics.
- **ii.** The students must be able to carry out the tests on yarns and fabrics and provide appropriate conclusions.

	Contents (Theory)	Hrs
UNIT-1	YARN TESTING:	[14]
	1.1 Twist in Yarn	
	1.1.1 Introduction, Twist direction, Amount of twist and Use of Twist Multiplier.	
	1.1.2 The function of twist in yarn structure. Twist and yarn strength. Effects of twist on fabric	
	Properties.	
	1.1.3 Methods of determination of twist: Ordinary Twist tester (or, straightened fibre method),	
	Continuous Twist tester, Twist Contraction method, Take – up Twist tester, The Quadrant twist	
	tester.	
	1.2 Yarn Strength.	
	1.2.1 Introduction.	
	1.2.2 Forces for Strength, Factors affecting the tensile Properties of textiles and the results obtained from	
	testing instruments.	
	1.2.3 Principles of tensile testing machines – CRL and CRE Principles.	
	1.2.4 The Pendulum Lever Principle with Constant Rate of Traverse. The Inclined Plane Principle.	
	1.2.5 Determination of Yarn Strength: Single thread Strength tester, Uster Single thread strength tester,	
	Instron tester, Scott Inclined plane tester, Lea Tester.	
	1.2.6 Ballistic Principle or the Impact Principle, Ballistic Tester.	
	1.2.7 The Count – Strength Product (CSP).	
UNIT-2	FABRIC TESTING	[16]
	2.1 Introduction, Quality Particulars of Fabric.	
	2.2 Fabric Length and its measurement.	
	2.3 Fabric Width and its measurement.	
	2.4 Fabric Thickness: Introduction, Principle of the measurement of Fabric Thickness. Methods of	
	measuring thickness (Heal's thickness gauge, Reynolds and Branson thickness tester, Shirley	
	thickness gauge).	
	2.5 Fabrics weight and its measurement. Threads per inch in woven fabric.	
	2.6 Crimp of Yarn in Fabric: Crimp, Crimp Percentage and Crimp Amplitude. Crimp and fabric	
	properties. Measurement of Crimp Percentage. W.I.R.A. Crimp tester, Manra Crimp tester.	
	2.7 Fabric Strength:.	
	2.7.1 Tensile Strength testing : Introduction, Ravelled Strip method, cut Strip method and Grab method.	
	Methods of Measuring Tensile Strength: Combined Tensile strength tester (vertical), Horizontal	
	cloth tester.	
	2.7.2 Tearing Strength testing: Introduction. Methods of measuring the Tearing Strength: Tongue, tear	
	test, Tongue Double rip tear test, Trapezoid tear, Ballistic tear test and Wing rip tear test. Tearing	
	Strength by 'Shirley' double Pendulum ballistic tester.	
	2.7.3 Bursting Strength testing: Introduction, Methods of Measuring Bursting strength. Hydraulic	
	Bursting strength tester. 2.7.4 Fabric Stiffness, Handle and Drape: Introduction, Drape and its measurement by Drape–Meter.	
	Stiffness and its measurement. Shirley' stiffness tester. Heart–loop tests.	
	2.7.5 Crease Resistance and Crease Recovery: Introduction. Measurement of Crease recovery. 'Shirley'	
	Crease Recovery tester.	
	2.7.6 Serviceability, Wear and Abrasion Resistance: Introduction. Testing of Abrasion Resistance.	
	B.F.T Abrasion testing machine. Martindle Abrasion tester.	
	2.7.7 Pilling of fabrics and its measurement. I.C.I. Pilling tester.	
	1 2.7.8 Air Permeability: Introduction, Measurement of Air Permeability. Shirley Air Permeability	
	2.7.8 Air Permeability: Introduction, Measurement of Air Permeability, 'Shirley' Air Permeability tester, Air Permeability and Fabric Properties.	

	Total	42
	4.6 Importance of Quality control in textile.	
	4.5 Product control.	
	Application of Quality control charts in Textile Industry.	
	Control Limits, Types of Control charts: Control chart for variables & Control charts for Attributes.	
	4.4 Quality Control Chart: concepts, Use of control chart, Advantages of using quality control charts.	
	4.2 Causes of Variation in Quanty. Chance causes and Assignable causes. 4.3 Techniques of S.Q.C.: Process Control and Product control and Process Control.	
	4.1 Introduction, Objectives of Quality Control, Advantages of Statistical Quality Control.4.2 Causes of Variation in Quality: Chance causes and Assignable causes.	
UNIT-4	STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL:	[06]
	3.4 Oster Classifiat. 3.5 Hairiness in spun yarn and its measurement.	
	3.3 Causes of Irregularity. Effects of Irregularity. Interpretation of the results of irregularity tests.3.4 Uster Classimat.	
	Uster Evenness Tester.	
	3.2 Methods of measuring Irregularity: Visual Examination Methods, Fielden–Walker Evenness Tester,	
	3.1 Introduction. Nature of Irregularity. Classification of variation. Index of Irregularity.	
UNIT-3	EVENESS TESTING:	[06]
	2.7.12 Denison Tensile Testing machine (for Cords, ropes and heavy industrial fabrics).	
	2.7.11 Shrinkage Tests: Introduction to Shrinkage, Relaxation and Felting. Testing for Shrinkage.	
	2.7.10 Flammability.	
	Methods of Testing & Wettability of Cotton fabrics. Spray Test.	
	Proof, Water Proof, Water Repellent and Basic Concept of wetting and water repellency.	
	2.7.9 Water and Fabric Relationships: Introduction, Water Permeability, Absorbability, Shower	

Books Recommended:

O1. Principle of Textile Testing
O2. Hand Books of Methods of Testing
O3. Hand Books of Textile Testing & Quality Control
O4. ISI Hand Books of Textile Testing
O5 Textile Testing
O6. Textile Testing
O7. Textile Testing and Analysis
O8. J.E. Booth
C.T.R.L.
Grover
I.S.I.
Skinkle
Angappan
Textile Testing and Analysis
Vaishnav. Joshi

PROCESSING OF SYNTHETIC & THEIR BLENDS

Subject Code		Theory		No of Period in one	e sessio	n: 42	Credits
2028604	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
2020001	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	2
	03	_	_	TA	:	10	3
				CT	:	20	

		Contents (Theory)	Hrs
UNIT-1	GENEI	RAL INTRODUCTION TO SPINNING:	[02]
	01.01	Introduction, General information on manmade.	
	01.02	Common systems of Spinning of staple fibres. Cotton system of spinning.	
	01.03	Fibre characteristics and spinnability such as staple length, Fibre	
		denier (Fineness), Fibre strength, Crimp, Fibre finish, Merge number.	
	01.04	Fibre Properties and end – uses.	
UNIT-2	BLENI	<u>DING</u> :	[04]
	02.01	Introduction and Reason for Blending. The aim of Blending.	
	02.02	Principles of fibre selection.	
	02.03	Measures of blending. Migration. Tinting.	
	02.04	Selection of blend constituent.	
	02.05	Mechanics of blending. Blending at blowroom. Blending at drawframe. Relative merits and demerits of different blending methods. Optimum blending method.	
UNIT-3	BLOW	ROOM:	[04]
	03.01	Introduction.	
	03.02	Conditioning.	
	03.03	Typical Sequence of blowroom machines.	
	03.04	Principles of Opening.	
	03.05	Bale Breaker, Krischner beater.	
	03.06	Speed and settings.	
	03.07	General Considerations such as Grid bars, Calender– roller Pressure, Draft between	
		cages, calendars and lap roller, Pneumatic conveyance, Lap spindle, Lap licking, Lap weight, Lap storage, Atmospheric conditions etc. Waste and Production.	
JNIT-4	CARDI	ING:	[04]
	04.01	Introduction and objectives of carding.	
	04.02	Intensity of carding, Card clothing, Speeds and settings,	
	04.03	General Considerations, Waste and Production.	
	04.04	Card Auto-Levellers,	
	04.05	Fibre Hooks. Formation of Fibre Hook, Tracer Fibre Technique.	
	04.06	Carding faults & their elimination.	
	04.07	Process control of man – made Fibres & their blends.	
UNIT-5	DRAW	ING:	[04]
	05.01	Introduction and objectives of drawframe.	
	05.02	Blending at drawframe.	
	05.03	Drafting Systems.	
	05.04	Roller lapping: causes and remedies.	
	05.05	General considerations.	
	05.06	Waste, Production and Unevenness.	
	05.07	Theory of drafting for removal of hooks in sliver.	
UNIT-6	ROVI	NG:	[03]
	06.01	Introduction and objects.	
	06.02	Drafting systems adopted for man- made fibres and blends.	
	06.03	Roller Setting.	
	06.04	Spindle speed.	
	06.05	Roving twist and False – twist attachments.	
	06.06	General considerations.	
	06.07	Production and Unevenness.	
UNIT-7	RING S	SPINNING:	[04]
	07.01	Introduction and objects.	
	07.01		

	07.02	V . · ·	
	07.03	Yarn twist.	
	07.04	Spindle speed. Spinning rings and travelers.	
	07.05	Yarn hairiness. Cancerl considerations Food Poller Legging and Poller weighting New agrees Fibra	
		General considerations. Feed, Roller Lapping and Roller weighting. New aprons, Fibre Lubricant film.	
	07.07	Yarn quality and Common Yarn faults. Waste and Production.	
UNIT-8	SPINNI	ING OF DYED FIBRES:	[02]
	08.01	Introduction.	
	08.02	Fibre dyeing.	
	08.03	Application of antistatic finish and Segregation.	
	08.04	Spinning Processes.	
	08.05	Effect of dyeing on Fibre Properties.	
	08.06	Waste and Yarn quality.	
UNIT-9	WIND	ING AND DOUBLING:	[03]
	09.01	Introduction.	
	09.02	Winding machine.	
	09.03	General Considerations.	
	09.04	Doubler winding.	
	09.05	Doubling.	
UNIT-10	PROPE	CRTIES OF BLENDED YARNS:	[02]
	10.01	Introduction.	
	10.02	Influence of fibre Properties and blend composition on yarn properties. Yarn tenacity. Breaking extension. Yarn evenness.	
UNIT-11	PROCE	ESSING OF STAPLE FIBRES IN WOOLLEN AND WORSTED SPINNING	[04]
01121	SYSTE		[^-]
	11.01	Methods of Man-made Fibre Processing in Worsted Spinning.	
	11.02	Tow Conversion Technique: Cutting, abrasion and stretch– breaking. Stapling of Tow by Cutting. Stapling of Tow by Stretch – Breaking.	
	11.03	Blending wool with Man-made fibres.	
	11.04	Processing of Polyester/wool blends on Worsted system.	
	11.05	Processing of Acrylic/ wool blends on worsted system.	
	11.06	Processing of Acrylic /wool blends on woolen system.	
UNIT-12	WEAV	ING:	[02]
	12.01	Brief study of Weaving of Synthetic : Warping, Sizing, Beaming, Looming, Weaving on Loom.	
UNIT-13	WET P	ROCESSING:	[04]
	13.01	Brief study of wet Processing of synthetic and their blends grey inspection and Preparation of the stain, stamping, Bleaching, Mercerization, Heat setting, Dyeing, Printing and Finishing.	
		Total	42

NONWOVEN & KNITTING

Subject Code		Theory		No of Period in one	e sessio	n: 45	Credits
2028605A	No. o	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
	03	_	_	TA	:	10	02
				CT	:	20	

Rationale: The subject deals with manufacturing techniques and properties of different types of nonwoven fabrics. These topics are essential to the students to understand the selection of a particular type of nonwoven for a specific application

UNIT	CONTENTS (Theory)	Hrs
	Section I	
UNIT-1	Introduction to Nonwovens	2
	Introduction, definition, Properties, Classification of Nonwovens Raw-materials fibres, binding agents.	
UNIT-2	Web Formation Techniques	3
	Parallel laid webs, Cross laid webs, Random laid webs, Air laid webs.	
UNIT-3	Web Bonding Techniques	7
	Thermal bonding – Hot calendaring – area bonding, point bonding and Embossing, Belt Calendaring, through air, Ultrasonic bonding.	
	Chemical (Adhesive) bonding – Bonding Process, bonding methods - Saturation, Foam, Spray, Print and powder bonding and applications.	
	Spun-bonding – Principles, Physical properties of spun-bonded fabrics.	
	Spunlace nonwovens (Hydroentanglement) – Process, Properties of spun-lace fabrics, Applications.	
	Melt-blown nonwovens – Properties and Applications.	
UNIT-4	Needle Punched Nonwovens	5
	Needle Punching looms – up-punching, Down Punching, Single needle board, Multiboard.	
	Needling Parameters, Needle Board parameters, Needle type and specifications.	
	Production techniques – Continuous, Off-line final needling, Factors affecting production	
	Major applications: Floor covering, Domestic Blankets, Industrial belts.	
UNIT-5	Finishing of Nonwovens	4
	Dry Finishing – Shrinkage, Wrenching, Creeping, Crabbing, Calendering and Crabbing, Splitting, Singeing	
	Wet Finishing – Washing, Dyeing, Printing	
	Chemical Finishes – Antistats, Antimicrobials, Water repellents, UV absorbers, Flame retardants, Absorbency and rewetters, Soil-release.	
	Nonwoven defects.	
	Section II	
UNIT-6	Introduction to Knitting Introduction: Properties of Knitted Fabrics, Comparison of woven and knitted, Terms and Definitions, Classification of Warp and Weft knitting machines, Comparison of Warp and Weft knitting.	5
	Knitting Needle Types: Needle Types - Latch needle, Bearded Needle, Compound needle, Advantages and disadvantages of different needles.	

UNIT-7	Weft Knitting Structures	5
	Weft Knit Structures: Symbolic representation, Features and Properties of Plain Single Jersey, Rib-, Interlock and Purl knit structure.	
	Designing of Weft Knit Structures: Ornamentation of Plain-knit Fabrics. Derivatives of plain knit (Single Jersey) – Knit and float, knit and tuck, knit, float and tuck.	
UNIT-8	Weft Knitting Machines	8
	Weft Knitting Machines	
	Plain Single Jersey knitting machine – Knitting Elements - Cams, Cylinder, Feed yarn carriers, Take-up mechanisms; Operation Cycle – Clearing, Feeding, Knitting Position.	
	Circular Rib knitting machine – Operation Cycle – Rest, Clearing, Feeding, Knitting Position.	
	Circular Interlock knitting machine—Operation Cycle.	
	Purl knitting machine – Operation Cycle.	
UNIT-9	Warp Knitting Machines	4
	Warp Knitting Machines: Classification – Tricot Machine, Raschel Machine – Main Parts, Knitting elements, Knitting cycle, Comparison of Tricot and Raschel Machines and Fabrics.	
UNIT-10	Fabric Defects	2
	Fabric Defects: Warp and Weft knit	
	Production calculation	
	Total	45

Learning Resources:-

Text Books:

1 Introduction to Nonwovens Technology. By Subhash K. Batra, Nonwovens Cooperative Research Center, North Carolina State University

- 2 Needle-punching A. T. Purdy, Textile Institute, Monograph series No. 3 3 Knitting Technology Prof. D. B. Ajgaonkar
- 4 Knitting By Anbumani

References:

- 1 Handbook of nonwovens, Woodhead Publishing
- 2 Nonwoven Bonded fabrics, J. Lunenschloss & W Albrecht, John Wiley & sons
- 3 Knitting Technology by Marks and Spencer.

SERICULTURE AND SILK TECHNOLOGY

Subject Code		Theory		No of Period in one	e sessio	n: 45	Credits
2028605B	No.	of Periods Per V	Week	Full Marks	:	100	
2020002	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
	03	_	_	TA	:	10	02
				CT	:	20	

Rationale:

Silk is called as queen of textile world. Fabrics made of silk are much in demand because of its durability and appearance. The production of Silk yarns has increased keeping the pace with market demand.

"Sericulture and Silk Technology" is being offered as an elective for those students who are interested in enhancing their knowledge and skill in this field. The course is designed for the students to go a bit deep into the subject which may be useful for their career advancement.

Objective:

A student will be able to understand :-

- Sericulture industry, Silk worms seed production, Silk worm rearing etc.
- Silk reeling and silk throwing.
- Silk weaving and processing industry.

		Contents (Theory)	Hrs
UNIT-1	SERICU	ULTURE:	[11]
	01.01	Mulberry Cultivation.	
	01.02	Diseases and pests of mulberry.	
	01.03	Silk worms seed production – Embryonic growth – Hibernating eggs.	
	01.04	General Principles of Silk worm rearing.	
	01.05	Primary requisites for successful silk worm rearing.	
	01.06	Facilities for rearing, disinfection, brushing.	
	01.07	Environmental conditions for silk worm rearing.	
	01.08	Bed cleaning.	
	01.09	Spacing, mounting and harvesting.	
	01.10	Diseases and pests of silk worm.	
UNIT-2	COCO	ONS:	[06]
	02.01	Physical and Commercial characteristics.	
	02.02	Sorting of cocoons.	
	02.03	Cocoon testing, Storage of cocoons, Stifling of cocoons, Drying	
		of cocoons.	
	02.04	Cooking of cocoons – Various methods employed.	
UNIT-3	REELI	NG:	[06]
	03.01	Silk Reeling.	
	03.02	Methods of Silk reeling – Charkha, Cottage basins, Filatures.	
	03.03	Raw Silk testing.	
	03.04	Packing of raw silk, Utilisation of by – products.	

UNIT-4	SILK T	HROWING:	[04]
	04.01	Manufacture of yarns for use in ordinary, Chiffon, Crepe, Georgets fabrics.	
	04.02	Number of plies and different twist levels used.	
	04.03	Recent developments in Silk throwing industry.	
UNIT-5	WEAV	ING INDUSTRY:	[08]
	05.01	Preparation of warp and weft Yarn.	
	05.02	Different machinery employed in small scale and organised sections.	
	05.03	Silk Weaving – Handloom and Powerloom Weaving.	
	05.04	Special features of Silk looms.	
UNIT-6	PROCE	SSING INDUSTRY:	[06]
	06.01	Degumming and drying of silk yarns.	
	06.02	Dyeing of silk by different dyes.	
	06.03	Printing of Silk goods.	
	06.04	Finishing of Silk fabrics.	
UNIT-7	SPUN S	ILK INDUSTRY:	[04]
	07.01	Introduction regarding Spun Silk Industry.	
	1	Total	45

Reference Books:-

1. Hand Book of Practical Sericulture. - S. R. Ullal & M. N. Narasimhanna.

2. F. A. O. Publications.

TECHNICAL TEXTILES

		Theory		No of Period in one	Credits		
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
Subject Code 2028605C	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
2028605C	03	_	_	TA	:	10	02
				CT	:	20	

Rationale: This subject covers technical textiles like geotextiles, industrial fabrics like filtration fabrics, coated fabrics and other miscellaneous functional textiles.

Objectives:

- Introduce the students to the unconventional uses of textiles in medical, sports and the fields of agriculture.
- Learn in details the various finishing requirements of these textiles to be used as technical textiles. □

	Contents (Theory)	Hrs
UNIT-1	Introduction: Definition and scope of "Technical Textiles", Classification, Products, market overview and growth projections of technical textiles. Brief idea about technical fibers, yarns and fabric structures.	[03]
UNIT-2	Hi Tech Fibres: Speciality/High performance fibres: Ultra fine, micro fibres, nano fibers, Hollow fibers, Aramid fibers, Carbon fibers, glass fibers.	[03]
UNIT-3	Textile - Reinforced Composite Materials: Introduction, classification of composite materials, Reinforcement materials, Matrix/Resin, Brief idea about manufacturing processes of Composites, Applications of Composites. Composite Testing.	[05]
UNIT-4	Fabric finishing, coating and lamination: Flame retardant finishes, Water and soil repellent finishes and antimicrobial finishes. Coating techniques. Classification of Laminates and Types of laminates.	[05]
UNIT-5	Textiles in Filtration: Introduction, Principles of wet and dry filtrations. Mechanisms of separation. Fiber and fabric selection for filtration, Characteristic properties of fibers and fabrics in filtration.	[05]
UNIT-6	Automotive Textiles: Introduction, Applications of technical textiles in passenger Cars, other road vehicles, Aircraft and Rail, Fibers used for automotive applications – upholstery, carpeting, pre-formed parts, type safety devices, filters and engine compartment items. Brief idea about manufacturing processes and application of these devices or parts.	[06]
UNIT-7	Geo- Textiles: Introduction, Geo synthetics and its field, functions and application areas of geo textiles and parameters influencing this functions, fibers and fabric selection criteria for geo textile applications. Functions of Geo-textiles- filtration, reinforcement, drainage, road & railway work, erosion control, etc.	[08]
UNIT-8	Medical Textiles: Introduction, Fibers used, Classification of Medical Textiles, Non- implantable materials, Extracorporeal Devices, Implantable materials, Healthcare/ Hygiene products.	[06]
UNIT-9	Other Fields of technical Textiles: Protective and defense textiles, Agro textiles, Textiles in Packaging, Textiles in Sports, etc.	[04]
	Total	45

Books Recommended:

- 1. Handbook of Technical Textiles, Ed. A R Horrocks and S C Anand, Woodhead Publication Ltd., Cambridge, 2000.
- 2. Wellington Sears Handbook of Industrial Textiles, Ed. Sabit Adanaur, Technimic Publishing Company, Inc., Pennyslavania, USA, 1995.
- 3. Engineering with Geosynthetics, Ed. G V Rao and G V S Raju, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 1990.
- 4. Geo- Textiles NWM John.
- 5. Non- Woven Bonded Fabrics J. Lunenschloss W. Albrecht.

COMPUTER AIDED TEXTILE DESIGN

		Theory		No of Period in one	Credits		
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	100	
2028605D	L	T	P/S	ESE	:	70	02
2028605D	03	_	_	TA	:	10	02
				CT	:	20	

Rationale:

Computer Aided Textile Design are much in demand because of its own quality and varieties. The computer aided textile design, therefore, has increased keeping the pace with market demand.

The 'Computer Aided Textile Design' is being offered as an elective for those students who are interested in increasing their knowledge and skill in this field. The course is designed for the students to go a bit deep in to the subject which may be useful for their career advancement.

Objective:

A student will be able to understand –

- Concept of computer graphics.
- Language and their interpreters.
- Basic concept of design.
- Realisation of the Algorithm.
- Programming.

		Contents (Theory)	Hrs			
UNIT-1	CONCE	EPT OF COMPUTER GRAPHICS:	[04]			
	01.01	Idea about Data Structure, data bases and list handlings.	(02)			
	01.02	Picture structure and transformations.	(02)			
UNIT-2	LANGU	JAGE AND THEIR INTERPRETERS:	[08]			
	02.01	Idea about interaction handling, display processor, display file and picture file organisation.	(04)			
	02.02	Language concepts of interactive computer graphics.	(04)			
UNIT-3	BASIC CONCEPT OF DESIGNS:					
	03.01	Basic concept of computer aided Textile designs.	(02)			
	03.02	Advantages to the system.	(01)			
	03.03	Characteristics of the range of computer.	(02)			
	03.04	Description of a regular surface pattern, lattice, symmetry elements, point group, plane group.	(03)			
	03.05	Basic idea of a general algorithm, the independent motif part, choice of lattice mathematical description of symmetry operations.	(04)			

UNIT-4	REALIS	SATION OF THE ALGORITHM:	[12]
	04.01	Principles of realisation of the algorithm.	(02)
	04.02	Properties.	(01)
	04.03	Limitations.	(01)
	04.04	Comparison of methods.	(02)
	04.05	Programmes.	(06)
UNIT-5	PROGR	AMMING:	[09]
	05.01	Computer programmes of simple woven textile design (plan, Twill).	(07)
	05.02	Principles linking CAP system with production machineries.	(02)
		Total	45

A) Course Code : 2000605B/2000608B/2000611B

B) Course Title : Artificial Intelligence (Advance)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Artificial Intelligence (Basic)

D) Rationale

In Artificial Intelligence (Basic) course, students have learned the basics for Artificial Intelligence problem solving techniques, data analytics and articulates the different dimensions of these areas. This Artificial Intelligence (Advance) course offers the students the comprehension of Machine learning which is a subsetof artificial intelligence in the field of computer. The course also exposes students to Tens or flow a Python-based open source library for numerical computation used in machine learning and developing neural networks. After completing the course students will be able to implement various techniques used in machine learning and neural networks using open source tools.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensurethe accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Elaborate the use of Machine learning in Artificial Intelligence.
- CO-2 Implement various supervised and unsupervised learning models and methods.
- **CO-3** Illustrate Artificial neural networks and its applications.
- CO-4 Implement various Neural network models and Learning Methods.
- **CO-5** Solve machine learning and artificial neural network problems using Tens or flow.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course Outcome		Programme Specific Outcomes* (PSOs							
s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledg e	PO-2 Problem Analysi s	PO-3 Design/De velopment of Solutions		PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainabilityand Environment	PO-6 Project Manageme nt	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	-	2	2	-	-	-	1		
CO-2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-3	-	3	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-4	3	1	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-5	3	3	3	3	-	-	2		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

^{*:} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs isoptional

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

Boar	Cours e Code	Cours e Title	Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)							
dof Study			Instr	sroom uctio (CI) T	Lab Instructio n(LI)	Notiona lHours (TW+ SL)	Total Hour s (CI+LI+TW+ SL)	Tota l Credi t (C)		
	2000605 B/20006 08B/200 0611B	Artificial intelligence (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05		

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

			Assessment Scheme (Marks)							
	Course Code	Cour se Titl e	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work &Self- Learning Assessment (TWA)		Lab Assessme nt(LA)		(TA+TWA+LA)	
Boar dof Stu dy			Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TV	
	2000605 B/20006 08B/200 0611B	Artificial Intelligenc e (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200	

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the

attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant Cos Number (s)
TSO 1a. Describe the basic terminology of Machinelearning TSO 1b. Explain the concept of dataset and ways to handle them TSO 1c. illustrate the process of dataset division TSO 1d. Explain process involved in machine learning	Unit – 1: Introduction to machine learning Concept of Machine Learning, Define Learning, Learn the Network, Evaluate the Network, datasets and ways to handle them, Feature sets, Dataset division: test, train and validation sets, cross validation. Applications of Machine Learning, processes involved in Machine Learning	CO-1
TSO 2a. Identify the category or class of aparticular dataset using KNN algorithm TSO 2b. Use Linear regression for predictiveanalysis TSO 2c. Predict the categorical dependent variable using Logistic Regression TSO 2d. Use SVM for classification problems inMachine Learning TSO 2e. determine the performance of the classification models TSO 2f. evaluate the performance of the classification model using ROC-curve TSO 2g Explain characteristics of Unsupervised learning. TSO 2h. Explain different clustering methods TSO 2i. Implement K-means clustering algorithm to group the unlabeled dataset	Unit 2: Supervised and unsupervised learning Supervised learning: Introduction to Supervised Learning, K- Nearest Neighbor, Linear Regression, LogisticRegression, Support Vector Machine (SVM), Evaluation Measures: confusion matrix, precision, precision and recall, ROC- Curve (Receiver Operating Characteristic curve) Unsupervised learning: Introduction to Unsupervised Learning, Introduction to clustering, Types of Clustering: Hierarchical, Agglomerative Clustering and Divisive clustering; PartitionalClustering - K-means clustering. Expectation-Maximization (EM) Algorithm	CO-2
TSO 3a. Explain Structure and working of BiologicalNeural Network. TSO 3b. differentiate between Artificial Neural Network and Biological Neural Network TSO 3c. State key historical points in development of ANN TSO 3d. Explain the architecture of an artificialneural network	Unit 3: Introduction to neural networks Structure and working of Biological Neural Network, Fundamentals of Artificial Neural Networks & Applications, Characteristics of Artificial Neural Networks, History of neuralnetwork research, characteristics of neural networks terminology.	CO-3
TSO 4a. Use neuron McCulloch – Pitts model indesigning logical operations TSO 4b. Apply Rosenblatt's Perceptron to solve linear classification problems	Unit 4: Neural networks models and LearningMethods Models of neuron McCulloch – Pitts model,	CO-4

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant Cos Number (s)
TSO 4c. Implement Adaptive Linear Neuron (Adaline)training algorithm in neural network TSO 4d. Use Backpropagation neural training algorithm TSO 4e. Use ART (Adaptive Resonance Theory)learning model TSO 4f: Implement Bidirectional Associative Memory (BAM) model in Artificial Neural Network		, ,
TSO 5a. Illustrate the features of Tens or flow TSO 5b. Manipulate tensors TSO 5c. Explain features of Tens or Board visualization TSO 5d Explain the concept and features of Tens or flow playground	features of TensorFlow, Tensor Data structure- Rank, shape, type, one dimension and two-dimension tensor, Tensor handling and manipulations, Tensor board visualization- symbols Tensors, Variables, Automatic differentiation, Graphs and tf.function, modules layers and models, training loops, features of Tens or flow playground- data ,the ration of train and test data, features, hidden layers, Epoch, learning rate, activation function, regularization, problem type	CO-5

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical: (2000608B)

Practical/Lab SessionOutcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSO 1.1 Implement data classification algorithms	1	Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.	CO-2
LSO 2.1 Implement Machine learning algorithms LSO 2.2 Evaluate the performance of classification model	2	 (a) Implement SVM for Iris Dataset- download thedataset from (https://gist.github.com/netj/8836201) (b) Find confusion matrix and evaluation matrix for SVM Hint: SVM model can be constructed using sklearn command, import pandas as pd from sklearn.svm import SVC from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix from sklearn.metrics import classification_report from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score 1. Read the csv Iris dataset file 2. Condition the data 3. Condition the training and Testing data 4. Construct the Linear model 5. Test the model with Linear kernel 6. Prepare confusion matrix 7. prepare Classification Report 	CO-2

Practical/Lab SessionOutcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSO 3.1 Perform clustering operations using k-means algorithm	3	a) Explore k-means algorithm for the small sample dataset.	CO-2
LSO 4.1 Perform clustering operations using EM algorithm	4	b) Explore k-means algorithm for Iris Dataset Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.	CO-2
LSO 5.1 Build artificial neural networkLSO 5.2 Test artificial neural network	5	Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriate data sets.	CO-4
LSO 6.1 Detect features or business intelligence in the input data using perceptron	6	Implement the perceptron algorithm from scratch in python.	CO-4
LSO 7.1 Use Tensors for given problems	7	Write a programme to implement two dimension and three-dimension Tensor.	CO5
LSO 8.1 Use basic features for tensor handling and manipulations	8	Write a programme to add and multiply two 4x4 matrix, you can Import "tens or flow" and "numpy".	CO5
LSO 9.1 Test artificial intelligence (AI) algorithms through the use of Google's TensorFlow machinelearning libraries.	9	Solve a classification problem on the Tens or flow playground. Hint: refer https://www.educba.com/tensorflow-playground/	CO5
LSO 10.1 Implement artificial intelligence(AI) algorithms through the useof Google's TensorFlow machine learning libraries LSO 10.2 perform predictive analysis using linear regression	10	Implement algorithm for linear regression in tens or flow	CO5, CO2

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611B): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

Use python programming for the solutions of Microproject problems

- 1. (a) Create a Bar plot to get the frequency of the three species of the Iris data.
 - (b) Create a Pie plot to get the frequency of the three species of the Iris data.
- (c) Write a Python program to create a graph to find relationship between the sepal length and width.
- 2. (a) Write a Python program to split the iris dataset into its attributes (X) and labels (y). The X variable contains the first four columns (i.e. attributes) and y contains the labels of the dataset.
 - (b) Write a Python program using Scikit-learn to split the iris dataset into 70% train data and 30% test data. Out of total 150 records, the training set will contain 120 records and the test set contains 30 of those records. Print both datasets.
- 3. Conduct performance analysis of Classification Algorithms (any 2) on a specific dataset.

M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be assessed to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation Matrix								
	Theory Assessment (TA)**		Term Work Assessment (TWA)			Lab Assessment (LA)#			
COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	Theory L		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment			End Laboratory		
	Class/Mi dSem		Assignments	Micro Project	Other Activities	Assessment (PLA)	Assessment (ELA)		
	Test			s s	*	(2 222)	(22:1)		
CO-1	20%	15%	30%	20%	30%				
CO-2	10%	25%	20%	20%	20%	30%	33%		
CO-3	30%	25%	30%	20%	20%				
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	20%	30%	30%	33%		
CO-5	20%	15%	10%	20%		40%	34%		
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30		
Mark s				50					

Legend:

* Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

** : Mentioned under point- (N) # : Mentioned under point- (O)

Note:

• The percentage given are approximate

- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo	Relevan tCOs	Total Mark	ETA (Marks)		
	m Instructio n(CI) Hour s	Number (s)	S	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)
Unit-1.0. Introduction to machine learning	7	CO1	11	5	4	2
Unit-2.0. Supervised and unsupervised learning	10	CO2	18	5	6	7
Unit-3.0. Introduction to neural networks	10	CO3	17	5	7	5
Unit-4.0.Neural networks models and Learning Methods	8	CO4	14	3	3	8
Unit-5.0. Tensor flow	10	CO5	10	2	6	2
Total Marks	45		70	20	26	24

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		F	Relevant]	PLA/EL	A
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs Numbero s)		Perfor	mance PDA* *(%)	Viva - Voc
				(%)		e (%)
1.	Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbor algorithm toclassify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.		CO- 2	-	80	20
2.	(a) Implement SVM for Iris Dataset- download the dataset from(https://gist.github.com/netj/8836201) (b) Find confusion matrix and evaluation matrix for SVM		CO- 2	-	80	20
3.	a) Explore k-means algorithm for the small sample dataset.b) Explore k-means algorithm for Iris Dataset		CO- 2	20	70	10
4.	Apply EM algorithm to cluster a set of data stored in a .CSV file. Use the same data set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.		CO- 2	-	80	20
5.	Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagation algorithm and test the same using appropriatedata sets.		CO- 4	10	70	20
6.	Implement the perceptron algorithm from scratch in python.		CO- 4	10	70	20
7.	Write a programme to implement two dimension and three-dimension Tensor.		CO- 5	-	80	20
8.	Write a programme to add and multiply two 4x4 matrix, you can Import "tens or flow" and "numpy".		CO- 5	-	80	20
9.	Solve a classification problem on the Tens or flow playground.		CO- 5	20	70	10
10.	Implement algorithm for linear regression in tens or flow		CO- 2, CO- 5	10	70	20

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ ImplementationStrategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Group Discussion, Portfolio Based Learning, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

P) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.	Name of	Broad Specifications	Relevant
No.	Equipment, Tools and Software		Experiment/Practic alNumber
1.	Computer Systems	Desktop Computers with i3 processor, 16 GB RAM, 512 GBHDD	S. No. 1 to 10
2.	Online Python IDE	https://www.online-python.com/	S. No. 1 to 10
3.	Jupyter Notebook	Download from https://jupyter.org/	S. No. 1 to 10
4.	Pip Python package manager	Download Pip 22.3 From https://pypi.org/project/pip/	S. No. 1 to 10
5.	Google colab	https://colab.research.google.com/github/tensorflow/docs/blob/master/site/en/tutorials/quickstart/beginner.ipynb#scrollTo=DUNzJc4jTj6G	S. No. 1 to 10
6.	Various modules, Libraries and Packages	Tens or flow, NumPy, Pandas, package	S. No. 1 to 10

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.			
1.	Machine Learning using Python	Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar	Wiley, ISBN-10: 8126579900 ISBN-13: 978-8126579907
2.	Introduction to Machine Learning	Jeeva Jose	Khanna Book Publishing Co. (P) ltd, 2020.ISBN-10: 9389139066 ISBN-13: 978-9389139068
3.	Machine Learning for Dummies	John Paul Mueller and Luca Massaron, For Dummies,	For Dummies; 2nd edition,ISBN-10: 1119724015 ISBN-13: 978-1119724018
4.	Machine Learning	Rajeev Chopra	Khanna Book Publishing Co., 2021ISBN-10: 9789386173423 ISBN-13: 978-9386173423
6.	Learn TensorFlow 2.0: Implement Machine Learning and Deep LearningModels with Python	Pramod Singh, Avinashmanure	Apress, 978-1484255605 ISBN-10: 1484255607 ISBN-13: 978-1484255605
7	Artificial Intelligence: Concepts, Techniques and Applications	Alexis Keller	States Academic Press, 2022 ISBN -9781649649245
8	Artificial Intelligence: An Introduction	Jacob Pearson	Willford Press 2022 ISBN 9781682860911
9	Fundamentals of Machine Learning	Mia Williams	Willford Press 2022 ISBN 9781682860920
10	Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach	Emilia Stones	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728525

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. NPTEL Course: Introduction to Machine Learning, Prof. Balaraman Ravindran, IIT Madras
- 2. https://www.tensorflow.org/resources/learn-ml
- 3. https://www.tutorialspoint.com/tensorflow/index.htm
- 4. https://www.javatpoint.com/tensorflow
- 5. https://developers.google.com/machine-learning/crash-course/exercises

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others:

Data Source:

- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/auto-mpg/
- https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/iris.data
- https://www.kaggle.com/arshid/iris-flower-dataset
- https://www.kaggle.com/rohankayan/years-of-experience-and-salary-dataset

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Sanjay Agrawal (Coordinator)
- Dr. R. K. Kapoor (Co-coordinator)

Course Code : 2000605C/2000608C/2000611C A) B) **Course Title** : Internet of Things (Advance) C) **Pre- requisite Course(s)** : IoT (Basics), Computer Networks

Rationale D)

> The rise and rise of IoT technologies is redefining business opportunities and process. This has led to a growing need to learn advance skills to remain competitive in the market. Put together, these are a potent combination of technologies that will dictate how our future is written, which is a strong indicator of rewarding job opportunities in those domains. Introduction of the Advanced IoT follows a rigorous curriculum which blends the academic excellence and industry-relevant applications.

This course will be exposed to a breadth of skills which will help students to become multi-faceted software engineers with a deeper understanding of these modern technologies, their applications, and interdependence.

Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the \mathbf{E}) accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/ laboratory/ workshop/ field/ industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able

- **to-CO-1** Use basic Python features in Programming.
- **CO-2** Use advance Python features in Programming.
- **CO-3** Explain features of Cloud and IoT data storage on it.
- **CO-4** Explain IoT Networking and its application.
- **CO-5** Develop IoT App for the given problem

F) **Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):**

Course		Programme SpecificOutcomes* (PSOs)							
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Discipline Specific Knowledg e	PO-2 Problem Analysi s	PO-3 Design/Deve lopment of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learnin g	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	3	3	2	2	-	2	-		
CO-2	3	3	2	2	=	2	-		
CO-3	1	-	3	2	2	2	2		
CO-4	1	-	2	3	-	2	2		
CO-5	3	3	3	2	2	3	3		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

	Carre	Cours e e Code Title	Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)						
Boar dof Study	e		Instr	ssroo n ructio n CI)	Lab Instructio n(LI)	Notiona lHours (TW+ SL)	Total Hour s (CI+LI+TW+S L)	Total Credit s(C)	
	2000605 C/200060 8C/20006 11C	IoT (Advance	03	-	04	02	09	05	

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCS, spoken tutorials, Online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

			Assessment Scheme (Marks)							
Boar dof Study	Course Code	Cours e Title	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment (TWA		Lab Assessme nt(LA)		-TWA+LA)	
Study			Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive LabAssessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)	
	2000605 C/20006 08C/200 0611C	IoT (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200	

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction

(LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs)
Dession Outcomes (150s) and Lao Bession Outcomes (L50s) reading to attainment of Course Outcomes (C0s)

upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO.1. a. Write the steps to install Python. TSO.1. b. Explain given types of variables in python. TSO.1.c. Explain use and importance of Tuple, Dictionary, operators in python TSO.1. d. Explain use of array in python. TSO.1. e. Explain use of 2-Dimensional Array in python TSO.1. f Explain uses of given type of Conditionalstatement in python.	 Unit-1.0 Python basics: - 1.1 Installation of Python 1.2 Variables, Print () function, Escape character sequence and run python Program 1.3 Python Tuple, Dictionary, operators 1.4 Python arrays, create, reverse and append data into it. 1.5 Python 2 Dimensional arrays. 1.6 Python Conditional statement. 	CO-1 and CO-5
TSO.2. a. Explain uses of given type of do & whileloops in python TSO.2. b. Explain working of break, continue and pass statement in python TSO.2.c. Write the benefits of using OOPmethodology in python. TSO.2.d.Explain given type of string operation related to python. TSO.2.e.Explain given function in python TSO.2.f Explain use of Lambda function in python.	Unit 2. Python Advance: - 2.1 Python Do & while loops 2.2 Python break, continue, pass statements 2.2 Python OOPs Class, Object, Inheritance and Constructor 2.4 Python Strings Replace, Join, Split, Reverse, Uppercase, Lowercase, count, find, split and length 2.5 Python Functions, Built-in functions and user defined functions 2.6 Lambda function and uses	CO-1 and C05
TSO.3.a. Differentiate between Cloud and IoT cloud. TSO.3.b. Explain features of Cloud in IoT environmentTSO.3.c. List features of various types of Cloud TSO.3.d. List features of cloud services like SaaS, PaaS and IaaS TSO.3.f List advantages of cloud data storage. TSO.3.g Explain Arduino architecture and its applications. TSO.3.h Explain Raspberry pi architecture and its applications.	Unit-3.0 Cloud features: - 3.1 Cloud computing and IoT cloud 3.2 Benefits of cloud in IoT 3.3 Types of Cloud public, private and hybrid 3.4 Cloud services like SaaS, PaaS and IaaS 3.5 Cloud connectivity and Data storage on Cloud. 3.6 Arduino: Architecture, Programming, and Applications 3.7 Raspberry Pi Architecture, Programming, and Application basic level for IoT applications	CO-1, CO-2 and CO-5
TSO.4.a. Explain wired network TSO.4.b.Explain short range wireless networkTSO.4.c.Explain M2M communication TSO.4.d.Explain various generation of wireless network TSO.4.e.Explain the importance of LWPAN in IoT TSO.4.f Differentiate between SigFox & LoRaWANTSO.4.g Explain use of NB-IOT (Narrow Band IOT) TSO.4.h Create heterogenous network using RFID.	Unit.4 IoT Networking and Application: - 4.1 Wired and short-range wireless network 4.2 M2M – 2G, 3G, 4G & 5G networks 4.3 LPWAN – Low Power Wide Area Networks 4.4 SigFox & LoRaWAN. 4.5 NB-IOT (Narrow Band IOT) 4.6 RFID and Bar code basics- Components of an RFIDsystem-Data -Tags-Antennas- Connectors-Cables- Readers- encoder/ printers for smart labels- Controllers software 4.7 RFID advantages over Bar codes.	CO-1 and CO-4
TSO.5.a. Identify suitable framework for IoT app development	Unit. 5 IoT App Development: - 5.1 Framework selection for IoT app development	CO-4 and

		CO 5
		CO-5
1		

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO.5.b. Identify various stages of selected app	5.2 Identify stages of app to be developed.	
TSO.5.c. Develop the app.	5.3 Develop, Implement, and Deploy the App	
TSO.5.d. Implement and deploy the app	5.4 Testing and Integration 5.5 Maintain and improve	
TSO.5.e Maintain and improve the app based on the feedback	•	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

$K)\ \ Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608C):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSOs 1.1 Python installation LSOs 1.2 Prepare and run python program on given problem LSOs 1.3 Prepare python program on Dictionary, Tuple and operators. LSOs 1.4 Prepare program on arrays LSOs 1.5 Prepare a program on 2-dimensional array LSOs 1.6 Create program on conditional statement	1.	 1.1 Install given version of Python on the computer system. 1.2 Prepare a python program using print() function and run it. 1.3 Access given value from the tuple 1.4 Print the given value of key from the dict. 1.5 Write a Python program to create an array of 5 integers and display the array items. Access individual element through indexes 1.6 Write a Python program which takes two digits m (row) and n (column) as input and generates a two-dimensional array. 1.7 Write a python program to check whether person is eligible for voting or not. (accept age from the user) 1.8 Write a python program to check whether the entered number is even or odd. 1.9 Write a python program to check whether entered number is divisible by another entered number. 1.10 Write a python program to display "Yes" is entered number is divisible by 5 otherwise display "No" 	CO-1
LSOs 2.1 Prepare python program on Do & while loopsLSOs 2.2 Prepare python program on break and continue statement. LSOs 2.3 Prepare Python program using break and continue statements LSOs 2.4 prepare python program using OOP LSOs 2.5 Prepare Python program using functions	2.	 2.1 Prepare a python program which can print first 10 even and odd numbers using while statement 2.2 Write a python program which can print first 10 integers and its square using while/for loop. 2.3 Write a python program which can print sum of first 10 natural numbers using while/for loop. 2.4 Write a python program which can identify the prime number between the range given using while/for loop. 2.5 Consider a situation where you want to iterate over a string and want to print all the characters until a letter 'e' or 's' is encountered. It is specified 	CO-2

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
		that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use. 2.6 Consider the situation when you need to write a program which prints the number from 1 to 10 and but not 6. It is specified that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use. 2.7 Create a Class with instance attributes 2.8 Create a Vehicle class without anyvariables and methods 2.9 Write a Python function to find the Max of three numbers. 2.10 Write a Python program to reverse a string.	
LSO 3.1 Signup for free cloud storage LSO 3.2 Store data into cloud and retrieve it.	3.	3.1 Create a free cloud account3.2 Store data on cloud and retrieve it	CO-3
LSO 4.1 Design various types of network cablesLSO 4.2 Connect computer in LAN. LSO 4.3 Connect devices using wireless networkLSO 4.4 Connect machine with machine LSO 4.5 Connect devices using IEEE 802LSO 4.6 Connect devices using LPWAN LSO 4.7 Connect devices using RFID	4	4.1 Study of different types of Network cables and Practically implement the crosswired cable and straight through cable using clamping tool. 4.2 Connect the computers in Local Area Network 4.3 Connect 2 or more devices using Bluetooth 4.4 Connect 2 or more devices using infrared 4.5 Connect 2 more machine using m2m 4.6 Connect 2 or more different devices using access point 4.7 Connect 2 devices using LPWAN (SmartMeter) 4.8 Connect 2 or more devices using RFID	CO-4
LSO 5.1 Develop a IoT app LSO 5.2 Develop IoT applications using smartphones.	5.	5.1 Identify a problem and develop an app 5.2 Building a temperature monitoring system using sensors and Smartphone	CO-5

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611C): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projectand other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare a report on Python programming language.
- 2. Develop a small software in python to solve a IoT data analysis.
- 3. Create a id on free cloud storage and share data on it for others.
- 4. Create a heterogenous network and connect different dives.
- 5. Create a an IoT app for the identified problem

c. Other Activities:

1. Seminar Topics: - "Future of wireless network."

- 2. "Smart electricity billing", "Cloud computing and IoT"
- 3. Visit to industry for IoT implementation in industrial process.
- 4. Reading RFID cards using 8051- RFID in the supply chain- Vehicles parking using RFID- library managementsystem- electronic toll payment- smart shipping containers fleet monitoring and management.
- 5. Building IoT Applications like pressure, air quality, temperature and motion detector using Arduino and raspberry-pi Universal boards.
- 6. Surveys of market for availability of various types of network devices and its pricing.
- 7. Product Development: Development of projects for real life problem solution app.
- 8. Software Development: Using Python

d. Self-learning topics:

- 1. Deeper knowledge in Python features
- 2. Network devices and its capabilities
- 3. Advantages of IoT implementations
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	taiment.								
				Course Ev					
	Matrix								
	Theory Asses	ssment (TA)**	Term V	Term Work Assessment (TWA)			Lab Assessment (LA)#		
	Progressiv	End	Term Work & Self-						
	eTheory	Theory	Learning						
COs	Assessment	Assessment				Progressive	End		
	(PTA)	(ETA)		Assessment			Laboratory		
	Class/Mid	, ,	Assignment	Micro	Other	Assessment	Assessment		
	Sem Test		s	Project	Activities	(PLA)	(ELA)		
				S	*				
CO-1	10%	10%	20%		33%	10%	20%		
CO-2	15%	10%	20%		33%	15%	20%		
CO-3	30%	30%	20%		34%	15%	20%		
CO-4	20%	30%	20%	50%		30%	20%		
CO-5	25%	20%	20%	50%		30%	20%		
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30		
Mark				50					
S									

Legend:

- *: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.
- **: Mentioned under point- (N)
- #: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo	Relevan tCOs	Total Mark		ETA (Marks)		
	m Instructio n(CI) Hour	Number (s)	s	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)	
Unit-1. Python basics	5	CO1	7	2	2	3	
Unit-2. Python Advance	5	Co1, CO2	7	2	2	3	
Unit-3. Cloud features	14	CO3	21	8	8	5	
Unit-4. Networking and Application	14	CO4, C03	21	5	7	9	
Unit-5. IoT Applications	10	CO5, CO3 andCO4	14	3	6	5	
Total Marks	48		70	20	25	25	

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

				A	
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant	Perfor	mance	Viva
514	Laboratory Fractical Fides	COs Number(s)	PRA* (%)	PDA* * (%)	- Voce (%)
1.	Install given version of Python the computer system.	CO-1	70	20	10
2.	Prepare a python program using print() function and run it.	CO-1	60	30	10
3.	Access given value from the tuple	CO-1	60	30	10
4.	Print the given value of key from the dict.	CO-1	60	30	10
5.	Write a Python program to create an array of 5 integers and display the array items. Access individual element through indexes	CO-1	60	30	10
6.	Write a Python program which takes two digits m (row) and n (column) as input and generates a two-dimensional array.	CO-1	60	30	10
7.	Write a python program to check whether person is eligible for voting or not. (accept age from the user)	CO-1	60	30	10
8.	Write a python program to check whether the entered number is even or odd.	CO-1	60	30	10
9.	Write a python program to check whether entered number is divisible by another entered number.	CO-1	60	30	10
10.	Write a python program to display "Yes" is entered number is divisible by 5 otherwise display "No"	CO-1	60	30	10
11.	Prepare a python program which can print first 10 even and odd numbers using while statement	CO-2	60	30	10

12	2.	Write a python program which can print first 10 integers and its	CO-2	60	30	10
		square using while/for loop.				

			PLA/ELA			
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant			Viva-	
		COs Number(s)	PRA	PDA*	Voce	
		Number(s)	*	*	(%)	
13.	Write a python program which can print sum of first 10 natural	CO-2	(%) 60	(%) 30	10	
13.	numbers using while/for loop.		00	30	10	
14.	Write a python program which can identify the prime number between the range given using while/for loop.	CO-2	60	30	10	
15.	Consider a situation where you want to iterate over a string and want to print all the characters until a letter 'e' or 's' is encountered. It is specified that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use.	CO-2	60	30	10	
16.	Consider the situation when you need to write a program which prints the number from 1 to 10 and but not 6. It is specified that you have to do this using loop and only one loop is allowed to use.	CO-2	60	30	10	
17.	Create a Class with instance attributes	CO-2	60	30	10	
18.	Create a Vehicle class without any variables and methods	CO-2	60	30	10	
19.	Write a Python function to find the Max of three numbers.	CO-2	60	30	10	
20.	Write a Python program to reverse a string.	CO-2	60	30	10	
21.	Create a free cloud account	CO-3	70	20	10	
22.	Store data on cloud and retrieve it.	CO-3	60	30	10	
23.	Study of different types of Network cables and Practically implement the cross-wired cable and straight through cable using clamping tool.	CO-4	70	20	10	
24.	Connect the computers in Local Area Network	CO-4	70	20	10	
25.	Connect 2 or more devices using Bluetooth	CO-4	70	20	10	
26.	Connect 2 or more devices using infrared	CO-4	70	20	10	
27.	Connect 2 more machine using m2m	CO-4	70	20	10	
28.	Connect 2 or more different devices using access point	CO-4	70	20	10	
29.	Connect 2 devices suing LPWAN (Smart Meter)	CO-4	70	20	10	
30.	Connect 2 or more devices using RFID	CO-4	70	20	10	
31.	Identify a problem and develop an app	CO-5	70	20	10	
gond:		i	L	i	I	

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment

PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/ Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.	Name of Equipment,	Broad Specification	Relevant
No.	Toolsand Software	Specification s	Experiment/Practic alNumber
1	Python software	Openly available as per instruction	As mentioned above list
2	Cables connecters and crimping tools	Cat 6e cable, RJ-45 connectors and Crimping Tool	-
3	Bluetooth and infrared devices	Any mobile and wireless keyboard and mouse	
4	IoT free cloud	Free available	
5	Smart devices	Like meters, bulbs etc.	-
6	Wireless access point	Wireless router or access point	
8	Arduino development board	Arduino Uno and Arduino Nano.	
6	Raspberry Pi	Raspberry Pi 4/ Raspberry Pi 3/ Raspberry Pi 2	

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1	Let Us Python	Kanetkar Yashavant	BPB Publications ISBN: 9789388511568, 9789388511568
2	IOT (Internet of things) and Its Application	P K Pandey	T Balaji Publication (1 January 2020) ISBN- 10:8194136385 ISBN-13: 978-8194136385
3	Raspberry Pi Cookbook: Software and Hardware Problems and Solutions	Simon Monk	Shroff/O'Reilly; Third edition (4 October 2019) ISBN-10: 9352139267 ISBN-13: 978- 9352139262
4	Raspberry Pi Cookbook: Software and Hardware Problems and Solutions,	Simon Monk	Shroff/O'Reilly; Third edition (4 October 2019) ISBN-10: 9352139267 ISBN-13: 978- 9352139262
5	Cloud Computing: Concepts, Technology & Architecture	Erl	Pearson Education India; 1st edition (1 January 2014) ISBN-10: 9332535922 ISBN-13: 978- 9332535923
6.	Fundamentals of Internet of Things	Eden Scott	States Academic Press 2023 ISBN 9781649649235

7	Internet of Things	Alaina Wilson	Murphy & Moore Publishing 2023 ISBN 9781649872731
8	Principles of Internet of Things	Hallie Parker	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728312

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/.../IIT.../lecture%2023%20and%2024.htm
- 2. en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Shear_and_moment_diagram
- 3. www.freestudy.co.uk/mech%20prin%20h2/stress.pdf
- 4. www.engineerstudent.co.uk/stress_and_strain.html
- 5. https://www.iit.edu/arc/workshops/pdfs/Moment_Inertia.pdf
- 6. https://www.veritis.com/blog/aws-vs-azure-vs-gcp-the-cloud-platform-of-your-choice/
- 7. https://wiki.python.org/moin/TimeComplexity
- 8. www.engineerstudent.co.uk/stress_and_strain.html
- 9. https://www.iit.edu/arc/workshops/pdfs/Moment_Inertia.pdf
 Amini, P. (2014). Sulley: Pure Python fully automated and unattended fuzzing frame- work.
 https://github.com/OpenRCE/sulley

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

Dr. M. A. Rizvi (Coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605D/2000608D/2000611D

B) Course Title : Drone Technology (Advanced)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Drone Technology (Basics)

D) Rationale

In previous semester, a course in drone technology broadly discussed about basic principles, functions and interface of different components and design simple drone structure. In order to understand the successive development of drones / UAVs in terms of their geometric structure, working methodology and navigation control etc., so it is important to study the advanced course on Drone Technology. This course includes the study of Static and dynamic force analysis on drone, advance flying features, navigation control, maintenance and advance applications of different types of drone.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Apply the concept of engineering mechanics for stability of drone.
- **CO-2** Design the structure of drone using GPS module and thermal Image camera.
- **CO-3** Operate drone using advance flight controller board.
- **CO-4** Perform drone maintenance and assembly.
- **CO-5** Use drone in advance applications like precision agriculture, security, IoT, etc.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course		Programme SpecificOutcomes* (PSOs)							
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Disciplin eSpecific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysi	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	3	-	-	-	-	-	-		
CO-2	2	2	-	3	3	-	-		
CO-3	2	2	3	3	-	-	-		
CO-4	3	-	-	3	-	-	-		
CO-5	-	2	2	-	-	3	2		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs isoptional

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

Boar	Cours	Cours	Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)					
dof Study	e Code	e Title	Instr	sroo n ructio n CI)	Lab Instructio n(LI)	Notiona IHours (TW+ SL)	Total Hour s (CI+LI+TW+ SL)	Total Credit s(C)
	20006 05D/2 00060 8D/20 00611 D	Drone Technolog y (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances /problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedbackof teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

		Assessment Scheme (Marks)									
Boar 😜		Cours	Theory Assessment (TA)		Lear	rk & Self- ening ent(TWA)	Lab Assessme nt(LA)		+TWA+L		
dof Stud y	Course Code	e Title	Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive LabAssessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)		
	2000605 D/20006 08D/200 0611D	Drone Technology (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200		

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

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Separate	passing	is musi	. 101	progressive	and end	semester	assessment	IOI	boun	meory	anu	practical.	

☐ ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.

Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty

should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction(LI), Term Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of TheorySession Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs)upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Maj	or Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number (s)
TSO 1a. TSO 1b. TSO 1c. TSO 1d. TSO 1e. TSO 1f.	Draw free body diagram of quadcopter drone. Determine centroid of given drone structure. Determine center of gravity of different drone structure. Analyze different types of force acting drone system. Differentiate between static and dynamic force analysis. Explain how gyroscopic motion keepsdrone balanced and hovering.	Unit-1.0 Engineering mechanics for Dronetechnology 1.1 Drone Mechanics • Free body diagram of drone • Method of finding resultant of force system • Equilibrium of coplanar force system 1.2 Center of Gravity • Centroid of plane figure • Center of gravity of solid bodies 1.3 Force analysis in drone • Force analysis in drone • Forces of flight • Principle axes and rotation of aerial systems 1.4 Dynamics of machine • Static and dynamic force analysis • Gyroscopic motions	CO-1
TSO 2a.TSO 2b. TSO 2c. TSO 2d. TSO 2e. TSO 2f.	Describe properties and application of smart materials use in UAV frame. Calculate the diameter of the propeller for given drone frame size. Determine size of quadcopter frame and diameter of propeller of drone Describe working of GPS and its hardware interfacing. Write steps to interface GPS module for drone navigation. Describe different RF blocks and antennas used in RF transmitter and receiver.	Unit-2.0 Drone Frame and components 2.1 Drone frame design Calculation principle for drome frame sizes Quadcopter frame design Smart materials for UAV frame Green material uses in drone 2.2 Advance Drones component GPS, Interfacing of GPS hardware Thermal and chemical sensor Tilt and LiDAR sensor 2.3 RF transmitter and receiver RF blocks RF antennas 2.4 Micro-electromechanical systems (MEMS) based sensor 2.5 HD and thermal Image camera	CO-2
TSO 3a.	Identify features and specifications of FCBuse in different application	Unit-3.0 Advance flight controller Board (FCB)	CO-3

Maj	jor Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number (s)
TSO 3b. TSO 3c.TSO 3d. TSO 3e.TSO 3f.	Explain ports of any given advance flightcontroller board. Write steps of software installation of flight controller board. Describe installation and calibration steps of radio telemetry with FCB. Write steps of calibration of accelerometer and ESC with FCB. Describe interfacing of GPS with FCB.	3.1 Specification and ports of FCB 3.2 Software for FCB Software installation 3.3 Radio Communication with FCB Installation of Radio Telemetry Radio Calibration with FCB 3.4 Calibration of accelerometer 3.5 Calibration of ESC 3.6 Interface of motor with FCB using ESC 3.7 GPS interface with FCB 3.8 Safety features of advance FCB	
TSO 4a.TSO 4b. TSO 4c.TSO 4d.	Describe challenges comes in drone maintenance. Describe measuring devices and instrument use in drone maintenance. Describe measuring instrument used to measure electrical parameters in drone. Write sequence of steps use in assembling of drone.	Unit-4.0 Maintenance and assembling of Drone 4.1 Need and scope of drone maintenance 4.2 Types of maintenance 4.3 Routine drone maintenance and its checklist • Recording basic details • Structural inspection • Battery check • Software/firmware 4.4 Types of measuring instrument use in drone maintenance 4.5 Measurement of different electrical parameters related with drone hardware 4.6 Assembly of drones • Concept of interchangeability • Principle of gauging and their applicabilityin drone assembly • Parameters and profile measurements of standard propellers • Concepts of drone assembly using 3D modeling	CO-4
TSO 5a.TSO 5b. TSO 5c.	Describe function of autonomous drone using AI. Describe IoT enable UAV for surveillanceand data gathering. Explain drone applications based on cost saving, enhanced efficiency and profitability aspects.	Unit-5.0 Advance Drone Application 5.1 Application of AI in Drone Technology 5.2 IoT and Computer vision integrated Drone 5.3 Drone interface with smart-phone 5.4 Drone Applications in Military Precision Agriculture	CO-5

Note: One major TSO may require more than one theory session/period.

$K)\ \ Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608D):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSO 1.1 Use the force of gravity to compute the centre of gravity for a given drone structure.	1.	Determine Centre of gravity of different done structure.	CO-1
LSO 2.1 Develop skills of observation and interpreting phenomenal changes on Drone model for stability and hovering.	2.	Demonstrate gyroscopic effect on a drone model	CO-1
LSO 3.1 Draw various frame to be required in designing drone structure. LSO 3.2 Use Measuring instrument in designing drone frame. LSO 3.3 Choose suitable materials for making drone frame	3.	Compare different types of airframe structure like quadcopter frame (plus shape, cross shape and H-shape), hexacopter frame (hexa + and hexa S).	CO-2, CO- 4
LSO 4.1 Identify and measure the condition of sensors. LSO 4.2 Interface Tilt and LiDAR sensors in drone.	4.	Test Tilt and LiDAR sensors and their characteristics with Microcontroller based Flight controller board.	CO-2
LSO 5.1 Identify different component of GPS module LSO 5.2Measure and use signals from GPS moduleto determine latitude & longitude. LSO 5.3 Diagnose problems using appropriate instruments/tools related to GPS navigation.	5.	Demonstrate the interfacing of GPS module to drone navigation.	CO-2, CO- 3
LSO 6.1 Measure characteristics of HD and thermalImage camera. LSO 6.2 Diagnose common problems related to HD and thermal Image camera.	6.	Test HD and thermal Image camera and their characteristics.	CO-2
LSO 7.1 Identify the characteristics of RF circuitblocks like amplifier, and filters. LSO 7.2 Identity different antennas used. LSO 7.3 Operate drone using RC transmitter and receiver.	7.	Identify, configure and operate 433MHz and 2.4 GHz RC transmitter and receiver.	CO-2
LSO 8.1 Test the different peripheral interconnections with FCB LSO 8.2 Troubleshoot advance Flight control board (FCB)	8.	Programming and configure of parameters in flight control board (FCB).	CO-3
LSO 9.1 Configure radio communication device tocontrol drones. LSO 9.2 Operate drone using RC transmitter and receiver.	9.	Test and perform communication of advance Flight control board with RF transceiver.	CO-3, CO- 2
LSO 10.1 Measure various parameters of GPS system LSO 10.2 Interface GPS system with flight controller board.	10.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with GPS	CO-3, CO- 2
LSO 11.1 Configure HD and thermal image camera with drone. LSO 11.2 Demonstrate use of HD and thermal image camera with FCB	11.	Test and troubleshoot HD and thermal image camera with advance FCB in drone.	CO-3, CO- 2

LSO 12.1 Measure voltage, current frequency using Digital Multimeter LSO 12.2 Measure peak to peak voltage, time period, and duty cycle using DSO	12.	Measure various electric parameters in drone hardware	CO-4
and			
waveform generator.			

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s)
LSO 12.3 Measure unknown frequency and its level using spectrum analyzer.			
LSO 13.1 Inspect drone as per the given checklist LSO 13.2 Diagnose drone problems after flying of 50 and 100hrs	13.	Perform preventive maintenance of drone components	CO-4
LSO 14.1 Perform dismantle process of drone. LSO 14.2 perform services need for operation LSO 14.3 Check and Install different parts of thedrone system. LSO 14.4 Assemble drone component.	14.	Dismantle and service of different parts of drone system	CO-4

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611D): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projectand other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in linewith the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare maintenance report for small UAV.
- 2. Survey nearby electronics shop and Prepare report on types of drone frames and drone sensors available and its specification.
- 3. Prepare report of surveying & mapping of our institute using drone with HD and thermal image camera.
- 4. Prepare report on land and crops quality of nearby agriculture field using drone.
- 5. Prepare report on Identify and select different application drones like agriculture, Surveillance, Inspections and gathering Information for disaster management.
- 6. Download 5 videos on advance FCB of drone design. Watch them and write report on it.
- 7. Market survey on different types of FCB, its specification and specific application and prepare report.
- 8. Develop mission completion drone with the help of GPS based Advance FCB.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics-Drone stability using gyroscopic motion, Quadcopter frame, Green material use in drone design, GPS based drones, types of HD and thermal Image camera, Safety features in advance drone, Drone Assembling, Military drone.
- 2. Visits: Visit nearby small industry, Drone institute facilities. Prepare report of visit with special comments of advance drone technology used, material used, cost of printed component.
- 3. Surveys: Survey nearby electronics shop and Prepare report of list of advance drone components and its specification.
- 4. Product Development
- 5. Software Development

d. Self-learning topics:

- 1. Different types Drones frame
- 2. Overview of GPS technology
- 3. Different types of HD and thermal Image camera
- 4. Safety features in Drone
- 5. Advance drone application

M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

		Course Evaluation Matrix									
	Theory Asses	ssment (TA)**	Term W	ork Assess	ment (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#					
COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term	Work & Se Learning Assessmen		Progressive Lab	End Laboratory				
	Class/Mid		Assignment	©		Assessment	Assessment				
	Sem Test		S	Project	Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)				
				S							
CO-1	15%	15%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%				
CO-2	20%	20%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%				
CO-3	25%	25%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%				
CO-4	25%	25%	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%				
CO-5	15%	15%	20%	20%	20%	-	-				
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30				
Mark s				50							

Legend:

*: Other Activities include self- learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)

#: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note:

The percentage given are approximate

- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- ☐ For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents the reflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo	Relevan tCOs	Total Mark	ETA (Marks)				
	m Instructio n(CI) Hour	Number (s)	S	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)		
Unit 1.0 Engineering mechanicsfor Drone Technology	8	CO-1	12	04	04	04		
Unit 2.0 Drone frame and components	10	CO-2	14	04	04	06		
Unit 3.0 Advance Flight Controller Board	12	CO-3	16	04	06	06		
Unit 4.0 Maintenance and assembling of drone	10	CO-4	16	04	06	06		
Unit 5.0 Advance Drone Application	8	CO-5	12	04	04	04		
Total Marks	48		70	20	24	26		

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

S. No.	Laboratory Practical	Relevant COs		PLA /ELA	
	Titles	Number(s	Perfo PRA *	rmance PDA*	Viva - Voc
			(%)	(%)	e (%)
1.	Determine Centre of gravity of different done structure.	CO-1	50	40	10
2.	Demonstrate gyroscopic effect on a drone model	CO-1	40	50	10
3.	Compare different types of airframe structure like quadcopter frame (plus shape, cross shape and H-shape), hexacopter frame (hexa + and hexa S).	CO-2	50	40	10
4.	Test Tilt and LiDAR sensors and their characteristics with Microcontrollerbased Flight controller board.	CO-2	50	40	10
5.	Demonstrate the interfacing of GPS module to drone navigation.	CO-2, CO-	50	40	10
6.	Test HD and thermal Image camera and their characteristics.	CO-2	50	40	10
7.	Identify, configure and operate 433MHz and 2.4 GHz RC transmitter and receiver.	CO-2	60	30	10
8.	Programming and configuration of parameters in flight control board (FCB).	CO-3	60	30	10
9.	Test and perform communication of advance Flight control board with RF transceiver.	CO-3, CO- 2	60	30	10
10.	Test and perform communication of Flight control board (FCB) with GPS	CO-3, CO- 2	60	30	10
11.	Test and troubleshoot HD and thermal image camera with advance FCB in drone.	CO-3, CO- 2	60	30	10
12.	Measure various electric parameters in drone hardware	CO-4	40	50	10
13.	Perform preventive maintenance of drone components	CO-4	60	30	10
14.	Dismantle and service of different parts of drone system	CO-4	60	30	10

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment

PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools andSoftware	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment/Practical Number
1.	Drone Frame	Tricopter/Quadcopter/Hexacopter	1-15
2.	Propellers	15 X 5.5 CW/Others	1-15
3.	GPS module	M8N Series	1-15
4.	Drone Camera	15-20 Megapixel	1-15
5.	Camera Gimble	3 Axis feature, 360 Degree movement	1-15
6.	Tilt Sensor	8-30 volt	1-15
7.	LiDER sensor	Range 75m to 200m	1-15
8.	Battery	Lithium Polymer Battery,8000 to 10000 mAh	1-15
9.	Motor	BLDC, 370kv	1-15
10.	Electronic speed Controller (ESC)	40 Amp	1-15
11.	Flight Controller Board	CC3D/Pixhawk/Others	1-15
12.	Transmitter and Receiver for radio signal	10 Channels and more, 2.4 GHz & 5.8 GHz	1-15
13.	Embedded system for AI application on UAV	Open Source Jetson Baseboard /Others	1-15

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S.	Title	Author (s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.	S		
1.	Make: DIY Drone and Quadcopter Projects: A Collection of Drone-Based Essays, Tutorials, and Projects	Editors of Make	Shroff/Maker Media, First edition 2016,ISBN-978-9352133994
2.	Make: Getting Started with Drones: Build andCustomize Your Own Quadcopter	Terry Kilby & BelindaKilby	Shroff/Maker Media, First edition 2016,ISBN-978-9352133147
3.	Agricultural Drones: A Peaceful Pursuit	K R Krishna	Apple Academic Press,1st edition 2018,ISBN-978-1771885959
4.	Building Multicopter Video Drones: Build and fly multicopter drones to gather breathtaking videofootage	Ty Audronis	Packt Publishing Limited; Illustratededition,2014, ISBN-978- 1782175438
5.	The Complete Guide to Drones	Adam Juniper	Ilex Press, Extended 2nd Edition,2018ISBN-9781781575383
6.	Unmanned Aircraft Systems - UAVS Design, Development and Deployment (Aerospace Series)	R Austin	John Wiley & Sons Inc, 1st edition, 2010,ISBN-978-0470058190
7	Drone Technology	Miranda Hall	NY Research Press 2023 ISBN 9781632389574

8	Introduction to UAV Systems	Rupert Baker	Willford Press 2023 ISBN 9781682860890
9	Theory, Design, and Applications of Unmanned Aerial Vehicles	Tyler Wood	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728338

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/101/104/101104083/
- 2. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_ae14/preview
- 3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unmanned_aerial_vehicle
- 4. https://fusion.engineering/
- 5. https://robocraze.com/blogs/post/best-flight-controller-for-drone
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lrkFG7GilPQ
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KjG6FKCNCbM
- 8. https://ardupilot.org/
- 9. https://px4.io/

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested, online educational recourses before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. Development of an Autonomous IoT-Based Drone for Campus Security, Abdelrahman Mahmoud Gaber, Rozeha A. Rashid, Nazri Nasir, Ruzairi Abdul Rahim, M. Adib Sarijari, A. Shahidan Abdullah, Omar A. Aziz, Siti Zaleha A. Hamid, Samura Ali,2021
- 2. IoT based UAV platform for emergency services; S. K. Datta, J. L. Dugelay, & C. Bonnet, 2018
- 3. Development of an Autonomous Drone for Surveillance Application; M. A. Dinesh, S. Santhosh Kumar, J. Sanath, K. N. Akarsh & K. M. Manoj Gowda, 2018
- 4. Autonomous cloud-based drone system for disaster response and mitigation; C. Alex & A. Vijaychandra,2016
- 5. https://www.geeetech.com/Documents/CC3D%20flight%20control%20board.pdf
- 6. https://www.bhphotovideo.com/lit_files/201146.pdf
- 7. http://tricopter.hu/docs/cc3d manual.pdf

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTR, Bhopal)

Dr. K. K. Jain (Coordinator)
Dr. Sanjeet Kumar (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605E/2000608E/2000611E

B) Course Title : 3D Printing and Design (Advance)

C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : 3D Printing and Design (Basic)

D) Rationale

This advanced course on 3D Printing tries to develop understanding of the process of making real complex objects from digital models in the students using various 3D printing processes and materials (Plastics, Ceramics and Metals). It also covers the post processing required and details about various printing process and parameters to make a quality 3D printed component. This course can only be taken up after completing 3D Printing and Design (Basic) course offered in previous semester.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1** Select newer 3D Printing material for various applications.
- **CO-2** Use solid based 3D Printing processes to develop products.
- **CO-3** Use liquid-based 3D Printing processes to develop products.
- **CO-4** Use powder-based 3D Printing processes to develop products.
- **CO-5** Apply post processing techniques and quality checks on 3D printed components.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course		Programme SpecificOutcomes* (PSOs)							
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Disciplin eSpecific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysi	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	3	-	-	-	2	-	2		
CO-2	3	-	2	2	-	-	2		
CO-3	3	-	2	2	-	-	2		
CO-4	3	-	2	2	-	-	2		
CO-5	3	2	-	3	2	-	2		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

Boar dof Study	Cours e Code	Cours e Title	Instr	ssroo n ructio n CI)	Lab Instructio n(LI)	Scheme of Study (Hours/Weel Notiona IHours (TW+ SL)		Total Credit s(C)
	2000605E /2000608E /2000611E	and Design	03	-	04	02	09	05

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances /problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedbackof

teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

				A	ssessment S	cheme (Mai	rks)		
Board of Stud	Course Code	Course Title		Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work &Self- Learning Assessment (TWA)		Lab Assessme nt(LA)	
y			Progressive Theory Assessment	End Theory Assessment	Internal	External	Progressive LabAssessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (ELA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)
	2000605E /2000608E /2000611E	3D Printing and Design (Advanced)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

T	
Legen	

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars,

micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

	Separate passing is mus	t for progressive and	end	semester assessment	tor	both t	theory and	practical.
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ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.

Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self-Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
 TSO 1a. Explain various forms of 3D printing raw material. TSO 1b. Select material for the given popular 3D printing processes with justification. TSO 1c. Select various Polymer based 3D printing raw materials with justification. TSO 1d. Explain procedure of Powder preparation for the given 3D printing material. TSO 1e. Explain properties of the given Metal/Ceramics 3D printing material. TSO 1f. Choose suitable 3D printing material on the basis of Performance Requirements and Material Properties. 	 Unit-1.0 3D Printing Materials 1.1 Various forms of 3D printing raw material-Liquid, Solid, Wire, Powder. 1.2 Popular FDM, SLA, SLS, Binder Jetting, Material Jetting and Direct Energy deposition 3D printingmaterials. 1.3 Polymers, Metals, Non-Metals, Ceramics. 1.4 Polymers and their properties. 1.5 Powder Preparation and their desired properties. 1.6 Choosing the Right 3D Printing Material on the basis of Performance Requirements and Material Properties. 	CO1
 TSO 2a. Explain working of a typical FDM based 3D Printer. TSO 2b. Justify use of FDM based 3D printing processand material for the given component. TSO 2c. Explain the Laminated Object Manufacturing process. TSO 2d. Estimate the cost and time of the given FDM based 3D printed component. 	Unit-2.0 Solid based 3D Printing Processes 2.1 Basic principle and working of fused depositionmodeling (FDM) process. 2.2 Liquefaction, solidification and bonding. 2.3 Laminated Object Manufacturing process. 2.4 Cost estimation of FDM 3D printed component.	CO1, CO2
TSO 3a. Explain the phenomenon of Photo Polymerization. TSO 3b. Explain the working of a typical Stereo Lithography based 3D Printer. TSO 3c. Explain procedure of 3D Scanning of the given component. TSO 3d. Justify use of SLA based 3D printing process and material for the given component. TSO 3e. Estimate the cost and time of the given SLA based 3D printed component. TSO 3f. Apply Curing process to SLA based 3D printed component.	 Unit-3.0 Liquid based 3D Printing Processes 3.1 Photo polymerization. 3.2 Principle and working of stereo lithography apparatus. 3.3 SLA based 3D printing processes. 3.4 SLA based 3D printing process materials. 3.5 Scanning techniques. 3.6 Curing processes. 3.7 Cost estimation of SLA 3D printed component. 	CO1, CO3

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO 4a. Explain powder fusion mechanism.	Unit-4.0 Powder based 3D Printing Processes	CO1, CO4
TSO 4b. Explain working of a typical SLA based 3D Printer.	4.1 Powder fusion mechanism.	
TSO 4c. Justify use of SLA based 3D printing process and material for the given component.	4.2 Principle and working of Selective LaserSintering (SLS) process.	
TSO 4d. Explain Net shape process.	4.3 SLS based 3D printers.	
TSO 4e. Explain Binder Jet 3D printing process.	4.4 Laser Engineering Net Shaping process.	
TSO 4f. Justify use of Binder Jet 3D printing process	4.5 Electron Beam Melting.	
and material for the given component. TSO 4g. Estimate the cost and time of the given SLS	4.6 Binder Jet 3D Printing.	
based 3D printed component.	4.7 Materials and Process parameters for SLS based 3D printing processes.	
	4.8 Cost estimation of SLS based 3D printedcomponent.	
TSO 5a. Justify the need of post processing in the	Unit-5.0 Post Processing and Quality	CO1,
given 3D printed component. TSO 5b. List the various post processing techniques.	5.1 Need of post processing: Functional and Aesthetic reasons.	CO2, CO3, CO4,
TSO 5c. List the steps to perform post processing. TSO 5d. Explain the given Cleaning related post processing approach for 3D printed component.	 5.2 Steps of Post Processing: Cleaning/Support removal, Fixing, Curing or hardening, Surfacefinishing, Colouring. 5.3 Cleaning: Support Removal (FDM and 	CO5
TSO 5e. Explain the given Surface finishing related post processing approach for 3D printed component.	Material Jetting); Powder Removal (SLS and Powder BedFusion); Washing (SLA and Photo polymerisation).	
TSO 5f. Apply simple inspection and testing techniques on the given 3D printed component.	 5.4 Fixing: Filling, Gluing, Welding. 5.5 Surface finishing: Sanding, Polishing, Tumbling, Hydro dipping, Epoxy coating, Electro Plating, Vapour smoothing-Acetone 	
TSO 5g. Identify the type of defect(s) in the given 3D printed component.	treatment. 5.6 Colouring, Coating, Priming and Painting.	
	5.7 Inspection and testing: Digital, Visual, Physical.5.8 Defects and their causes.	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

$K) \qquad Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608E):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)		S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSO 1.1.	Use the available 3D printing software.	1.	Develop the assigned digital single complex	CO1,
LSO 1.2.	Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material		component using FDM based 3D Printer and available material.	CO2
LSO 1.3.	Set printing process parameters.			
LSO 1.4.	Produce a complex component using available FDM Printer.			
LSO 2.1.	Use the available 3D printing software.	2.	Develop the assigned digital single complex	CO1,
LSO 2.2.	Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material		component using SLA based 3D Printer and available material.	CO3
LSO 2.3.	Set printing process parameters.			
LSO 2.4.	Produce a complex component using			

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
available SLA Printer. LSO 2.5. Perform curing of the SLA based 3Dprinted component.			
LSO 3.1. Use the available 3D printing software. LSO 3.2. Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material LSO 3.3. Set printing process parameters. LSO 3.4. Produce a complex component using available SLS Printer.	3.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using SLS based 3D Printer and available material.	CO1, CO4
 LSO 4.1. Use the available 3D printing software. LSO 4.2. Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material LSO 4.3. Set printing process parameters. LSO 4.4. Produce a complex component using available FDM, SLA and SLS Printer. LSO 4.5. Perform Cost, Time, Surface finish and Strength estimations related to 3D printed components. 	; ;	Develop same digital single complex component using FDM, SLA and SLS based 3D Printers and compare the printed componentson the basis of Cost, Time, Surface finish, Strength.	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4
 LSO 5.1. Use the available 3D printing software. LSO 5.2. Select printing process parameters based on the type/make of Printer and raw material LSO 5.3. Select appropriate tolerance, fit and printing process parameters. LSO 5.4. Produce an assembly using available SLA/SLS Printer. 	5.	Print one digital assembly on SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2/CO3 /CO4
LSO 6.1. Use of available 3D scanner. LSO 6.2. Develop 3D digital model using scanningapproach. LSO 6.3. Use the available 3D printing software. LSO 6.4. Produce a complex component using available SLA Printer.	6.	Scan the given real complex component and print it using FDM/SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2, CO3, CO4
LSO 7.1. Identify tools/devices/chemicals for post processing LSO 7.2. Perform post processing operations on printed component.	7.	Apply post processing techniques on the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3.	CO5
LSO 8.1. Identify tools/devices/techniques for inspection and testing. LSO 8.2. Identify the defects in 3D printed components LSO 8.3. Apply remedial measures to bring soundness in the defective 3D printed component.	8.	Check the soundness of the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3 using available devices/techniques.	CO5

L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611E): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projectand other activities are mentioned here for reference

a. Assignments: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in linewith the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Prepare a list of solid, liquid and powder form 3D printing raw materials stating their cost, colour opacity, flexibility and weight per unit volume.
- 2. Download 5 videos of 3D printing of different components using FDM, SLA and SLS each. Watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved, 3D Printer used, 3D Printing software used, material used, complexity involved, printing time, post processing steps used.
- 3. Prepare a report on post processing steps and techniques used for 3D printed components using FDM, SLA, SLS.
- 4. Prepare a report to compare FDM, SLA, SLS based 3D printing process on the basis of cost, surface finish, printer setting time, printing time and post processing time and cost involved.
- 5. Download 5 videos of 3D printing processes **other than** FDM, SLA and SLS. Watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved, 3D Printer used, 3D Printing software used, material used, complexity involved, printing time, post processing steps used.
- 6. Download 1 video related to inspection and testing of 3D printed components using different techniques like Visual inspection, Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM), CT system, X-ray, Penetration testing, Infrared thermography, Leak or pressure testing for complex structures, Eddy current, Mechanical property inspection to measure tensile, yield, shear, fatigue, hardness, density, impact strength, Metallography (Microstructure testing). Watch them and write a report to detail out the steps involved and equipment used.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics:
 - Newer 3D printing raw materials
 - Direct energy 3D printing process
 - Material jetting 3D printing process
 - Micro 3D printing process
 - Metal and Ceramic 3D printing
 - 3D printing of Jewelry
 - 3D printing of Bio implants
 - Printing of flexible plastic components
- 2. Visits: Visit nearby tool room/industry with 3D Printing facilities. Prepare report of visit with special comments of 3D printing technique used, material used, single component/batch production/mass production and cost of printed component.
- 3. Self-learning topics:
 - 3D printing of transparent, soft and flexible plastic components
 - 3D printing of metal components
 - 3D printing of ceramic components
 - 3D scanning process.
 - Chemical post processing techniques
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation	
	Matrix	
Theory Assessment (TA)**	Term Work Assessment (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#

COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term Work & Self Learning Assessment			Progressive Lab	End Laboratory
	Class/Mid Sem Test		Assignment s	Micro Project s	Other Activities*	Assessment (PLA)	Assessment (ELA)
CO-1	15%	15%	15%	-	-	10%	20%
CO-2	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	20%
CO-3	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	20%
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	25%	25%	25%	20%
CO-5	25%	25%	25%	25%	25%	15%	20%
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30
Mark s				50			

Legend:

*: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)
#: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note:

☐ The percentage given are approximate

- ☐ In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo	Relevant COs	Total Mark	ETA (Marks)		
	m Instructio n(CI) Hours	Number(s)	s	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)
Unit-1.0 3D Printing Materials	6	CO1	10	3	2	5
Unit-2.0 Solid based 3D PrintingProcesses	10	CO1, CO2	14	4	5	5
Unit-3.0 Liquid based 3D PrintingProcesses	10	CO1, CO3	14	4	5	5
Unit-4.0 Powder based 3D Printing Processes	10	CO1, CO4	14	4	5	5
Unit-5.0 Post Processing and Quality	12	CO1, CO2, CO3, CO4, CO5	18	5	5	8
Total	48	-	70	20	22	28

 $\textbf{Note:} \qquad \text{Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.}$

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

	Relevant		PLA/ELA			
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Performance		Viva	
511	Daboratory Fractical Fides	Number(s	PRA*	PDA*	-	
)	(%)	*	Voc	
		,		(%)	e	
					(%)	
1.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using	CO1, CO2	30	60	10	
	FDM based 3D Printer and available material.					

2.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using SLA based 3D Printer and available material.	CO1, CO3	30	60	10
3.	Develop the assigned digital single complex component using SLS	CO1, CO4	30	60	10
	based 3D Printer and available material.				
4.	Develop same digital single complex component using FDM, SLA	CO1, CO2,	30	60	10

		D-14	I		A
SN	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Perfor	mance	Viva-
511	Laboratory Fractical Fides	Number(s	PRA* (%)	PDA* * (%)	Voce (%)
	and SLS based 3D Printers and compare the printed components on the basis of Cost, Time, Surface finish, Strength.	CO3, CO4			
5.	Print one assembly on SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2/CO3 /CO4	30	60	10
6.	Scan the given real complex component and print it using FDM/SLA/SLS based 3D Printer.	CO2, CO3, CO4	40	50	10
7.	Apply post processing techniques on the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3.	CO5	40	50	10
8.	Check the soundness of the 3D printed component of experiment number 1 and/or 2 and/or 3 using available devices/techniques.	CO5	40	50	10

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment

PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Field Trips, Portfolio Based, Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field Information and Communications Technology (ICT)Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Session, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.	Name of	Broad	Relevant
No.	Equipment, Tools	Specification	Experiment/Practic
	and Software	S	al
			Number
1.	High end computers	Processor Intel Core i7 with Open GL Graphics Card, RAM 32 GB,	All
		DDR3/DDR4, HDD 500 GB, Graphics Card NVIDIA OpenGL 4 GB, OS	
		Windows 10	
2.	Parametric Computer Aided Design software	CATIA/Solid works/NX/Creo OR Available with CoE	1 to 5
			4.4 7. 6
3.	FDM based 3D printer	Fused Deposition Modelling system with complete accessories; Build Volume-300 x 300 x 300mm or Higher; Layer Thickness-0.1	1,4,5,6
		- Build Volume 300 x 300 x 300mm of Higher, Eayer Timekness 0.1	
		0.4 OR Available with CoE	
4.	SLA based 3D printer	Printing Technology: SLA, 145 x 145 x 175mm build volume,	2,4,5,6
		Common layer thickness $25-100 \mu m$, Dimensional Accuracy $\pm 0.5\%$ (lower limit: $\pm 0.10 \text{ mm}$), cure time of only 1-3s per layer, Material	
		type: UV-sensitive liquid resin, Curing unit.	
5.	SLS based 3D printer	Printing Technology: SLS., Build Volume: 130 x 130 x 180 mm,	3,4,5,6
		Recommended min. wall thickness: 0.8 mm, Powder Diameter: 60	
		Microns, Material Type: Nylon, TPU, Light Source: Laser Diode	
6.	3D Printing Material	ABS/PLA, Resin based Photosensitive material,	1,2,3,4,5,6
		Polymer/metal/ceramic powder OR Available with	
7.	3D Printing software	CoE Latest version of software like:	1 to 6
/.	on Frinding software	Latest version of software like: Cura/PrusaSlicer/ideaMaker/Meshmixer/MeshLab	1 10 0
		OR Available with CoE	
<u> </u>		OK Available with COL	

8.	3D Scanner and Processing software	Handheld 3D scanner, Accuracy up to 0.1 mm, Resolution up to 0.2 mm, Real time onscreen 3D model projection and processing, Wireless technology with an inbuilt touch screen and battery, Extended field of view for capturing both large and small objects,	6
		Processing Software OR Available with CoE	

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment/Practic al Number
9.	Post processing equipments and tools	Deburring tools (tool handle & deburring blades), Electronic DigitalCaliper, Cleaning Needles, Art knife set, Long nose pliers, Flush cutters, Wire brush, Nozzle cleaning kit, Tube cutter, Print removalspatula, Needle file, Cutting mat, Glue stick, Wire stripper, Chemicals, Etching agents etc.	7
10.	Inspection and Testing devices	 Visual inspection, Devices related to: Scanning electron microscopy (SEM), CT system, X-ray, Penetration testing, Infrared thermography, Leak or pressure testing for complex structures, Eddy current, Mechanical property inspection to measure tensile, yield, shear, fatigue, hardness, density, impact strenght Metallography (Microstructure testing) 	8

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Additive Manufacturing Technologies: RapidPrototyping to Direct Digital Manufacturing	Lan Gibson, David W.Rosen, Brent Stucker	Springer, 2010 ISBN: 9781493921133
2.	Understanding Additive Manufacturing: Rapid Prototyping, Rapid Tooling, Rapid Manufacturing	Andreas Gebhardt,	Hanser Publisher, 2011 ISBN: 156990507X, 9781569905074
3.	3D Printing and Design	Sabrie Soloman	Khanna Publishing House, DelhiISBN: 9789386173768
4.	3D Printing and Rapid Prototyping- Principlesand Applications	C.K. Chua, Kah Fai Leong	World Scientific, 2017 ISBN: 9789813146754
5.	Getting Started with 3D Printing: A Hands- onGuide to the Hardware, Software, and Services Behind the New Manufacturing Revolution	Liza Wallach Kloski, Nick Kloski	Make Community, LLC; 2nd edition,2021 ISBN: 9781680450200
6.	Laser-Induced Materials and Processes for Rapid Prototyping	L. Lu, J. Fuh, Y.S. Wong	Kulwer Academic Press, 2001ISBN: 9781461514695
7.	3D Printing: A Practical Guide	Clay Martin	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728323
8.	Fundamentals of 3D Printing	Elizah Brooks	Clanrye International 2023 ISBN 9781647290943
9.	Principles of 3D Printing	Brady Hunter	NY Research Press 2023 ISBN 9781632389549

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21_me115/preview
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/112/104/112104265/
- 3. https://bigrep.com/post-processing/
- 4. https://www.mdpi.com/2227-7080/9/3/61
- 5. https://all3dp.com/2/best-3d-printing-books/
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TQY2IF-sFaI

- 7. $https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Oz0PoS5LPxg\\ \underline{https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=6ejjh0GdyDc}$
- 8.

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested, online educational recourses before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. 3D Printing Projects DK Children; Illustrated edition, 2017
- 2. The 3D Printing Handbook: Technologies, design and applications Ben Redwood, Filemon Schöffer, Brian Garret, 3D Hubs; 1st edition, 2017
- 3. https://www.improprecision.com/inspection-method-for-3d-printed-parts/
- 4. 3D Printer Users' Guide
- 5. 3D Printer Material Handbook
- 6. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Sharad Pradhan (Coordinator)
- Dr. A. K. Sarathe (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605F/2000608F/2000611F
B) Course Title : Industrial Automation (Advance)
C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Industrial automation (Basic)

D) Rationale

This course on Advanced industrial automation offers students a hands-on approach to implement industrial control using modern controllers like Programmable Logic Controller (PLC), Distributed Control System (DCS)Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA). Students will learn to identify and connect field inputs and outputs; communicate with, and program microprocessor-based controllers. Students will also connect, communicate with, and develop displays for computer-based operator interfaces. Process manufacturers typically employ Distributed Control System (DCS) Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition (SCADA) technologies to monitor and control the operations in their facilities. DCS and SCADA systems are now doing much more than simply monitoring and controlling. The course will enable the students to use of basic instructions and addressing, advanced PLC instructions in Ladder Logic and to identify and troubleshoot the faults in PLC system and do PLC maintenance. This course also introduces the students to industrial automation communications, PLC maintenance and troubleshooting also to become a successful automation engineer.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able to-

- **CO-1.** Apply the principles of communication for industrial automation.
- **CO-2.** Test the output of the PLC ladder logic programs for the given application
- **CO-3.** Maintain PLC systems
- **CO-4.** Use SCADA for supervisory control and for acquiring data from the field.
- **CO-5.** Develop simple automation systems

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course		Programme SpecificOutcomes* (PSOs)							
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Disciplin eSpecific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysi	PO-3 Design/ Developmen tof Solutions	PO-4 Engineer ingTools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Managem ent	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2
CO-1	3	2	2	2	2	-	2		
CO-2	3	3	3	3	-	-	2		
CO-3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2		
CO-4	3	2	2	2	2	2	2		
CO-5	3	2	2	3	2	2	2		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs isoptional

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

			Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)							
Boar dof Stud	Cours e Code	Cours e Title	Classroo m Instructio n(CI)		Lab Instructio n(LI)	Notiona lHours (TW+ SL)	Total Hour s (CI+LI+TW+	Total Credit s(C)		
y			L	T			SL)			
	2000605F/ 2000608F/ 2000611F	Industrial Automation (Advance)	03	-	04	02	09	05		

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, Online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

					Assessment	Scheme (Ma	rks)		a
	Je Je		Theory As:	sessment A)	Lea	ork & Self- rning ent(TWA)		ssessme (LA)	⊦TWA+L/
Board of Study	Course Code	Cours e Title	Progressive Theory Assessment	End Theory Assessment	Internal	External	Progressive Lab Assessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment	Total Marks (TA+TWA+L
	200060 5F/200 0608F/ 200061 1F	Industrial Automation (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars,

micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.

Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

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J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)	
TSO.1a Describe how does a PLC communicate? TSO.1b Differentiate between parallel and series communication TSO.1c Describe the data transfer mechanism for the given communication protocols. TSO.1d Describe the given communication protocol used in PLC communication. TSO.1e Summarize PLC to PLC communication procedure TSO.1f Describe the common procedure to interface the PLC with other given hardware.	Unit-1.0 Industrial automation communication and Interfacing 1.1 Analog and Digital Communications on Plant Floors 1.2 Introduction to Industrial Networking 1.3 RS232-422-485 standards for data communication 1.4 Industrial Ethernet 1.5 Concept of Fieldbus 1.6 MODBUS protocol 1.7 Highway Addressable Remote Transducer (HART)Protocol 1.8 Interfacing of Programmable Logic Controller with otherhardware	CO-1	
TSO.2a Specify the proper I/O addressing format of the given PLC. TSO.2b Explain the use of different relay type instructions for the given operation. TSO.2c Describe how a program is executed with the help of Program Scan cycle TSO.2d Develop ladder logic program using arithmetic functions to perform the given operation. TSO.2e Develop ladder logic programs using logical and comparison instructions to perform the given operation TSO.2f Develop ladder logic programs using on delay, off delay and reset/retentive timer in a given PLC to create a delay in operation. TSO.2g Develop ladder logic programs using Up, Down and UP-down counter in a given PLC to count the number of products	 Unit-2.0 PLC Programming 2.1 PLC I/O addressing in ladder logic 2.2 PLC programming instructions using ladder logic andrelay type instructions 2.3 Program Scan cycle 2.4 PLC arithmetic functions - Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division instructions, increment decrement, trigonometric 2.5 PLC logical functions - AND, OR, XOR, NOT functions, PLC compare and convert functions. 2.6 Programming Timer -Addressing a timer block, status bits, On delay, Off Delay and reset/retentive timer 2.7 Programming Counter- Addressing a counter block, status bits, Up and Down counter, up-down counter, counter examples, register basics 2.8 Develop ladder logic for various simple applications 	CO-2	
TSO.3a Describe Requirements for PLC enclosure. TSO.3b Describe Proper groundingtechniques. TSO.3c Describe noise reduction Techniques. TSO.3d Explain preventive maintenanceprocedure associated with PLC	 Unit-3.0 Installation and maintenance of PLC systems 3.1 PLC enclosure, grounding requirements, noise generating inductive devices, leaky inputs and outputs, techniques to reduce electrical noise and leakage. 3.2 Introduction to PLC Trouble shooting and maintenance, trouble shooting of hardware and software. 3.3 Diagnostic LED Indicators in PLCs 3.4 Common problems 	CO-3	

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs
system to reduce environmental impact TSO.3e Identify faults in the given PLC system TSO.3f Explain the procedure for Troubleshooting PLC system TSO.3g Prepare preventive maintenance plan for the PLC system TSO.3h Use safety equipment's. TSO.3i Follow safe practices	 Internal problems – Check for PLC Power Supply, Emergency Push Button, Power Supply Failure, Battery Failure, Electrical Noise Interference, Verify the PLC Program with the Master Program, Corrupted PLC Memory External problems - Power failure, faulty grounding and electrical noise interference (RFI or EMI), Status of the Output Modules and their associated Circuitry, Status of the Input Modules and their associated Circuitry, Field Input and Output Devices, Communication Issues. Environmental Conditions. Check for humidity, temperature, vibration, and noise-level limits specified by its manufacturer Troubleshooting of Specific Components of the PLC System Power Supply Troubleshooting I/O Modules Troubleshooting Troubleshooting PLC Program Errors Troubleshooting the Working Environment of a PLC Replacement of CPU PLC trouble shooting flowchart PLC maintenance – PLC maintenance checklist, preventive maintenance procedure, maintenance plan for the PLC system. Safety procedure and safety equipment's. 	Number(s)
TSO.4.a Describe the function of given element of a SCADA system. TSO.4.b Interface the given PLC with SCADA system using the given Open Platform Communications (OPC). TSO.4.c Describe the steps to develop a simple SCADA screen for the given industrial application. TSO.4.d Describe the procedure to maintain the SCADA based PLC system for the given application.	 Unit-4.0 SCADA and DCS 4.1 Introduction, need, benefits and typical applications of SCADA and DCS 4.2 SCADA Architecture - Remote Terminal Units (RTUs), Master Terminal Units, Various SCADA editors, Communication protocols for SCADA 4.3 Comparison of SCADA with DCS 4.4 Interfacing SCADA system with PLC- Typical connectiondiagram, Object Linking and Embedding for Process Control (OPC) architecture 4.5 Creating SCADA Screen HMI for simple object, Steps for linking SCADA object (defining Tags and items, creating trends etc.,) with PLC ladder program using OPC, configuring simple applications using SCADA: Traffic light control, water distribution, pipeline control, Power generation, transmission and distribution etc. 4.6 Procedure to maintain the SCADA based PLC system. 	CO-3
TSO.5a Identify different components used for automation in the given system TSO.5b Select automation components for a given situation TSO.5c In the given manufacturing or service industry Identify the areas where automation is possible. TSO.5d Prepare plan for sustainable automation as per the requirement.	 Unit-5.0 Applications of Industrial Automation 5.1 Manufacturing- Industrial Robots- welding robots, pick and place robots, Cabot's, Machine monitoring system, supply chain, Automated assembly system, Flexible Automation and programmable Automation. 5.2 Health Care- microscopic robots for medical diagnosis, automated medication dispensing devices, AESOP, ZEUS, RP_7(remote presence 7th generation),DaVinci 5.3 Defense- guided rockets and missiles, counter measures, UAV drones, launcher, radar antenna, engagement control system 	CO-5

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs
		Number(s)
	 5.4 Automobile –Break monitoring system, Vehicle tracking system, Rear-view alarm to detect obstacles behind, Four-wheel drive, Traction control system, Dynamic steering response, Anti-lock braking system (ABS) Adaptive cruise control, Adaptive headlamps, Intelligent Parking Assist System, Driverless/Autonomous Cars 5.5 Agriculture- harvesters, irrigation systems, plowing machines, self-driving tractors, grain yield sensor 5.6 Mining- Mine planning system, mine picture compilation, mine control system, seismic imagining, laser imaging, Rig control system, automated drilling, automated exploration, automated truck 	

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

$K)\ \ Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608F):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 1.1 Data communication from PLC to PC and vice versa	1.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PC andvice versa	CO1
LSOs 1.2 Establish Communication channels between PLC s.	2.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PLC	CO1
LSOs 1.3 Transfer data from sensors to PLC and from PLC to PC.	3.	Transfer the sensor data from sensor to PLC to PLC and PC	CO1
LSOs 1.4 Interface the given PLC with a PC ora Laptop	4.	Interface the given PLC with a PC or a Laptop	CO1
LSOs 2.1 Identify Different parts and front panel indicators of a PLC	5.	Identify the various parts and front panel status indicators of the given PLC.	CO2
LSOs 2.2 Develop Ladder logic program for different arithmetic operations	6.	Develop/Execute ladder logic program for different arithmetic operations such as Addition, subtraction, multiplication, division increment, decrement, trigonometric in a given PLC	CO2
LSOs 2.3 Develop Ladder logic program fordifferent logical operations	7.	Develop/Execute ladder logic program for logical operations such as AND, OR, NOT, NAND, NOR, X-OR, X-NOR gate along with truth table	CO2
LSOs 2.4 Program Latch and Unlatch circuit in aPLC for motor operation	8.	Program the given PLC to start run and stop the given motor using latch circuit	CO2
LSOs 2.5 Create delay in operation using on delay, off delay and retentive timer function in a given PLC.	9.	Test the functionality of on delay, off delay and retentive timer for its correct operation in a given PLC.	CO2
LSOs 2.6 Count the number of objects/events using Up counter, Down counter and UP/Down counter in a PLC	10.	Test the functionality of Up, Down and Updown counter for its correct operation in a given PLC.	CO2
LSOs 2.7 Program PLC using ladder logic to controla LED/Lamp	11.	Develop/Execute a ladder logic program to put LED/lamp in the blinking mode	CO2
LSOs 2.8 Program PLC using ladder logic to controla simple traffic light system	12.	Develop/Execute a ladder logic program to control a simple traffic light control system using PLC	CO2

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 3.1 Use hygrometer to measure the humidity inside the panel LSOs 3.2 Use thermometer to measure ambient temperature inside the panel LSOs 3.3 Use tester to determine the voltage fluctuation at the power supply terminals is within specifications LSOs 3.4 Test the ground connections of the given PLC. LSOs 3.5 A given PLC is not working as per the logic instructions investigate the PLC to identify the cause of failure to showthe desired output LSOs 3.6 Investigate the cause of Noise in the given PLC LSOs 3.7 PLC goes on blackout out by losing itsoperating power. Troubleshoot the cause of failure. LSOs 3.8 Troubleshoot the corrupted PLC memory. LSOs 3.9 Replace CPU and power supply fusesin a given PLC system.	13.	Troubleshooting of PLC system	CO3
LSOs 4.1 Download any open source SCADA software and install the same. LSOs 4.2 Interpret the available components in symbol factory of SCADA software LSOs 4.3 Create simple SCADA HMI applications and apply dynamic properties. (Select any Three from the given list) i. Turn on and off a tube light using a Switch ii. Apply filling and object size properties a rectangle, square and round object iii. Move the object, fill the object using slider and meter reading. iv. Apply orientation property to a fan and control its direction using a slider. v. Move a square object horizontally first, then vertically and again horizontally by applying visibility property. LSOs 4.4 Create historical and real time trends for the given automation	14.	Develop simple SCADA HMI applications using any one open source SCADA software and apply dynamic properties	CO4
LSOs 5.1 Develop a smart irrigation device to detect the change in moisture level in the soil and controls the flow of water accordingly with a DC pump. LSOs 5.2 Build an electronic device that can remotely control home appliances with your Bluetooth-enabled smartphone and a special Android application	15.	Develop simple automation systems for the given requirement (Select any Three from the given list)	CO5

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 5.3 Develop a PLC program to control the robot in such a way that the robot can automatically pick and place components and works in syncwith the conveyor belt system. LSOs 5.4 Develop a Automation system to Open and close the door in the shop LSOs 5.5 Develop a line following robot with RFID sensor for supplying materials and automating workflow. LSOs 5.6 Develop smart street light controlling mechanism which willSwitch on/off the lights automatically depending on the intensity of the sunlight at that particular time of the day. LSOs 5.7 Develop smart automated railway crossing system to detect train arrival and departure and send appropriate signals to the microcontroller.			

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611F): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projectand other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.
 - i. State three advantages of using programmed PLC timer over mechanical timing relay.
 - ii. It is required to have a pilot light glow, meeting all of the circuit requirements given below:
 - All four circuit pressure Switches must be closed.
 - At least two out of three circuit limit Switches must be closed.
 - The reset Switch must not be closed.
 - iii. Using AND, OR, and NOT gates, design a logic circuit that will solve this hypothetical problem
 - iv. Prepare a comparison chart of different types of PLC
 - v. Prepare a maintenance plan for a given PLC system.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Troubleshoot the faulty equipment/kit available in automation laboratory
- 2. Select one industry and analyze the process and propose the automation strategies' that can be used for automation.
- 3. Develop a working model of a given application using given actuators and valves.
- 4. Develop a smart irrigation device to detect the change in moisture level in the soil and controls the flow of water accordingly with a DC pump.
- 5. Build an electronic device that can remotely control home appliances with your Bluetooth-enabled smartphone and a special Android application
- 6. Develop a PLC program to control the robot in such a way that the robot can automatically pick and place components and works in sync with the conveyor belt system.

c. Other Activities:

1. Seminar Topics- PLC instructions, Timers and Counters used in a given PLC

- 2. Seminar Topics- Industrial Applications of PLC and SCADA, AGV, Application of automation in different area, trouble shooting of different types of PLC
- 3. Visits Visit any industry with full or semi automation and prepare a report on industrial automation used by the industry in the given section, components used, power requirement, output achieved and maintenance activities required.
- 4. Surveys- Carry out a market/internet survey of PLC and prepare the comparative technical specifications of any one type of PLC (Micro or Mini) of different manufacturer.
- 5. Product Development- Develop a prototype automatic railway crossing system
- a. Software Development- Download any open source software for PLC and install on your laptop/PC and carry out basic PLC programming
- 6. Also download any open source software for SCADA and install on your laptop/PC and carry out basic SCADA HMI programming
- 7. Surveys Carry out a internet based survey to compare SCADA and DCS

d. Self-learning topics:

- Basic concepts of working of robot
- Automated material handling.
- Instrumentation systems for inspection and testing for quality of the product
- Use of robots in different applications
- Intelligent Transportation Systems
- Communication standards and protocols used in PLC
- Use of PLC for different industrial applications
- Use of SCADA for different industrial applications
- Interfacing of PLC
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation											
	Matrix											
	Theory Asses	ssment (TA)**	Term W	ork Assess	ment (TWA)	Lab Assessment (LA)#						
COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment	End Theory Assessment	Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment			Progressive Lab	End Laboratory					
	(PTA)	(ETA)	Assignment	Micro	Other	Assessment	Assessment					
	Class/Mid		S	Project	Activities	(PLA)	(ELA)					
	Sem Test			S	*	, ,	` ,					
CO-1	10%	20%	20%		33%	10%	20%					
CO-2	15%	25%	20%		33%	15%	20%					
CO-3	15%	20%	20%		34%	15%	20%					
CO-4	30%	20%	20%	50%		30%	20%					
CO-5	30%	15%	20%	50%		30%	20%					
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30					
Mark				50		1						
S												

Legend:

*: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)

#: Mentioned under point- (O)

Note:

☐ The percentage given are approximate

☐ In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COsmapped with total experiments.

☐ For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo m Instructio n(CI) Hours	Relevan tCOs Number (s)	Total Mark s	ETA (Marks)			
				Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)	
Unit1.0 Industrial automation Communication and Interfacing	9	CO1	14	5	4	5	
Unit2.0 PLC Programming	12	CO2	17	5	6	6	
Unit3.0 Installation and maintenance of PLCsystems	10	CO3	14	4	5	5	
Unit4.0 SCADA and DCS	9	CO4	14	4	5	5	
Unit5.0 Applications of Industrial Automation	8	CO5	11	2	4	5	
Total Marks	48		70	20	24	26	

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		Relevant	PLA/ELA		
S.	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Performance		Viva-
No.	Laboratory Fractical Titles	Number(s	PRA * (%)	PDA* * (%)	Voce (%)
1.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PC and vice versa	CO1	50	40	10
2.	Transfer the control data from PLC to PLC	CO1	50	40	10
3.	Transfer the sensor data from sensor to PLC to PLC and PC	CO1	50	40	10
4.	Interface the given PLC with a PC or a Laptop	CO1	50	40	10
5.	Identify Different parts and front panel indicators of a PLC	CO2	50	40	10
6.	Develop Ladder logic program for different arithmetic operations	CO2	50	40	10
7.	Develop Ladder logic program for different logical operations	CO2	50	40	10
8.	Program Latch and Unlatch circuit in a PLC for motor operation	CO2	50	40	10
9.	Create delay in operation using on delay, off delay and retentive timer function in a given PLC	CO2	50	40	10
10.	Count the number of objects/events using Up counter, Down counter and UP/Down counter in a PLC	CO2	50	40	10
11.	Program PLC using ladder logic to control a LED/Lamp	CO2	50	40	10
12.	Program PLC using ladder logic to control a simple traffic lightsystem	CO2	50	40	10

		Dolomont	PLA/ELA			
S.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs	Perfo	Viva-		
No.	Laboratory Fractical Titles	Number(s	PRA	PDA*	Voce	
		` `	*	*	(%)	
)	(%)	(%)	(70)	
13.	Use hygrometer to measure the humidity inside the panel	CO3	50	40	10	
14.	Use thermometer to measure ambient temperature inside the panel	CO3	50	40	10	
15.	Use tester to determine the voltage fluctuation at the power supply terminals is within specifications	CO3	50	40	10	
16.	A given PLC is not working as per the logic instructions investigate the PLC to identify the cause of failure to show the desired output	CO3	50	40	10	
17.	Investigate the cause of Noise in the given PLC	CO3	50	40	10	
18.	PLC goes on blackout out by losing its operating power. Troubleshoot the cause of failure.	CO3	50	40	10	
19.	Troubleshoot the corrupted PLC memory.	CO3	50	40	10	
20.	Replace CPU and power supply fuses in a given PLC system	CO3	50	40	10	
21.	Download any open source SCADA software and install the same.	CO4	50	40	10	
22.	Interpret the available components in symbol factory in SCADAsoftware	CO4	50	40	10	
23.	Create simple SCADA HMI applications and apply dynamic properties (Any Three). i. Turn on and off a tube light using a Switch ii. Apply filling and object size properties to a rectangle, square and round object iii. Move the object, fill the object using slider and meter reading. iv. Apply orientation property to a fan and control its direction using a slider. v. Move a square object horizontally first, then vertically and again horizontally by applying visibility property.	CO4	50	40	10	
24.	Create historical and real time trends for the given automation	CO4	50	40	10	
24	 Select any three of the following: - Develop a smart irrigation device to detect the change in moisture level in the soil and controls the flow of water accordingly with a DC pump. Build an electronic device that can remotely control home appliances with your Bluetooth-enabled smartphone and a special Android application Develop a PLC program to control the robot in such a way that the robot can automatically pick and place components and works in sync with the conveyor belt system. Develop a Automation system to Open and close the door in the shop Develop a line following robot with RFID sensor forsupplying materials and automating workflow. Develop smart street light controlling mechanism which will Switch on/off the lights automatically depending on 	CO5	60	30	10	

	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant	PLA/ELA				
S.		COs	Performance		Viva-		
No.	Laboratory Tractical Titles	Number(s	PRA * (%)	PDA* * (%)	Voce (%)		
	the intensity of the sunlight at that particular time of theday. vii. Develop smart automated railway crossing system to detect train arrival and departure and send appropriate signals to the microcontroller.		. ,				

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment

PDA**: Product Assessment

Note:

This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Toolsand Software	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment/Practic al Number
1.	SCADA software (reputed make like Allen Bradley, Siemensetc.,)	Ready-to-use symbol library, React and respond in real-time, Real time monitoring, Friendly, manageable, secure, extensible, Easy-to-use, easy to implement, Easy configuration, simplified maintenance, Communication with PLC, easy and flexible alarm definition, data collection and analysis for new and existing systems, easy-to-use for report generation, open access to historical data, different packages available with input/output structure. Open source software SCADA software: like Ellipse/FTVSE/Wonderware/ open SCADA can also be used	14
2.	Universal PLC TrainingSystem with HMI (Of reputed make such as Allen bradely, Siemens, etc.,) Compatible with SCADAsoftware	Human Machine Interface (HMI) display, PLC with 16 digital inputs, 16 digital outputs with RS232 communication facility. Open platform to explore wide PLC and HMI applications. Industrial look & feel. Toggle Switches, push to ON Switch, proximity sensor, visual indicator, audio indicator, and DC motor. Experiments configurable through patch board. Powerful instruction sets. Several sample ladder and HMI programs. PC based ladder and HMI programming. Extremely easy and student friendly software to develop different programs. Easy downloading of programs. Practice troubleshooting skills. Compact tabletop ergonomic design. Robust construction. PLC gateway for cloud connectivity. Open source software like Ladder logic simulator, Pico soft Simulator, Logixpro simulator, Simple EDA tools can also be used	1 to 12
3.	Safety gears	Gloves, Safety goggles, Ear protection, Dust masks andrespirators.	13
4.	Power tools	Power drills, Orbital sanders, Circular saws, Impact wrenches.	13
5.	Hand tools	Screwdrivers, Hammers, Hand saws, Hex Key Allen Wrench Set Inch and Metric, relay puller, Multi-Tool Wire Stripper/Crimper/Cutter	13

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Toolsand Software	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment/Practic al Number
6.	Electrical tools	Wire and cable strippers, Multimeters- Volts, Ohms, and Amps, Crimpers- Side Cutter Crimping, Wire Crimp Connector Kit, Digital Multimeter Clamp Meter with Amp, Volt, and Ohm, Non-Contact Voltage Tester	13
7.	Spare parts	PLC Programming Cables, SD Card Reader Compact flash, Wire Nut Set, Fuses- Class J 30, 35, 60, and 100 -amp fuses, Class CC 2, 3, 5, 10, 15, 20, and 30 -amp fuses, 5mm x 20mm 0.032 (for 4 -20mA circuits), 0.5, 1, 2, 5, 10, and 15 amps, Cube Relays, Resistor Kit, batteries, LED Indicators PLC Processor (CPU), Input/ output module	13
8.	Thermo-hygrometer	Measuring range Temp.: -30 60°C / -22 140°F Measuring range rel. Humidity: 0 100% rh, Measurement protocol as PDF, Data export possible as CSV, Readable without software, data sets of measured values can be stored.	13
9.	Digital Hygrometer	maximum humidity measurement- 100%RH, temperature measurement resolution -0.1egree centigrade, humidity measurement resolution -0.1%RH, minimum operating temperature10 to -20-degree centigrade, Maximum operating temperature +45 to +50 degree centigrade	13

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
No.			
1.	Introduction to Programmable LogicControllers	Dunning, G.	Thomson /Delmar learning, New Delhi, 2005, ISBN 13: 9781401884260
2.	Programmable Logic Controllers	Petruzella, F.D.	McGraw Hill India, New Delhi, 2010,ISBN: 9780071067386
3.	Programmable Logic Controllers	Hackworth, John; Hackworth, Federic	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2003, ISBN: 9780130607188
4.	Industrial automation and Process control	Stenerson Jon	PHI Learning, New Delhi, 2003, ISBN:9780130618900
5.	Programmable Logic Controller	Jadhav, V. R.	Khanna publishers, New Delhi, 2017, ISBN: 9788174092281
6.	Programmable Logic Controllers and Industrial Automation - An introduction,	Mitra, Madhuchandra; Sengupta, Samarjit,	Penram International Publication, 2015, ISBN: 9788187972174
7.	Control System	Nagrath & Gopal	New Age International Pvt Ltd, ISBN:9789386070111, 9789386070111
8.	Linear Control Systems with MATLABApplications, Publisher:	Manke, B. S.	Khanna Publishers, ISBN: 9788174093103, 9788174093103
9.	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition	Boyar, S. A.	ISA Publication, USA, ISBN: 978-1936007097
10.	Practical SCADA for industry,	Bailey David; Wright Edwin	Newnes (an imprint of Elsevier), UK2003, ISBN:0750658053
11	Industrial Automation: Systems and Engineering		States Academic Press , 2022 ISBN 9781649649270
12	Industrial Automation Technologies		States Academic Press 2023 ISBN 9781649649255
13	Introduction to Industrial Automation	Kian Pearson	Willford Press 2023, ISBN 9781682860864

(b) Online Educational Resources:

1. Software: - www.fossee.com

- 2. Software: www.logixpro.com
- 3. Software: www.plctutor.com
- 4. Software; www.ellipse.com
- 5. PLC lecture: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=pPiXEfBO2qo
- 6. PLC tutorial: http://users.isr.ist.utl.pt/~jag/aulas/apil3/docs/API_I_C3_3_ST.pdf
- 7. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=277wwYWolpw-PLC system troubleshooting and repair. Industrial control panel. PLC system repair.
- 8. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=5Jmtvrch5Jg
- 9. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=peyV9bwEaLY
- 10. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QdJhRmtKpxk&list=RDCMUCke36Li q- w5fboMHkq1APZw&index=3
- 11. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ygrrRwaJz3M

by the s

Note:

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. Learning Packages
- 2. Users' Guide
- 3. Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. Lab Manuals

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

□ Dr. Vandana Somkuwar (Coordinator)□ Dr. C.S.Rajeshwari (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605G/2000608G/2000611G

B) Course Title : Electric Vehicle (Advanced)
C) Prerequisite Course(s) : Electric Vehicle (Basics)

D) Rationale

The automobile manufacturing sector in India is rapidly switching over to electric vehicles used for the public as well as private transport. The Govt. of India has launched the FAME-II Scheme (Faster Adoption and Manufacturing of Hybrid & Plug-in Electric Vehicles) to encourage the progressive induction of reliable, affordable and efficient electric and hybrid vehicles and to create demand for Electric Vehicles in the country. The technology is being evolved to enhance the vehicle's efficiency and running mileage by controlling the manufacturing, maintenance and recurring costs of such vehicles. Due to the rapid increase in EV demand, industries will also require skilled manpower in this area. This advanced course on electric vehicles is included as an open elective for all the diploma programmes to provide a sound knowledge of EVs to engineering diploma students and develop skills related to testing and maintenance of various electrical, electronic and mechanical systems in EVs.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the learners' accomplishment of the following course outcomes. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the student will be able to-

- **CO-1** Compute various parameters affecting Vehicle movement.
- **CO-2** Test the operation of the different elements of the Automobile System.
- **CO-3** Test the battery and motor used for Power Transmission in EVs.
- **CO-4** Test electronic control unit system of EVs.
- **CO-5** Interpret the impact of Grid to Vehicle (G2V) and Vehicle to Grid (V2G) during the charging cycle.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course	Programme Outcomes(POs)								Programme SpecificOutcomes* (PSOs)	
Outcome s(COs)	PO-1 Basic and Disciplin eSpecific Knowledge	PO-2 Problem Analysi	PO-3 Design/ Development of Solutions	PO-4 Engineering Tools	PO-5 Engineering Practices for Society, Sustainability and Environment	PO-6 Project Management	PO-7 Life Long Learning	PSO-1	PSO-2	
CO-1	3	-	1	2	-	-	1			
CO-2	3	2	2	3	1	-	-			
CO-3	2	2	2	3	3	1	3			
CO-4	2	3	-	2	2	-	2			
CO-5	3	2	-	2	3	1	2			

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

						Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)			
Boar dof Stud y	Cours e Code	Cours e Title	Classroo m Instructio n(CI)		Lab Instructio n (LI)	Notiona lHours (TW+ SL)	Total Hour s (CI+LI+TW+	Total Credit s (C)	
			L	T			SL)		
	2000605G/	Electric Vehicle							
	2000608G/	(Advanced)	03	-	04	02	09	05	
	2000611G								

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances /problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term Work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc.

C: Credits = $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

			Assessment Scheme (Marks)							
Boar dof	Course Code	Cours e Title	Theory Assessment (TA)		Term Work & Self- Learning Assessment (TWA		Lab Assessme nt(LA)		-TWA+LA)	
Study			Progressive Theory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Internal	External	Progressive LabAssessment (PLA)	End Laboratory Assessment (FLA)	Total Marks (TA+TWA+LA)	
	2000605 G/20006 08G/200 0611G	Electric Vehicle (Advanced)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200	

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars,

micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.

☐ ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.

Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done **internally (40%)** as well as **externally (60%)**. Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.

I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at the course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (SW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to the attainment of Course Outcomes

(COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020-related reforms like

Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) andothers must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

M	Tajor Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO 1b. TSO 1c. 0 TSO 1d.	Explain the vehicle movement process Derive various equations for the movement of Vehicles Compute different resistances affecting Vehicle movement. Explain the dynamics of the given type of EV system.	Unit-1.0 Vehicle Dynamics 1.1 Vehicle Movement 1.2 Rolling Resistance: Equation, Coefficient, factor affecting rolling resistance, typical values of rolling resistance 1.3 Grading resistance 1.4 Road resistance 1.5 Acceleration resistance 1.6 Total driving resistance 1.7 Aerodynamic drag: Equation, typical values of the drag coefficient. 1.8 Vehicle dynamics Hybrid and Electric Vehicles DC Motor Dynamics and Control AC Motor Dynamics and Control	CO 1
TSO 2 b. TSO 2 c. TSO 2 d. TSO 2 e. TSO 2 f.	Identify the given elements of Automobile Systems. Describe the functions of the given elements of Automobile Systems. Explain the dynamic characteristics of the Disc Braking System for the given braking steps. Describe the Procedure for testing the given AC/DC motors. Describe the Procedure of Installation and Testingof the given EV Charging Stations. Describe the Procedure for Commissioning EV Charging Stations. Explain the functions of the EV Control Unit.	Unit-2.0 Elements of Automobile 2.1 Suspension and Damping systems 2.2 Brake system: Half-step braking, Full stepBraking 2.3 Transaxle 2.4 Elements of Noise Vibration and Harshness Control 2.5 Body balancing 2.6 Tyre Technology 2.7 AC/DC motor 2.8 Air-conditioning and Heating System 2.9 Lighting System 2.10 Automotive wiring system 2.11 Earthing and Insulation 2.12 Charging stations – Installation and Commissioning 2.13 Vehicle control unit	CO 2
TSO 3a. TSO 3b. TSO 3c. TSO 3d. TSO 3e. TSO 3f. TSO 3g. TSO 3h. TSO 3i.	Compare different power transmission systems in EVs. List the main Components of the EV PowerTrain. Explain the functions of the given EV PowerTrain component. Describe the testing procedure of the given EV Power Train component. Explain the regenerative braking operation in the given EV motor. Describe the speed control mechanism of the given motor. Explain various parameters of the given battery. Select the suitable battery for the given EV application. Describe the assembling and dismantling procedure of the given battery.	 Unit-3.0 EV Power Transmission System 3.1 Transmission System: Single and Multi-transmission system 3.2 EV Power Train 3.3 EV Power Train Components: Battery Pack, DC-AC Converter, Electric Motor, On-Board Charger. 3.4 Battery Parameters: Voltage, Current, Charging rate, efficiency, energy density, power density, State of Charge (SoC), Depth of Discharge (DoD), State of Health(SoH), Operating Temperature, specific energy, specific power, life cycle and cost. 3.5 Battery Assembly and Dismantling. 3.6 Gear and Differential Assembly 3.7 Safe disposal of used battery 	CO 3

M	Tajor Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevan tCOs Number(s)
TSO 3j.	Describe the Mechanism of Gear and Differential Assembly.		
TSO 4a. TSO 4b. TSO 4c. TSO 4d. TSO 4e.	Describe the Vehicle Control Unit (VCU). Describe the functions of the given component of the Electronic Control Unit. Describe the connections of the given control unit with the EV sub-system. Explain the Interaction of Controller AreaNetwork Communication with VCU. Describe the Troubleshooting and Assessment procedure of VCU.	 Unit- 4.0 Vehicle Control Unit (VCU) 4.1 Electronic Control Unit: Battery Management System, DC-DC Converter, Thermal Management System and BodyControl Module. 4.2 Predefined functions 4.3 Connections with EV subsystem 4.4 Controller Area Network (CAN)communication 4.5 Interaction of CAN Communication withVCU. 4.6 Troubleshooting and Assessment 4.7 Dynamometers: Introduction 4.8 Environmental Chambers 	CO 4
TSO 5b. 1 TSO 5c. 1 TSO 5d. TSO 5e.	Explain the Classification of Charging Technologies. Explain the impact of the Grid on Vehicle Charging and Vehicle Charging on the Grid. Describe the testing procedure of the given Bi- directional charging systems. Explain the Energy Management Strategies in the EV. Explain the Wireless Power Transfer (WPT) technique for EV Charging.	Unit- 5.0 EV Charging Technologies 5.1 Charging Technology: Classification 5.2 Grid-to-Vehicle (G2V) 5.3 Vehicle to Grid (V2G) or Vehicle to Buildings (V2B) or Vehicle to Home(V2H). 5.4 Bi-directional EV Charging Systems. 5.5 Energy Management Strategies. 5.6 Wireless Power Transfer (WPT) technique for EV Charging.	CO 5

Note: One major TSO may require more than one theory session/Period.

K) Suggested Laboratory (Practical) Session Outcomes (LSOs) and List of Practical (2000608G):

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)			Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevan tCOs Number(s
LSO 2.1	Test the operation of the Control Disc Braking system and control the regenerative braking system using a test rig. Test the performance (Speed v/s Braking Torque) of the Disc Braking System in Half	1.	Testing of Control Disc Braking systemand Control Regenerative Braking system.	CO2
	step and Full step braking modes.			
LSO 2.3	Test the performance of different types of propulsion motors.	2.	Testing of Motors	
LSO 2.4	Test the continuity of the automotive wiring system in the EV	3.	Testing of the automotive wiring system.	
LSO 3.1	Test the performance of a new set of batteries and aged batteries.	4.	Testing of Batteries used in EVs	CO2, CO3
LSO 3.2	Compare the performance of the battery			
	and find the Fuel Gauge after discharging the battery.			
	a. 0% - 100%			
	b. 30% - 100%			
1.00	c. 50% - 100%			
LSO	Evaluate the following parameters of the			

3.3		
given EV battery.		
a. Specific power		
b. Specific energy		

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSO	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
c. Life span and			
d. Cost parameters			
LSO 3.4 Evaluate the State of Health (SoH) of given EV Battery after several charge/discharge cycles.	the		
LSO 3.5 Test the dynamic performance of the giv	ren 5.	Speed control of Electrical Motors	
motor;			
a) Speed and torque spectrum.			
b) Speed and torque oscillation			
c) Friction torque friction spectrum.			
LSO 3.6 Test the following speed-controlled performance characteristics of the give motor; a. Motor voltage over time b. Motor current over time. c. Speed and torque over time. d. Torque over speed. e. Current over speed. f. Electrical input power and the mechanical input power over speed.	ed	• Connection of Electronic Control	COA
LSO 4.1 Connect the components of the EC Unwith EV subsystems. LSO 4.2 Troubleshoot basic faults in the electrons.		 Connection of Electronic Control Unitcomponents Troubleshooting of electronic control 	CO4
control unit of EV.		unit	
LSO 5.1 Evaluate the impact of the Grid on VehicleCharging and Vehicle Chargin the Grid.	7.	Impacts of G2V and V2G	CO 5
LSO 5.2 Prepare a layout of a charging station	8.	Demonstration of Charging stations	

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self-Learning (2000611G): Some sample suggested assignments, micro projects and other activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/ Problems/ Numerical/ Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.

b. Micro Projects:

- 1. Design and build a physical model of an EV motor and powertrain components from scratch.
- 2. Build and simulate communication systems of EVs using some software tools.
- 3. Prepare a report on "the way carbon credit works and companies utilize it to reduce their emission values".
- 4. Develop an EV prototype power train using locally procured hardware components.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics:
 - Safe disposal process of Used Batteries.
 - Charging Technologies used for charging the EV.
 - EV power transmission systems.
- 2. **Surveys** Visit an electric vehicle manufacturing plant and prepare report on HVAC system used in EV.

3. Self-learning topics:

- Impact of fleet charging of EVs on Power Systems.
- Energy Management in EV.
- Fuel Cell powered bus.
- EV Battery disposal and recycling.
- Mobility and connectors.

M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use the appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage, in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of the student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

	Course Evaluation							
	-	. (= 1) 11		Matr				
	Theory Asses	ssment (TA)**	Term Wo	Term Work Assessment (TWA)		Lab Assessment (LA)#		
	Progressiv	End						
	eTheory	Theory	Term	Work & Sel	f-			
COs	Assessment	Assessment		Learning		Progressive	End	
	(PTA)	(ETA)		S S		Laboratory		
	Class/Mi	, ,	Assignments	Micro	Other	Assessment	Assessment	
	dSem			Project	Activities*	(PLA)	(ELA)	
	Test			S				
CO-1	20%	15%	20%					
CO-2	20%	20%	20%			35%	25%	
CO-3	20%	30%	20%	70%	40%	40%	25%	
CO-4	20%	25%	20%	30%	20%	10%	25%	
CO-5	20%	10%	20%		40%	15%	25%	
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30	
Mark				50				
S								

Legend:

*: Other Activities include self- learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)
#: Mentioned under point- (O)

Note:

☐ The percentage given are approximate

In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COsmapped with total experiments.

For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.

N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of the cognitive domain of the full course.

Unit Title and Number	Total Classroo	Relevant COs	Total Mark	ETA (Marks)		
	m Instructio n(CI) Hours	Number (s)	s	Remembe r(R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)
Unit-1.0 Vehicle Dynamics	8	CO1	12	4	5	3
Unit-2.0 Elements of Automobile.	10	CO2	15	5	6	4
Unit-3.0 EV Power Transmission System.	14	CO3	20	4	10	6
Unit-4.0 Vehicle Control Unit (VCU)	10	CO4	15	4	6	5
Unit-5.0 Charging Technologies	6	CO5	8	3	3	2
Total Marks	48		70	20	30	20

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question papers for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

S.	Laboratory Practical Titles	Relevant COs		PLA /ELA	1	
N.	Laboratory Tractical Titles	Number(s	Performance		Viva	
)	PRA *	PDA*	- -	
		,			Voc	
			(%)	(%)	e (%)	
1	Testing of Control Disc Braking system and				(,,,,	
	ControlRegenerative Braking system.	~~~		•		
2	Testing of Motors.	CO2	60	30	10	
3.	Testing of automotive wiring system.					
4.	Testing of Batteries used in EVs		60	30	10	
		CO2, CO3				
5.	Speed control of Electrical Motors		60	30	10	
6.	Connection of Electronic Control Unit components	CO4	60	30	10	
7.	Troubleshooting of electronic control unit					
7	Impacts of G2V and V2G		30	60	10	
	-	CO				
8	Demonstration of Charging stations	5	70	20	10	

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment

PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both the end semester as well as progressive assessment of practicals. Rubrics need to be prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student's performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/ Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources (OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practica l Number
1.	Disc Braking and Regenerativebraking system test rig	Test rig equipment for Demonstration of Disc Braking and Regenerative Braking system operation.	1
2.	Disc Braking System	Test rig / Software for testing the performance of the disc braking system in Half step and Full step braking mode.	1
3.	Induction motor	Induction motor For EV applications with testing kit	2,5
4.	Switched reluctance motor	Switched reluctance motor for EV applications with testing kit	2,5

5.	Permanent magnet (PM) DC motors	Permanent magnet (PM) DC motors for EV applications with testing kit	2,5
6.	Automotive wiring system	Testing facility of automotive wiring system using software /actual EV systems	3

S. No.	Name of Equipment, Tools andSoftware	Broad Specifications	Relevant Experiment/Practica
			Number
7.	Lithium Ion and Lead-acid Batteries	12V, 7Ah with testing setup.	4
8.	Nickel-based batteries (metal hydride and cadmium battery).	12V, 7Ah with testing setup.	4
9.	Battery tester	For testing battery parameters	4
10.	Battery charger	Battery charger for EV	4
11.	Battery Management System	Training kit or simulation for BMS	4
12.	DC-DC Converter	48V to 12V bidirectional DC-DC Converter	4
13.	Power Analyser	To observe the impacts of G2V and V2G	5
14.	BMS setup	For Demonstration & training	4
15.	DC power supply	0-32V	5
16.	Charging Station Simulator	For Demonstration & training purposes.	5
17.	EC Unit with EV subsystems	Electronic Control Unit Hardware parts/ software for demonstrating the Connection of Electronic Control Unit components with EV subsystems.	6,7
18.	Facility to demonstrate the impact of the Grid on Vehicle Charging and Vehicle Charging on the Grid.	-	7

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Electric Vehicles: And the End of the ICE age	Anupam Singh	Kindle Edition ASIN: B07R3WFR28
2.	Wireless Power Transfer Technologies for Electric Vehicles (Key Technologies on New Energy Vehicles)	Xi Zhang, Chong Zhu,Haitao Song	Springer Verlag, Singapore; 1st ed.2022 edition (23 January 2022) ISBN-13: 978-9811683473
3.	Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric, and Fuel Cell Vehicles	EHSANI	CRC Press; Third edition (1 January2019) ISBN-13: 978- 0367137465
4.	Electric Powertrain: Energy Systems, Power Electronics and Drives for Hybrid, Electric and Fuel Cell Vehicles	John G. Hayes, G. AbasGoodarzi	Wiley; 1st edition (26 January 2018) ISBN-13: 978-1119063643
5.	New Perspectives on Electric Vehicles	Marian Găiceanu (Editor)	IntechOpen (30 March 2022) ISBN-13: 978-1839696145
6.	Electric and Hybrid Vehicles,	Tom Denton, Taylor &Francis	2nd Edition (2020) ISBN- 9780429296109
7.	Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Energy Management Strategies	S. Onori, L. Serrao and G.Rizzoni	Springer (2016) ISBN: 978-1-4471-6781-5

8.	Electric & Hybrid Vehicles	A.K. Babu	Khanna Publishing House,
			NewDelhi, 1st Edition (2018)
			ISBN: 9789386173713, 9386173719

S. No.	Titles	Author(s)	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
9.	Power Electronics: Circuits, Devices and Applications,	Rashid, M. H.	Pearson, 3rd edition, (2013) ASIN: B07HB3BM1W
10	Electric Vehicle Engineering		Clanrye International2023, ISBN-978164729097
11	Electric Vehicles: Current Progress & Technologies	, unessu cones	Murphy & Moore Publishing 2023, ISBN 9781649872746
12	20 Electric and Hybrid Vehicles: Principles, Design and Technology	ivially ivialphy	Larsen and Keller Education 2023 ISBN 9781641728520

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://www.energy.gov/eere/fuelcells/fuel-cell-systems
- 2. https://powermin.gov.in/en/content/electric-vehicle
- 3. https://www.iea.org/reports/electric-vehicles
- 4. https://www.oercommons.org/search?f.search=Electric+Vehicles
- 5. https://fame2.heavyindustries.gov.in/Index.aspx

Note: Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested, online educational recourses before use by the students.

(c) Others:

- 1. Learning Packages on EV
- 2. EV Users' Guide
- 3. EV Manufacturers' Manual
- 4. EV Lab Manuals

S)	Course Curriculum	Development Team	(NITTTR, Bhopal	l)
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Dr. A. S. Walkey (Coordinator)
Dr. S. S. Kedar (Co-coordinator)

A) Course Code : 2000605H/2000608H/2000611H

B) Course Title : Robotics (Advance)
C) Pre- requisite Course(s) : Robotics (Basic)

D) Rationale :

Efficiency and quality are the demands of industry 4.0. Robotics is a constituent of Industry 4.0 which not only provides the former two but also is beneficial for hazardous and similar challenging situations. The use of robotic technology is developing at a very fast rate in all types of industries whether manufacturing, service or tertiary. Engineers should be competent to use the robotic technology for industry and society advantage. This course aims for the diploma engineers to have advanced skills in robotic applications and use in digital manufacturing.

E) Course Outcomes (COs): After the completion of the course, teachers are expected to ensure the accomplishment of following course outcomes by the learners. For this, the learners are expected to perform various activities related to three learning domains (Cognitive, Psychomotor and Affective) in classroom/laboratory/workshop/field/industry.

After completion of the course, the students will be able

- **to-CO-1** Plan the use of robots in engineering applications.
- **CO-2** Elucidate the conceptual place of the robotic components for engineering processes.
- **CO-3** Use robots for small automatic robotic applications.
- **CO-4** Compute the economics associated with use of robots in industries.
- **CO-5** Select appropriate robot for industrial requirements and other applications.

F) Suggested Course Articulation Matrix (CAM):

Course Outcome s(COs)				ogramme comes(POs))			Outco	cific
	PO-1	PO-2	PO-3	PO-4	PO-5	PO-6	PO-7	PSO-1	PSO-2
	Basic and			Engineerin	Engineering	Project	Life		
	Discipline	Analysi	nt of Solutions	gTools	Practices for	Managem	Long		
	Specific	S			Society,	ent	Learni		
	Knowledg				Sustainability		ng		
	e				and Environment				
CO-1	-	-	3	-	2	ı	2		
CO-2	=	2	3	2	-	-	1		
CO-3	3	2	3	-	-	-	2		
CO-4	3	-	-	2	-	-	-		
CO-5	3	2	-	-	2	=	1		

Legend: High (3), Medium (2), Low (1) and No mapping (-)

G) Teaching & Learning Scheme:

Boar	Course	Cour		Scheme of Study (Hours/Week)						
dof Stud y	Code	se Title	Classroo Lab Notiona Total m Instructio lHours Hour Instructio n(LI) (TW+ s n (CI SL)					Total Credit s (C)		
	2000605H	Robotics	03	T	04	02	09	05		

^{*} PSOs will be developed by respective programme coordinator at institute level. As per latest NBA guidelines, formulating PSOs is optional

/2000608H /2000611H	(Advance)			

Legend:

CI: Classroom Instruction (Includes different instructional/implementation strategies i.e. Lecture (L), Tutorial (T), Case method, Demonstrations, Video demonstration, Problem based learning etc. to deliver theoretical concepts)

LI: Laboratory Instruction (Includes experiments/practical performances/ problem-based experiences in laboratory, workshop, field or other locations using different instructional/Implementation strategies)

Notional Hours: Hours of engagement by learners, other than the contact hours for ensuring learning.

TW: Term work (includes assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, any other student activities etc.)

SL: Self Learning, MOOCs, spoken tutorials, online educational resources etc

C: Credits = $(1 \times CI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times LI \text{ hours}) + (0.5 \times Notional hours})$

Note: TW and SL have to be planned by the teacher and performed by the learner under the continuous guidance and feedback of teacher to ensure outcome of learning.

H) Assessment Scheme:

				As	ssessment Sch	eme (Mar	ks)		_
Boar dof Stud	Sode	Course Title	Theory Ass (TA	sessment A)	Term Wor Lear Assess (TV	ning sment	Lab As	ssessme (LA)	A+TWA+LA)
y	Course Code		Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment	Internal	External	Progressiv eLab Assessment (PLA)	End Laborator y Assessment	Total Marks (TA
	2000605H /2000608H /2000611H	Robotics (Advance)	30	70	20	30	20	30	200

Legend:

PTA: Progressive Theory Assessment in class room (includes class test, mid-term test and quiz using online/offline modes)

PLA: Progressive Laboratory Assessment (includes process and product assessment using rating Scales and rubrics)

TWA: Term work & Self Learning Assessment (Includes assessment related to student performance in assignments, seminars, micro projects, industrial visits, self-learning, any other student activities etc.

Note:

- Separate passing is must for progressive and end semester assessment for both theory and practical.
- ETA & ELA are to be carried out at the end of the term/ semester.
- Term Work is to be done by the students under the guidance of internal faculty but its assessment will be done internally (40%) as well as externally (60%). Assessment related to planning and execution of Term Work activities like assignment, micro project, seminar and self-learning is to be done by internal faculty (Internal Assessment) whereas assessment of output/product/ presentation related to these activities will be carried out by external faculty/expert (External Assessment). However, criteria of internal as well as external assessment may vary as per the requirement of respective course. For valid and reliable assessment, the internal faculty should prepare checklist & rubrics for these activities.
- I) Course Curriculum Detailing: This course curriculum detailing depicts learning outcomes at course level and session level and their attainment by the students through Classroom Instruction (CI), Laboratory Instruction (LI), Term Work (TW) and Self Learning (SL). Students are expected to demonstrate the attainment of Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs) leading to attainment of Course Outcomes (COs) upon the completion of the course. While curriculum detailing, NEP 2020 related reforms like Green skills, Sustainability, Multidisciplinary aspects, Society connect, Indian Knowledge System (IKS) and others must be integrated appropriately.

J) Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs) and Units:

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 1a. Define the need and scope of industrial robots. TSO 1b. Describe the concept of robot dynamics with regards to methods for orientation and location of objects. TSO 1c. Analyse robot direct kinematics for the given 2 DOF planar manipulator. TSO 1d. List types of robots TSO 1e. List safety steps while handling the given robot. TSO 1f. Interface robots with the given welding machine. TSO 1g. Interface robots with the given painting machine. TSO 1h. Interface robots with the given assembly machine.	 Unit-1.0 Robot Kinematics, Dynamics and Industrial Applications 1.1 Definition need and scope of Industrial robots 1.2 Robot dynamics – Methods for orientation and location of objects 1.3 Planar Robot Kinematics – Direct and inversekinematics for 2 Degrees of Freedom. 1.4 Safety while operating and handling robot 1.5 Robot Industrial applications: Welding Robots-Welding Guns, Welding Electrodes, Welding Power Sources, shielding gases, Robot interfacing Spray painting Robots, assembly operation, cleaning. 	CO2, CO3
TSO 2a. Explain the techniques to control robot motion. TSO 2b. Describe the given robot drive system. TSO 2c. Describe the types of grippers. TSO 2d. Design grippers for specificapplication. TSO 2e. Test the designed gripper for the application. TSO 2f. Use Bar code technology for robotic applications. TSO 2g. Integrate radio frequency identification technology in robotic applications. TSO 2h. Assemble an automated guided vehicle for the given situation using standard components. TSO 2i. Assemble a simple automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS) for the given situation using standard components.	Unit- 2.0 Robot Drives, Control and Material Handling 2.1 Controlling the Robot motion. 2.2 Position and velocity sensing devices. 2.3 Drive systems – Hydraulic and Pneumaticdrives 2.4 Linear and rotary actuators and control valves 2.5 Electro hydraulic servo valves, electric drives, motors 2.6 End effectors – Vacuum, magnetic and air operated grippers 2.7 Material Handling; automated guided vehicle systems, automated storage and retrieval systems (ASRS) 2.8 Bar code technology 2.9 Radio frequency identification technology.	CO2, CO3
TSO 3a. Differentiate between various work cell layouts. TSO 3b. Select work cell for specific robot withjustification. TSO 3c. Analyse robot cycle time. TSO 3d. Explain industrial applications of roboticcell. TSO 3e. Follow safety procedures in robotic cell. TSO 4a. List different programming languages	Unit- 3.0 Robot Cell Design and Application 3.1 Robot work cell design, control and safety 3.2 Robot cell layouts 3.3 Multiple Robots and machine interference 3.4 Robot cycle time analysis 3.5 Industrial application of robotic cells Unit- 4.0 Robot Programming and	CO1, CO4,
for the robots TSO 4b. Describe artificial intelligence TSO 4c. Write a programme in the required language to operate a robot for the given task. TSO 4d. Optimise robot programming parameters.	 Economics of Robotization 4.1 Characteristics of task level languages through programming methods 4.2 Motion interpolation 4.3 Artificial intelligence: Goals of artificialintelligence, AI techniques, problem 	CO5

Major Theory Session Outcomes (TSOs)	Units	Relevant COs Number(s)
TSO 4e. Select a robot on the basis of cycle time analysis. TSO 4f. Conduct an economic analysis for use of robots. TSO 4g. Follow testing methods and acceptance rules for industrial robots.	representation in AI 4.4 Problem reduction and solution techniques. 4.5 Application of AI and KBES in Robots 4.6 Selection of Robots; Factors influencing the choice of a robot, selection of robot components, robot performance testing, work cycle time analysis 4.7 Economics analysis for robotics, costdata required for the analysis 4.8 Methods of economic analysis; Pay back method, equivalent uniform annual cost method, return on investment method. 4.9 Testing methods and acceptance rules for industrial robots	
TSO 5a. Describe applications of robots in healthcare and medicine. TSO 5b. Describe applications of robots in Construction industry. TSO 5c. Describe applications of robots in Underground coal mining. TSO 5d. Describe applications of robots in uutilities, military & firefighting operations. TSO 5e. Describe applications of robots in undersea and space TSO 5f. Describe applications of robots in brief in logistics, retail and hospitality, and smart cities. TSO 5g. Describe applications of robots in farming and agriculture in brief explain in brief the use of microrobots, nano robots, soft robots, humanoid robots	Environments 5.1 Applications of Robots in • Healthcare and medicine • Construction industry • Underground coal mines • Utilities, military & firefighting operations • Undersea • Space	CO5

Note: One major TSO may require more than one Theory session/Period.

$K)\ Suggested\ Laboratory\ (Practical)\ Session\ Outcomes\ (LSOs)\ and\ List\ of\ Practical\ (2000608H):$

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 1.1 Identify Wireless Sensor Network. LSOs 2.1 LSOs 1.2 Use wireless sensor Network for different robotic applications	1.	Identify different wireless sensor network in robotics viz. ZigBee, LoRa.	CO1, CO3
LSOs 2.2 Identify different Radio Frequency (RF)Controlled Wireless LSOs 2.2 Use Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless for different robotic applications.	2.	Use different Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless Robots.	CO1, CO2
LSOs 3.1 Identify the different Voice operated robot with speaker identification technology	3.	Examine different voice operated robot with speaker identification technology.	CO1, CO3

Practical/Lab Session Outcomes (LSOs)	S. No.	Laboratory Experiment/Practical Titles	Relevant COs Number(s
LSOs 3.2 Use different Voice operated robot with speaker identification technology for different robotic applications.			
LSOs 5.1 Identify the components required for a computer-controlled pick and place robot (wireless). LSOs 5.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	4.	Design a computer-controlled pick and place robot (wireless)	CO1
LSOs 6.1 Identify the components required for a Zigbee controlled Boat with wireless video and voice transmission. LSOs 6.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	5.	Design a Zigbee controlled Boat with wireless video and voice transmission.	CO2, CO3
LSOs 8.1 Identify the components required for a PC controlled wireless Multipurpose robot for engineering applications. LSOs 8.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	6.	Design a PC controlled wireless Multipurpose robot for simple engineering applications.	CO2, CO4, CO5
LSOs 9.1 Identify the components required for an unmanned arial photography LSOs 9.2 Integrate the components for the required application.	7.	Design an unmanned arial photography system.	CO3, CO5
LSOs 10.1 Develop a program LSOs 10.2 Simulate palletizing and depalletizing operations through robots.	8.	Develop program for real time (online TPP) Palletizing and Depalletizing operations through robots.	CO5
LSOs 11.1 Develop a program LSOs 11.2 Simulate direction control and step control logic for robotization	9.	Develop TPP / Offline program for vision-basedinspection for robots.	CO4, CO5
LSOs 12.1 Develop a program LSOs 12.2 Simulate robotising an inspection and part assembly.	10.	Program and simulate coordinated identification, inspection and part assembly for robots.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 13.1 Develop a program. LSOs 13.2 Simulate obstacle avoidance of robots.	11.	Develop obstacle avoidance robot Programming	CO1, CO5
LSOs 14.1 PLC programming. LSOs 14.2 Simulate robotising of welding operation.	12.	Program and simulate welding operation using robot simulation software.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 15.1 Simulate robotising of drilling operation.	13.	TPP / Offline program for drilling operation.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 16.1Develop a program for an industrial application. LSOs 16.2Execute the robot programme.	14.	Program to execute an industrial robot application using a given configuration.	CO1, CO5
LSOs 17.1 Use robot simulation software for DirectKinematic analysis upto 4-axis robots LSOs 17.2 Correlate the simulated results with respective mathematical calculations.	15.	Analyse Direct Kinematics of 4-axis robot using available software.	CO2

- L) Suggested Term Work and Self Learning (2000611H): Some sample suggested assignments, micro project andother activities are mentioned here for reference.
 - **a. Assignments**: Questions/Problems/Numerical/Exercises to be provided by the course teacher in line with the targeted COs.
 - **b. Micro Projects:** A suggestive list of micro-projects is given here. Similar micro-projects that match the COs could be added by the concerned course teacher. The student should strive to

identify eco-friendly or recycled material prior to selection for robotic applications.

- 1. Develop coin separating robot.
- 2. Develop robot using radio frequency sensors for material handling.
- 3. Develop robot for land mine detection.
- 4. Develop a robot for car washing.

c. Other Activities:

- 1. Seminar Topics: Recent developments in the industrial applications of robotics
- 2. Visits: Visit a robotic exhibition.
- 3. Case Study: Identify a robotic application in automobiles and present a case study
- 4. Download videos related to simple robotic applications in domestic and industrial purposes.
- 5. Self-learning topics:
 - Robotic component manufacturers
- M) Suggested Course Evaluation Matrix: The course teacher has to decide and use appropriate assessment strategy and its weightage in theory, laboratory and Term Work for ensuring CO attainment. The response/performance of each student in each of these designed activities is to be used to calculate CO attainment.

				Course Ev Mat			
	Theory Asses	ssment (TA)**	Term W	ork Assess	ment (TWA)	Lab Asses	sment (LA)#
COs	Progressiv eTheory Assessment (PTA)	End Theory Assessment (ETA)	Term	Work & Se Learning Assessme		Progressive Lab	End Laboratory
	Class/Mi		Assignment		Other	Assessment	Assessment
	dSem		S	Project	Activities	(PLA)	(ELA)
	Test			S	*		
CO-1	25%	23%	20%	10%	25%	10%	20%
CO-2	20 %	23%	20%	10%	25%	20%	20%
CO-3	15%	17%	20%	25%	25%	20%	20%
CO-4	20%	20%	20%	15%	25%	20%	20%
CO-5	20%	17%	20%	40%		30%	20%
Total	30	70	20	20	10	20	30
Mark s			1	50			

Legend:

*: Other Activities include self-learning, seminar, visits, surveys, product development, software development etc.

**: Mentioned under point- (N)

#: Mentioned under point-(O)

Note:

- The percentage given are approximate
- In case of Micro Projects and End Laboratory Assessment (ELA), the achieved marks will be equally divided in all those COs mapped with total experiments.
- For CO attainment calculation indirect assessment tools like course exit survey need to be used which comprises of questions related to achievement of each COs.
- N) Suggested Specification Table for End Semester Theory Assessment: Specification table represents thereflection of sample representation of assessment of cognitive domain of full course.

Unit Number and Title	Total Classroo	Relevant COs	Total Mark		ETA (Marks)	
	m Instructio n(CI) Hour	Number (s)	s	Remember (R)	Understandin g(U)	Applicatio n& above (A)
	S					
Unit-1.0 Robot Kinematics, Dynamics and Industrial Applications	12	CO2, CO3	16	6	5	5
Unit– 2.0 Robot Drives, Control and Material Handling	10	CO2, CO3	16	4	8	4

Total Marks	48		70	20	25	25
Environments						
Unit– 5.0 Applications in Non-manufacturing	8	CO5	12	4	4	4
Unit– 4.0 Robot Programming and Economics of Robotization	10	CO1, CO4, CO5	14	4	4	6
Unit– 3.0 Robot Cell Design and Application	8	CO3	12	2	4	6

Note: Similar table can also be used to design class/mid-term/ internal question paper for progressive assessment.

O) Suggested Assessment Table for Laboratory (Practical):

		Relevant			
S. No.	Laboratory Practical Titles	COs	Perfo	Viva	
		Number(s)	PRA *	PDA*	- Voc
			(%)	(%)	e (%)
1.	Identify different wireless sensor network in robotics viz. ZigBee, LoRa.	CO1, CO3	40	40	20
2.	Use different Radio Frequency (RF) Controlled Wireless Robots.	CO1, CO2	40	40	20
3.	Examine different voice operated robot with speaker identification technology.	CO1, CO3	40	40	20
4.	Design a computer-controlled pick and place robot (wireless)	CO1, CO4	40	40	20
5.	Design a Zigbee controlled Boat with wireless video and voice transmission.	CO2, CO3	40	40	20
6.	Design a PC controlled wireless Multipurpose robot for simple engineering applications.	CO3, CO4	40	40	20
7.	Design an unmanned arial photography system.	CO3, CO5	40	40	20
8.	Develop program for real time (online TPP) Palletizing and Depalletizing operations through robots.	CO5	40	40	20
9.	Develop TPP / Offline program for vision-based inspection forrobots.	CO4, CO5	40	40	20
10.	Program and simulate coordinated identification, inspection and part assembly for robots.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20
11.	Develop Obstacle avoidance robot Programming	CO1, CO5	40	40	20
12.	Program and simulate welding operation using robot simulation software.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20
13.	TPP / Offline program for drilling operation.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20
14.	Program to execute an industrial robot application using a given configuration.	CO1, CO5	40	40	20
15.	Analyse Direct Kinematics of 4-axis robot using availablesoftware.	CO2, CO3	40	40	20

Legend:

PRA*: Process Assessment

PDA**: Product Assessment

Note: This table can be used for both end semester as well as progressive assessment of practical. Rubrics need to be

prepared by the course teacher for each experiment/practical to assess the student performance.

P) Suggested Instructional/Implementation Strategies: Different Instructional/Implementation Strategies may be appropriately selected, as per the requirement of the content/outcome. Some of them are Improved Lecture, Tutorial, Case Method, Group Discussion, Industrial visits, Industrial Training, Portfolio Based Learning, Role Play, Live Demonstrations in Classrooms, Lab, Field, Information and Communications Technology (ICT) Based Teaching Learning, Blended or flipped mode, Brainstorming, Expert Sessions, Video Clippings, Use of Open Educational Resources(OER), MOOCs etc.

Q) List of Major Laboratory Equipment, Tools and Software:

S.No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment /Practical Number
1.	6 Axis Articulated Robot(Material Handling)- 1 No	 Articulated Type Controlled axis: 6-axes (J1, J2, J3, J4, J5, J6) Reach: 717 mm Installation Floor, Upside-down (Angle mount) Motion range (Maximum Speed) J1 Axis Rotation 7.85 rad/s J2 Axis Rotation 6.63 rad/s J3 Axis Rotation 9.08 rad/s J4 Axis Rotation 9.60 rad/s J5 Axis Rotation 9.51 rad/s J6 Axis Rotation 17.45ras/s Max. load capacity Wrist: 4Kg Allowable Load moment 16.6 N-m at wrist J4 Axis, J5Axis, J6 Axis Allowable Load inertia).47 kg-m² at wrist J4 Axis J5Axis, J6 Axis Repeatability: +/- 0.05mm Mass: 21 Kg Minimum Installation environment: Ambient temperature: 0 – 45°C Ambient humidity: Normally 75%RH or less. No dew,nor frost allowed. Vibration Acceleration: 4.9 m/s2 (0.5G or less) 	1, 2, 3, 12
2.	6 Axis Articulated Robot(General Purpose- Welding, Assembly, Drilling) - 1 No	Link 1: 300 mm Link 2: 300 mm Joint actuator: DC Stepper Motor Transmission: Timing Belt Drive Position feedback: Proximity Switch Gripper actuator: Pneumatic Weight of robot: 50 Kg. Accuracy: ±0.3 Repeatability: ±0.2Tip Velocity range: 500 mm / minPay load capacity: 2 kg (including griper) J1 - Waist: ±140°J2 - Shoulder: -100 -60°J3 - Elbow: -70 + 10°J4 - Wrist rotate: ±70°J5 - Wrist pitch: ±35°J6 - Wrist roll: ±180°External I/O8 Programmable digital inputs8 Programmable digitaloutputs	8, 9, 14
3.	A mounted vision system with software (Free open source Robot simulation software)	Integrity Serial Bus System, CAN to Build Intelligent Device Network, Open Hardware Platform, Arduino, to control Robot sub-Systems of motor-sensor, movable Omni Wheel of Omni-Directional, Actuator operation control by DC Encoder Motor, DC-Motor control and operation by Accelerometer, Gyro, Ultrasonic and PSD sensor, Androx Studio; brushless ILM 70×10 Robo Drive DC motor; sensor-actuator units of ARMAR-4; SD-25-160-2A-GR-BB	3, 4, 5, 11

S.No.	Name of Equipment, Tools and Software	Broad Specification s	Relevant Experiment /Practical Number
		Harmonic Drive reduction gear unit high gear ratio of 160: 1; structural parts (white) are made out of high-strength aluminum, Hollow shaft with strain gauges for torque sensing, motor's magnetic incremental encoder (AMS5306), digital buses (SPI or 12C); Motor interface PCB includes a 13-Bit temperature-to-digital converter with a temperature range from -40°C to 125°C (Analog Devices ADT7302)	
4.	6-axis Robotics Trainer	Programmable robotic arm with an interactive frontpanel. Software to demonstrates functioning of the trainer as well as allows a user to develop their own programs. NV330; 8 bit microcontroller to ARM processors; Record and Play capability; Optional interfacing with PLC; Touch operated ON/OFF Switch; Auto set to home position; Applications can be developed; Data acquisition using USB	3, 4, 5, 13
5.	E-Yantra Firebird kit	 Fire Bird V 2560 Robot Spark V Robot Fire Bird V P89V51RD2 adapter card Fire Bird V LPC2148 adapter card LSM303 3 axis digital accelerometer and 3 axes magnetometers L3G4200 3 axis digital gyroscope Gyroscope, accelerometer and GPS interfacing module for the robot GPS receiver Zigbee Modules 100m range Zigbee Modules Adapter Metal-gear Servo Motors Servo Motor Based Gripper kit for the Fire Bird Vrobot Sharp infrared range sensor (10cm to 500cm) Arduino Uno/Nano Hexapod 16 Programming Software (AVR studio, Keil, AVR Boot loader, Flash Magic) 	1, 3, 5, 6, 7, 10
6.	Robot simulator for Robotics	Educational networking licensed Robotic system with simulation software	2, 8, 10
7.	Assorted sensors	Optical encoders, Acoustic sensors ,IR, Potentiometer, RTD, Thermistor, strain gauge, piezoelectric, etc.	4
8.	Vision equipment	Camera, Imaging Components: Point, Line, Planar and Volume Sensors	1, 4, 10
9.	Raspberry Pi kit	1.2GHz quad-core Broadcom BCM2837 CPU with 1GB DDR2 RAM with in-built Wi-Fi & Bluetooth Video Core IV 3D graphics core 40 pin extended pins - with 27 GPIO pins Micro SD slot Multiple ports: Four USB ports, full sized HDMI, four pole stereo output and composite video port, CSI camera port and DSI display port 10/100 BaseT Ethernet Micro-USB, power source 5V, 2A	7, 9

R) Suggested Learning Resources:

(a) Books:

S. No.	Titles	Author(s	Publisher and Edition with ISBN
1.	Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control	John Craig	Pearson Education 978-9356062191
2.	Robotics and controls	Mittal R.K., Nagrath I.J.	Tata McGraw Hill Education Pvt. Ltd.;2017; 978 -0070482937
3.	Robotics and Image Processing: AnIntroduction	Janaki Raman. P. A	Tata McGraw Hill Publishing companyLtd., 1998; 978-0074621677
4.	Industrial Robotics - Technology,Programming and Applications	Nicholas Odrey, Mitchell Weiss, Mikell Groover Roger Nagel, AshishDutta	McGraw Hill Education; 2nd Edition;978 -1259006210
5.	Robotic Engineering: an integrated approach	Richard D. Klafter, Thomas A. Thomas A. Chmielewski, Michael Negin	Prentice Hall of India, N. Delhi, 2009;978-8120308428
6.	Industrial Robotics Technology,Programming and Applications	Mikell P. Groover, Mitchell Weiss,Roger N. Nagel, Nicholas G. Odrey	McGraw-Hill Education, SecondEdition, 978- 1259006210
7.	Robotics	Appuu Kuttan K. K.	Dreamtech Press, First Edition, 2020, 978-9389583281
8.	Introduction to Robotics: Analysis, Control, Applications	Saeed B. Niku	Wiley; Second Edition,978- 8126533121
9.	Essentials of Robotics Process Automation	S. Mukherjee	Khanna Publication, First Edition, 978-9386173751
10.	Robotics	R R Ghorpade, M M Bhoomkar	Nirali Prakashan 978-9388897020
11.	Mechatronics: Engineering Fundamentals	Allie Weaver	Murphy & Moore Publishing 2022 ISBN 9781649872758
12.	Elements of Robotics	Greg Scott	States Academic Press 2022 ISBN 9781649649261
13.	Robotics: Design, Construction and Applications	Allie Weaver	Willford Press 2022 ISBN 9781682860944
14.	Modern Robotics: Mechanics, Systems and Control	Julian Evans	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728515
15.	Introduction to Mechatronics	Randy Dodd	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728493
16.	Introduction to Robotics	Julian Evans	Larsen and Keller Education 2022 ISBN 9781641728503

(b) Online Educational Resources:

- 1. https://web.iitd.ac.in/~saha/ethiopia/appln.pdf
- **2.** https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112105249
- **3.** https://www.robotsscience.com/industrial/industrial-robots-types-applications-benefits-and-future/
- **4.** https://www.marian.ac.in/public/images/uploads/pdf/online-class/MODULE-6%20ROBOTICS%20INDL_APPLNS-converted.pdf
- **5.** https://forcedesign.biz/blog/5-common-industrial-robot-applications
- **6.** https://www.hitechnectar.com/blogs/top-industrial-robotics-applications-role-of-robots-in-manufacturing/
- 7. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Industrial_robot

- **8.** https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fH4VwTgfyrQ
- **9.** https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=aW BM S0z4k
- **10.** https://www.automate.org/industry-insights/smarter-robot-grasping-with-sensors-software-the-cloud
- 11. https://robots.ieee.org/robots/?t=all
- 12. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=fc_Cynqr6jM

Note: Teach

Teachers are requested to check the creative commons license status/ financial implications of the suggested OER, before use by the students.

(c) Others:

1. Learning Packages:

- https://www.edx.org/learn/robotics
- https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=robotics
- https://www.udemy.com/topic/robotics/
- https://library.e.abb.com/public/9a0dacfdec8aa03dc12578ca003bfd2a/Learn%20with%20ABB. %20Robotic%20package%20for%20education.pdf

2. Users' Guide:

- https://roboindia.com/store/DIY-do-it-your-self-educational-kits-robotics-embedded-systemelectronics
- https://www.robomart.com/diy-robotic-kits
- https://www.scientechworld.com/robotics

3. Lab Manuals:

- http://www-cvr.ai.uiuc.edu/Teaching/ece470/docs/ROS_LabManual.pdf
- https://www.jnec.org/labmanuals/mech/be/sem1/Final%20Year%20B.Tech-ROBOTICS%20LAB%20%20MANUAL.pdf

S) Course Curriculum Development Team (NITTTR, Bhopal)

- Dr. Nishith Dubey (Coordinator)
- Prof. (Mrs.) Susan S. Mathew (Co-Coordinator)
- Dr. Sharad Pradhan

TEXTILE CHEMISTRY LAB – II

	Practical			No of Period in one	Credits		
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	50	
2028606	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	15	02
	_	_	04	External (ESE)	:	35	

Rationale: Diploma holder technicians in Textile Engineering is very frequently require to dye natural and manmade fibre, print the fabric for their proper use. The course is introduced to develop the skill to dye natural and manmade fibre, print the cotton fabric for better understanding of the subject.

Objective: Able to develop skill to :-

- Dye cotton with vat, Azoic and Reactive dyes.
- Dye polyester and polyamide with Disperse dye.
- Print the cotton fabric by different styles.

		Contents (Practical)	Hrs			
UNIT-1	DYEIN	<u>G</u> :	[42]			
	01.01 Dyeing of five shade with vat colour on cotton. (0.5%, 0.8% 1.0%, 1.2%, 1.5%)					
		using all three methods (IN, IW, IK).				
	01.02	Dyeing of three shade with solubalised vat colour (0.5%, 1.5%, 2%).	(03)			
	01.03	Dyeing of two shade of cotton with Aniline black (0.8%, 1.2%).	(03)			
	01.04	Dyeing of cotton with Azoic dyes (4 samples of different shades	(06)			
		0.5%, 0.8%, 1.2%, 1.5%).				
	01.05	Dyeing of cotton with Reactive dyes	(03)			
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.5%, 0.8%, 1.2%, 1.5%).				
	01.06	Dyeing of Polyster fibre with Disperse dyes	(06)			
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.8%, 1%, 1.2%, 1.5%).				
	01.07	Dyeing of Polyamide fibre with Disperse dyes	(03)			
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.5%, 0.8%, 1.2%, 1.5%).				
	01.08	Dyeing of Polyamide fibre with Acid dyes	(03)			
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.8%, 1.0%, 1.2%, 1.5%).				
	01.09	Dyeing of Acetate rayon with Disperse dyes	(03)			
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.5%, 1.2%, 1.5%, 1.8%).				
	01.10	To study the effect of Time, temperature, concentration of	(03)			
		chemicals, exhaustion etc. during dyeing.				
	01.11	Dyeing of blended fabrics and garments.	(03)			
NIT-2	PRINT	ING:	[12]			
	02.01	To study about different styles of printing (Direct, Resist and Discharge style).	(06)			
	02.02	To study about Pigment printing.	(03)			
	02.03	To study about Rotary Screen Printing.	(03)			
NIT-3	IDENTIFICATION:					
	03.01	To identify the different dye stuff.	(04)			
	03.02	To identify the different dyed goods.	(02)			
	1	Total	60			

TEXTILE TESTING LAB – II

		No of Period in one	Credits				
Subject Code	No. of Periods Per Week		Full Marks	:	50	2	
2028608A	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	20	
	_		04	External (ESE)	:	30	

Rationale:

Diploma holder technicians in Textile Engineering is very frequently require to test the sample for these properties and purposes.

The course is introduced to develop the skill to yarn testing, fabric testing and evenness testing for better understanding of the subject.

Objective:

Able to develop skill to :-

- Yarn testing for single yarn strength, ply yarn's structure, abrasion on yarn strength, work of rupture, crimp in the yarn.
- Fabric testing for bursting strength, abrasion strength, tearing strength, crease recovery, percentage shrinkage.
- Everness Testing of yarn & roving.

		Contents (Practical)	Hrs		
UNIT-1	YARN TESTING:				
	01.01	01.01 Determination of strength of single yarn by using single thread strength tester.			
	01.02	Determination of Bundle strength of yarn using Lea Tester.			
	01.03	Determination of ply yarn's structure.			
	01.04	Determination of the influence of abrasion on yarn strength.			
	01.05	Determination of work of rupture using Ballestic tester.			
	01.06	Determination of crimp by using crimp tester.			
	01.07	Determination of tenacity work of rupture and strain & stress curke of cotton yarns inclined plane tester.			
UNIT-2	FABRI	C TESTING:	[31]		
	02.01	Determination of the bursting strength of fabric.			
	02.02	Determination of Abrasion Resistance of fabric.			
	02.03	Determination of the fabric tearing strength by single tongue, double tongue Trapezoid, Nail, snage method.			
	02.04	Determination of the crease recovery of snage method.			
	02.05	Determination of the percentage shrinking of the given bleached cloth.			
	02.06	Determination of draping Duality of fabric.			
	02.07	Determination of colour fastness to Rubbing using crock mates.			
	02.08	Determination of the wettability of fabric using spray Testes.			
UNIT-3	EVERN	IESS TESTING:	[10]		
	03.01	Determination of Visual examination of yarn for everness and gradings.			
	03.02	Determination of the yarn and roving everness by using fielden walker everness tester.			
		Total			

TEXTILE CHEMISTRY LAB – II (TW)

	Term Work			No of Period in one session: 30			Credits
Subject Code	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	25	
2028609	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	07	01
			02	External (ESE)	:	18	

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		Contents (Term Work)					
UNIT-1	<u>DYEING</u> :						
	01.01	Dyeing of five shade with vat colour on cotton. (0.5%, 0.8% 1.0%, 1.2%, 1.5%) using all three					
		methods (IN, IW, IK).					
	01.02	Dyeing of three shade with solubilised vat colour (0.5%, 1.5%, 2%).					
	01.03	Dyeing of two shade of cotton with Aniline black (0.8%, 1.2%).					
	01.04	Dyeing of cotton with Azoic dyes (4 samples of different shades					
		0.5%, 0.8%, 1.2%, 1.5%).					
	01.05	Dyeing of cotton with Reactive dyes					
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.5%, 0.8%, 1.2%, 1.5%).					
	01.06	Dyeing of Polyester fibre with Disperse dyes					
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.8%, 1%, 1.2%, 1.5%).					
	01.07	Dyeing of Polyamide fibre with Disperse dyes					
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.5%, 0.8%, 1.2%, 1.5%).					
	01.08	Dyeing of Polyamide fibre with Acid dyes					
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.8%, 1.0%, 1.2%, 1.5%).					
	01.09	Dyeing of Acetate rayon with Disperse dyes					
		(4 Sample of different shade 0.5%, 1.2%, 1.5%, 1.8%).					
	01.10	To study the effect of Time, temperature, concentration of chemicals, exhaustion etc. during					
		dyeing.					
	01.11	Dyeing of blended fabrics and garments.					
UNIT-2	PRINT	<u>ING</u> :					
	02.01	To study about different styles of printing (Direct, Resist and Discharge style).					
	02.02	To study about Pigment printing.					
	02.03	To study about Rotary Screen Printing.					
UNIT-3	IDENT	TIFICATION:					
	03.01	To identify the different dye stuff.					
	03.02	To identify the different dyed goods.					
	00.02						

	Term Work			No of Period in one session: 60			Credits
Subject Code	No.	No. of Periods Per Week		Full Marks	:	25	
2028610	L	T	P/S	Internal (PA)	:	07	02
	_		04	External (ESE)	:	18	

	Contents (Term Work)					
UNIT-1	YARN TESTING:					
	01.01	Determination of strength of single yarn by using single thread strength tester.				
	01.02	Determination of Bundle strength of yarn using Lea Tester.				
	01.03	Determination of ply yarn's structure.				
	01.04	Determination of the influence of abrasion on yarn strength.				
	01.05	Determination of work of rupture using Ballistic tester.				
	01.06	Determination of crimp by using crimp tester.				
	01.07	Determination of tenacity work of rupture and strain & stress curve of cotton				
		yarns inclined plane tester.				
UNIT-2	FABRIC TESTING:					
	02.01	Determination of the bursting strength of fabric.				
	02.02	Determination of Abrasion Resistance of fabric.				
	02.03	Determination of the fabric tearing strength by single tongue, double tongue				
	Trapezoid, Nail, snage method.					
	02.04	Determination of the crease recovery of snage method.				
	02.05	Determination of the percentage shrinking of the given bleached cloth.				
	02.06	Determination of draping Duality of fabric.				
	02.07	Determination of colour fastness to Rubbing using crock mates.				
	02.08	Determination of the wettability of fabric using spray Testes.				
UNIT-3	EVERNESS TESTING:					
	03.01	Determination of Visual examination of yarn for everness and gradings.				
	03.02	Determination of the yarn and roving everness by using fielden walker everness tester.				

Course Under Moocs /NPTEL/ Others TW

	Practical			No of Period in one session:			Credits
Subject Code	No.	No. of Periods Per Week			:	50	
9	L	T	P/S				01
2028611	_	_	02	Internal (PA)	:	20	01
				External (ESE)	:	30	

PROJECT WORK AND ITS PRESENTATION IN SEMINAR-TW

Subject Code	Term Work			No of Period in one session :			Credits
2028612	No.	of Periods Per V	Veek	Full Marks	:	50	
2020012	L	T	P/S		:		,
	_	_	4	Internal (PA)	:	15	<u> </u>
				External (ESE)	:	35	

Rationale: The Project work and its presentation in seminar is an important subject for a diploma holder technician in Textile Engineering. The course is designed to help a student to develop confidence, skill in report writing, skill to analyse, deciding a process etc. The course will also help in developing communication skill, and skill of quality documentation.

Objective: A student will be able to:-

- Identify a Problem.
- Analyse the Problem.
- Develop logical approach to solution of a Problem.
- Design of a product.
- Manufacture the product in Textile Mill or Workshop.
- Test the product for its Quality.
- Prepare a project report (Computer printed / typed)
- Present in the form of Seminar.

	Contents (Term Work)	Hrs
UNIT-1	Blending Polyester with cotton at different blending ratio.	[]
UNIT-2	Blending Polyester with viscose at different blending ratio.	[]
UNIT-3	Blending Silk with cotton at different blending ratio.	[]
UNIT-4	Silk Waste is processed in cotton system.	[]
UNIT-5	Modern Textile Design.	[]
UNIT-6	Problems related to Quality Control.	[]
UNIT-7	Problems related to Weaving Section.	[]
UNIT-8	Regarding Automatic looms.	[]
UNIT-9	Regarding fabric defects.	[]
UNIT-10	Other Similar Problems.	[]
	Total	

REPORT WRITING:-

A report must include

Contents (Term Work)		Hrs
UNIT-1	Introduction.	[]
UNIT-2	Blends.	[]
UNIT-3	Fibre Selection.	[]
UNIT-4	Selection of Blends.	[]
UNIT-5	Spinning Process.	[]
UNIT-6	Experimental Work.	[]

UNIT-7	Own Experience.	[]
UNIT-8	Results and Discussion.	[]
UNIT-9	Scope for further Work.	[]
	Total	

OR

The Project Report should consist of:-

Contents (Term Work)		Hrs
UNIT-1	Introduction.	[]
UNIT-2	Problem statement.	[]
UNIT-3	Background.	[]
UNIT-4	Organisational set –up.	[]
UNIT-5	Plant Layout.	[]
UNIT-6	Reasons for Selecting a problem.	[]
UNIT-7	Analysis of Problem.	[]
UNIT-8	Best solution possible.	[]
UNIT-9	Any other.	[]
	Total	

Project Work/Project Report should be presented in the form of a Seminar for developing confidence and communication Skill among the students.

NOTE:-

Project work will be allotted to the students just in the beginning of the session. Each student will be give a separate work under the supervision of a teacher. Total number of students may be divided among the number of teachers available. The teacher concerned will select separate problem for each student under him and allot it to him at the beginning of the session. The work allotted should be completed within scheduled time. i.e. by the end of the session. Problems selected should preferably conform to the syllabus. If it is outside of the syllabus then it must be within the field of Textile Engineering.